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# CHEMIST & DRUGGIST

112th year of publication Vol. 195 No. 4752

The newsweekly for pharmacy

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Insulin was first available for therapy 50 years ago. Much has happened in that time (see page 391)

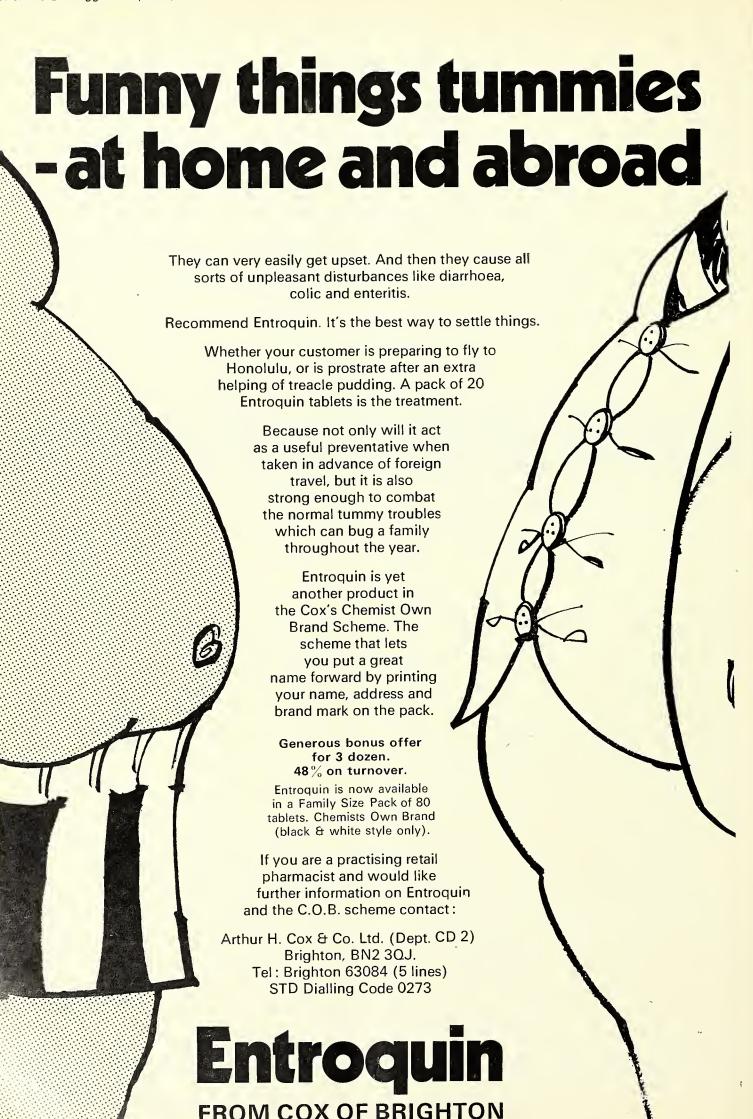


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# Cost-related charge: move by contractors

The Government's proposals for cost-related prescription charges—"leaked" to the Press during the past week—have been firmly rejected by the Central NHS (Chemist Contractors) Committee.

The committee gave full consideration to the proposals at its meeting on March 23, and this Monday the secretary, Mr J. Wright wrote to the Department saying they were unacceptable. "Indeed," the letter goes on "the details you gave serve to underline the soundness of the decision taken by the conference of representatives of Local Pharmaceutical Committees."

This decision was that contractors would "have no part" in operating any cost-related scheme

According to the "leaks", chemists would have to charge National Health Service patients up to half the cost of prescriptions.

The proposals have been circulated confidentially to the Pharmaceutical Society, the Central NHS (Chemist Contractors) Committee, the equivalent Scottish organisations, and the British Medical Association for comment, but Mr Geoffrey Rhodes, member of Parliament for Newcastle East, was able to give an outline of their content—apparently derived from pharmaceutical sources—to the Press within days of their issue.

It is believed that the Government proposes to provide chemists with a chart giving quick access to the costrelated charge. The chart would divide drugs into about 15 categories according to cost and state a predetermined charge for the quantity prescribed. The charges would range, in 5p steps, from 20p up to a maximum of 50p.

The Pharmaceutical Society's Council is expected to discuss the proposals at next week's meeting, but the Society's opposition to cost-related charges is already on record.

#### Debate on the new charges?

Opposition leaders, headed by Mr Harold Wilson, have tabled a Parliamentary prayer calling for the annulment of the NHS (Charges) Regulations 1971 which bring in the Govern-

ment's new 20p prescription charges.

A similar prayer has been tabled in respect of Scotland. No date was fixed for the debate at the time of going to press.

# NHS drugs exempt from VAT?

"Small traders" would be exempted from the value added tax with which the Government proposes to replace purchase and selective employment taxes in 1973, the Chancellor of the Exchequer said in his budget statement on Tuesday.

The Green Paper issued on Wednesday (Cmnd 4621) gives no specific guidance as to the proposed rate (or rates) of the levy—although some of the wording suggests that a multirate tax has not been ruled out as a possibility.

On the matter of exemption the Green Paper states: "Doctors could be exempted, and arrangements could be made to relieve from tax services and drugs provided by the NHS."

Such exemption was forecast in the *C&D* article "Value added tax concerns you *now*" which appeared on October 31, 1970 (p 624). That article explained the workings of a VAT and examined some of its implications.

The Green Paper is designed to provide a basis for consultations on VAT with trade and professional associations.

Mr Barber regretted that SET could not be abolished this year, but the rates are to be cut by half on July 5, bringing the rates to £1.20 for men, £0.60 for women and boys and £0.40 for girls.

There is no change in purchase tax, but the Chancellor is retaining the power to use the "regulator." Reform of corporation tax is proposed, and the rate is to be reduced from  $42\frac{1}{2}$  to 40 per cent in respect of the financial year 1970.



Professor A. D. M. Greenfield, Dean of the Faculty of Medicine and professor of physiology at Nottingham University, points out on a model features of a new medical centre to be constructed adjacent to the present University campus. The Medical School, the first to be established in Britain this century, is to have a chair of clinical therapeutics established with a £100,000 endowment from Boots Pure Drug Co Ltd

## Spotlight on diabetes

An exhibition "Who cares about diabetes?" is being opened at Waterloo Station, London, on April 13, under the auspices of the British Diabetic Association. The exhibition, provided by Hoechst Pharmaceuticals Ltd, is designed to show what diabetes is, who gets it, and how they are treated.

Ames, a division of Miles Laboratories Ltd, will be arranging for the exhibition to travel throughout Britain during the summer.

# Chemist's sign controversy

Why was a pharmacist refused planning permission to put a small, lit, sign advertising films outside his shop at Audlem, Ches, when other nearby business-premises had signs?

That was the question people in the village were asking. Nantwich rural district council were told

Environment secretary Mr Peter Walker refused a sign because the shop was in a preservation area. After his decision the council were advised by their planning committee to survey all lit-signs on business premises in central Audlem.

But the council rejected the advice after hearing that a survey would cause "ill feeling" in the village.

# Patent appeal ruling made

Mr Justice Whitford of the Patents Appeal Tribunal has upheld the decision of the Comptroller of Patents in granting a compulsory licence to DDSA Pharmaceuticals Ltd for the importation and use of quinazoline as an intermediate in the manufacture of chlordiazepoxide and in so doing dismissed the appeal of Messrs F. Hoffmann-La Roche.

DDSA Pharmaceuticals already have a compulsory licence to import and/or manufacture chlordiazepoxide. They have synthesised both quinazoline and chlordiazepoxide in their new Battersea factory and say they intend to continually up-scale production as circumstances demand.

# Pharmacy ban on amphetamines in central London?

One of the largest Executive Councils in the country, the Inner London, is joining in the campaign to banish amphetamines from pharmacies.

Following the local medical committee's recommendation that all London doctors should impose a voluntary ban on the prescribing of these drugs, the London Pharmaceutical Committee decided to ask pharmacists in inner London to cease holding stocks of them.

The Executive Council, whose support was sought, decided on March 25 to write personally to each pharmacist on its pharmaceutical list, strongly urging co-operation in its campaign against improper use of amphetamine preparations by not stocking them.

# IPM conference subjects

More details of the annual conference of the Institute of Pharmacy Management (C&D, January 2, p 9) to be held at the Abbey Hotel, Great Malvern, Worcs, May 16-17, have been released.

The speakers will include Mr S. Durham on "Retail pharmacy in a free enterprise society"; Mr J. Hanson on "The development of pharmacy in Pakistan"; Mr R. L. Allison on "Some aspects of NHS remuneration"; Mr R. S. Summers and Dr T. G. Booth on "Pharmacy problems in South Africa," and Mr D. H. Maddock on the "Impact of health centres on pharmacy."

Conference fee for members of the Institute and their families including accommodation and meals is £8.50 and should be sent to the Institute at 27 Park View, Hatch End, Pinner, Middlesex, HA5 4LL.

## Poisoning accidents

Nearly 44 per cent of fatal poisonings in accidents are caused by wrong or careless use of medicines and other substances found around the home, according to the Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents who launched a campaign on household poisons on Tuesday.

The campaign has the theme "Your home is dangerous" and is directed to parents to clear out old medicine cupboards.

## Narcotics figures for 1969

World production of opium in 1969 rose to 1,219 tons, a figure that has been exceeded only once since the end of the 1939-45 war. Despite increased requirements for morphine manufacture the crop was sufficient to meet opium requirements for the first time in five years.

That information is included in "Statistics on Narcotic Drugs for 1969" published by the International Narcotics Control Board, which also states that despite the increase in production the earlier heavy depletion of stocks could not be reconstituted and at the year-end stocks, at 962 tons, amounted to less than a year's requirements.

Morphine manufacture reached a new maximum of 163 tons, most of which was converted into other drugs, mainly codeine.

The trend towards decreased world consumption of cocaine became more marked during the year with a decrease of 32 per cent on 1968 to 714 kg. The manufacture of cocaine, however, rose from 1,039 kg in 1968 to 1,216 kg.

Coca leaf production reported was the highest figure since the war at 14,603 tons. It is pointed out, however, that an increase in known production may represent a closer approximation to real production rather than a genuine increase.

Pethidine consumption (15,167 kg) was 11 per cent lower than in 1968 owing to a sizeable decrease in the United States.

Sharp increases in methadone production (678 kg) and consumption (451 kg) are also attributed to increases registered in the United States. The production figure is the highest since the drug was placed under international control.

In connection with the increased consumption, the Board point out that methadone is increasingly being used in the treatment of addiction due to abuse of opiates.

# Drug store bankruptcy

Mauriee Robert Sweeten, formerly trading as John Walker at 28 Queenstown Road, London SW8, drug store proprietor, appeared for public examination at London bank-ruptcy court recently.

His statement of affairs disclosed debts of £6,702 and "uncertain" assets,

Questioned by the official receiver, he said he acquired the business in 1968. Redevelopment work started in the vicinity later that year and he began to experience difficulty in meeting suppliers' accounts.

Execution was levied on his stock early in 1970 and he ceased trading.



The British team that competed in the recent world bobsleigh championships, although returning empty handed, apparently derived comfort from the knocks and bumps received by means of a specially-ordered supply of Radox — their allegiance to the product is indicated in the photograph above

# Veterinary group survey

A survey of the membership of the Veterinary Pharmacy Group of the Pharmaceutical Society is being carried out.

The survey is to ascertain the type and scope of members' businesses and should give some guide as to the proportion of members' businesses devoted to agriculture and veterinary pharmacy.

The Agricultural and Veterinary Practices Subcommittee has recently considered correspondence from the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food about the sale and use of the chemical alpha-chloralose in stupefying bait against certain species of birds.

Farmers may be licensed to use a bait consisting of tic beans coated with alphachloralose, a poinson listed in Schedule 4B of the Poisons (No 2) Rules 1968. An important condition of the licence is, however, that the bait is supplied to the licence holder already prepared for use.

It would appear that some farmers have made approaches to pharmacists for supplies of alpha-chloralose as a chemical so that they may prepare their own bait. Although a pharmacist could properly supply this substance to a farmer under Section 20(5)(a) of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933, any such supply would be an offence under the Protection of Birds Acts 1954/1967.

A pharmacist may, however, prepare his own stupefying bait for sale to licence holders provided he notifies the Ministry under the Pesticides Safety Precautions Scheme of its formulation and other aspects.

Members of the Group who have received requests for the stupefying bait and who wish to prepare it themselves are advised to write to 17 Bloomsbury Square for full information on the preparation and use of the bait.

# Doubts about training

Serious misgivings about the work of the Distributive Industry Training Board were expressed at a recent meeting of the Retail Alliance.

A reappraisal of the Board's activities was called for, and, in particular, it was agreed to resist any proposal for an inincrease in levy.

# COMPANY NEWS

## Astra earns less in 1970

The fall to an expected level of between US \$8:1m and \$8:3m in the Group earnings of the Swedish Astra group is attributed in a preliminary report for 1970 to weak expansion of the Swedish drug market, to the "negative effects of the change-over to 'single-channel distribution' by the wholesale drug trade" and to the consequences of the cyclamate withdrawal.

In 1969 earnings were \$9m from sales of \$114m. Sales in 1970 at \$122m were up but should have risen by 10 per cent or drug prices by 2 per cent to have kept pace with higher overhead costs.

Pharmaceutical sales developed more favourably in overseas markets than in Sweden. The division (excluding the Distra wholesaling company) registered an 8 per cent gain in sales but Distra was down 23 per cent.

# Crude drug merchants merge

John Ronaldson & Co Ltd are to acquire the business of Mr A. D. Frischmann, trading as H. Frischmann, 16 North End Road, London NW 11, on April 5.

Ronaldson are to establish a new department at their offices at 454 Grand Buildings, London WC 2, which will be under the day-to-day management of Mr Frischmann, who since 1925 has been sole proprietor of the firm H. Frischmann. The business was founded by Mr Frischmann's father in 1893 as import and export merchants dealing in "Mincing Lane" produce including crude drugs and spices.

# Rockware Group profits dip

The turnover of Rockware Group Ltd for the 53 weeks ended January 3 was £29·15m (against £26·44m in the previous year). Group profit before tax fell to £720,000 (from £1,082,000). Glass contributed £27·31m turnover and £1·48m profit before tax, and plastics £1·45m turnover, £18.000 profit.



A new "Salesman of the Year" cup was presented to Mr Les Lewis at Inecto's annual sales conference held in their Birmingham Centre recently. The cup was presented by sales manager, Brian Quinlan (right), and held inside it £5 as a present for Mrs Lewis, too. Mr Lewis is area representative for Inecto in the West Riding of Yorkshire, Lincolnshire, Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire

# Fisons better trading results

The trading profit of the pharmaceutical division of Fisons Ltd rose to £2,430,000 in 1970 (from £2,181,000 in 1969). This was on sales of £14:89m (against £12:26m). Fison's total turnover for the year was £110:06m (£97:15m) and trading profit, £6:30m (£5:59m). Profit before tax rose to £5:54m (from £4:75m). The dividend, which is for the 18-month period to December 31, 1970, is 15\frac{3}{4} per cent, maintaining the previous annual rate of  $10\frac{1}{2}$  per cent.

# Dawson & Barfos made loss

Dawson and Barfos Ltd say that although the audit is not yet complete, it is now evident that their engineering division made a substantial loss for 1970.

While profits of the essences division are likely to be better than for 1969, these will be exceeded by the engineering losses by a "considerable margin."

## Jeyes results below forecast

Commenting on the results of Jeyes Group Ltd for 1970 (see C&D, March 20, p 318) the chairman, Mr S. N. Steen, says they are below expectations. Reduced profitability was mainly

due to a shortfall in contribution from UK retail marketing operations, where widespread increases in costs were unusually high.

In the year, selling prices were raised three times but they had not effectively caught up on increased operating costs. All other group companies achieved their profit targets.

# Smith & Nephew product sales

Group sales of medical and pharmaceutical products of Smith & Nephew Associated Companies Ltd accounted for 37.8 per cent of the total in 1970. The United Kingdom took 18.4 per cent, export 6.9 per cent and overseas 12.5 pcr cent. Cosmetics and toiletrics accounted for 11.8 per cent.

# Major changes at A & W

Major changes are announced by Oldbury division, Albright & Wilson Ltd. The marketing department is to be transferred from its Knightsbridge, London, offices to the division's headquarters and principal factory location at Oldbury, Birmingham, early in the second half of this year. The area offices in England and Wales, but not that in Scotland, are being closed.

The group head office will move from its present London offices, which are also in Knightsbridge, into those vacated by Oldbury division marketing department as soon as the divisional move has taken place.

## Zurich cosmetics conference

Leading representatives of major international cosmetics companies and their distributors will meet in Zurich, Switzerland, in May to discuss current trends in the industry, particularly marketing problems and consumer relations.

Organised by the Gottlieb Duttweiler Institute for Economic and Social Studies at Ruschlikon-Zurich, May 25-27, the conference will present speakers from Britain, France, USA, Switzerland and Germany.

"Marketing a dream" will be the title of the opening address by the conference chairman, Professor Gustav Hopf of Hamburg. Dctails from Mr H. Bohrer, Museum House, Museum Street, London WC 1.

#### In brief

Bydand Ltd: It has not proved possible to obtain all the necessary approvals to the disposal of the company's equity interest in the Goldsmith Leather Co, Inc and the conditional contract has lapsed. Bydand reaffirm their intention to concentrate on the further development of hospital supply business.

Syntex Pharmaceuticals Ltd at the end of their accounting month on March 25 had, for the first time since starting up in June, 1966. sales of Syntex products of over £100,000 for a month.

Rentokil Group Ltd forecasts for the current year are "promising", says the chairman, Mr P. L. Burgin. There is considerable opportunity for further development in all major markets abroad, he declared.

Wilkinson Sword Ltd had a consolidated profit of £1,798.213 from operations during 1970. before charging tax and before deducting the interest. A final dividend of 10 per cent, makes 15 per cent (same in 1969) is recommended.

Searle of Mexico is reported to have requested authorisation to erect plant for the production of hormones in the State of Mexico at an initial cost of 13 million pesos. The company already operates another plant at Naucalpán.

# PEOPLE

Lord Jacques has been appointed president of the Retail Trades Education Council in succession to Mr David Smith, whose three-year term of office has expired.

Lord Jacques is a former chairman of the Co-operative Union and has a distinguished record of service in the Co-operative movement.

Mr T. G. Bramley, MPS, of Bodmin, Cornwall, a former mayor of the borough, has been honoured by having a street named after him—thus following in the tradition of two previous pharmacists.

Mr James V. McKeever, MPSI, who qualified in 1918, has retired from practice and has closed his pharmacy at 20 Clare Street, Dublin.



Correna International Ltd: Mr Ronald Garner is now responsible for sales development in South East England, East Anglia and the West Country.

Yardley: Mr William D. Hunt has been appointed president and chief executive officer of Yardley of London Inc, USA. Mr Hunt, most recently senior vice-president and a director of the Noxell Corporation, will assume his duties in late April.

Thomas Kerfoot & Co Ltd have appointed Mr H. Burlinson, FPS, to the board. His position as chief pharmacist will be taken by Dr J. B. Kay. Mr Burlinson has been with the company for over 35 years.

Hopkin & Williams Ltd (part of the Baird & Tatlock group) have appointed Dr C. Bayley, BSc, PhD, ARCS, to a newly-created position of marketing manager.

Izal Ltd have appointed Mr John Mycroft their general sales manager. He succeeds Mr Freddic Hope who recently became sales and marketing director, Izal Ltd.

Kimberly-Clark Ltd have promoted Nick Hodges, 31, to regional sales manager, Northern region (he was previously an area sales manager, Midland region). Mike Barrett, 34, previously regional sales manager, Northern region. has been appointed national accounts manager.



Sterling-Winthrop Research and Development, a division of Sterling-Winthrop Group Ltd, have appointed Mr Andrew Robertson (above) an associate director. He joined Winthrop Laboratories at Newcastle upon Tyne in 1957 and has been involved in analytical research and biochemical and chemical research. In January 1970 he was awarded the Sterling-Winthrop "order of merit" for his efforts in the field of medicines.



No retail pharmacy in Hertfordshire now stocks amphetamines. The county's pharmacists and doctors, through the Executive Council, are following others in declaring a voluntary ban on prescribing the drugs.

☐ The postponed postgraduate conference of the Chiltern Region of the Pharmaceutical Society which was to have been held in Oxford on March 7 is now expected to take place on a Sunday in June.

☐ The practical implications of the Equal Pay Act are the subject of a free booklet published by the Department of Employment. Copies of the booklet are being sent to employers, trade unions and employers' associations during the next few days. They are also available on request at local offices of the Department. The booklet gives general guidance, with examples, to employees and employers about their rights and obligations under the new

Output of pharmaceuticals in the United Kingdom during the first nine months of 1970 compared with a year earlier rose by 9 per cent.

# THE XRAYSER COLUMN

## Prescription charges

At the time of writing, with two days to go before the imposition—the *mot juste*, I think—of the new scales of prescription charges, I have no forms, leaflets or display material to intimate to the public that things are not what they were. Why? It seems to be cutting things fine. Or are we to be left to face the day with no official support of any kind?

In the absence—or even the presence—of an official card, it is not going to be an easy matter to convince postmen, engineers and power workers that increased charges of from 60 to 300 per cent are not a little above the norm. Even the housewife may find it difficult to reconcile such things with keeping the prices down.

#### Yawning gulf

The president of the Pharmaceutical Society (Mr W. M. Darling) was justified in raising, at a recent meeting in London, the matter of a gulf between the pharmacist and the pharmaceutical industry. It has been obvious for many years now that the pharmacist, in the eyes of the industry, is little more than the industrious mechanic.

At one time he was to be wooed assiduously, but the coming of the Health Service made it clear that the agency to "sell" the products was no longer pharmaceutical.

The worthy Dr Marley mentioned only the other day that in the days when he prescribed the bicarbonate of soda, the tincture of rhus, the belladonna, the gentian, the wintergreen, and other such medicinal and pharmaceutical curiosities, he lunched and dined at home. But, he told me, there has been an ever-increasing appreciation of his social qualities and, on some pretext or another, he is constantly receiving lunch and dinner invitations from the drug houses.

Until I told him otherwise, he was of the opinion that I, as a pharmacist, must be equally popular. But, Mr Darling points out, the difficulty is that the manufacturer of medicines to be supplied only on prescription tends to look upon the prescriber as his customer. Up to a point that is true, but it overlooks the fact that that particular "customer" is not spending his own money.

I think it not unlikely that the increased levy, with the threat of cost-related charges at a later date, will lead to a proliferation of what used to be stigmatised as "blunderbuss therapy," with a new assault on the medical citadel.

#### Bygone days

"Market News" tells us that trading is depressed in all centres. But the information produced in me a feeling of nostalgia rather than depression, for it provided something of a revision course in what we called materia medica.

Benzoin brought back memories of the preparation of compound tincture of benzoin and the tricky operation of getting the styrax into the alcohol without becoming, in the process, something of a human flypaper. Ginger reminded me of Dr Gregory and his powder; nutmeg of tinct valerian co, fennel of compound liquorice powder, and cardamom, coriander, and cinnamon of an elegant carminative nicely coloured with cochineal.

But what are some of the strange words and symbols? What is spot high testing? Fob, I know—it is not long since I went over to a wristwatch. But what is a long ton? And how long is it? And is a nominal long ton shorter or longer? There is so much to learn that I must book a trip with your markets editor to Paraguay, to Mysore, or to where the flying fishes play.



# LANCASHIRE HOTPOT

We've been cooking up something good for you in our Lancashire test market. Shield, a new anti-perspirant deodorant. For men and women.

Hot? Yes. After just a few months, Shield is already a top seller. Now Shield goes national. Big TV campaign starts April 26th. Then Shield will be your biggest-selling deodorant.

# HEALTH CENTRES AND PHARMACY

## 2. Planning for the future

by D. Hopkin Maddock, MPharm, MPS. This week the author considers ways in which pharmacy can combat the encroachments of the health centres.

One of the more surprising features of all the dissertations on a planned pharmaceutical service, including the report on "Pharmacies in areas of low population density," has been the lack of statistics used to substantiate the argument.

In order to assess the influence of health centres upon the future pharmaceutical services in the community, it was decided, for the purposes of the present survey, first to establish current trends.

It was soon found that in the years after the inception of the National Health Service in 1948, a peak in the number of registered premises was reached in 1954. Since then, there has been a progressive decrease in numbers, rapidly accelerating in recent years.

There are 15 areas with a resident population of over a million patients; eight of these areas, including the two with the largest number of patients, have a below-average patient per pharmacy ratio. This in spite of the fact that they have also suffered the largest number of pharmacy closures over the last ten years.

One of the major reasons for establishing a national health service was to increase the availability of health services to the whole population. It is obvious from my research that pharmaceutical services are being provided in an extremely haphazard manner. The survey has shown that 443 health centres have a minimum of 1,393 pharmacies in their orbit. An example of the effect of health centres upon pharmacy and the community is clearly illustrated by events in the Butetown area of Cardiff.

All the doctor's surgeries in the area have now closed, all medical services being located at the health centre opened in July 1966, to serve approximately 12,000 patients. When one surgery closed, a pharmacy in which the author had an interest, and which was the nearest one to that surgery—lost 75 per cent of its dispensing overnight. When it became uneconomic, it was closed and a new pharmacy was opened some 200 yards away in a more central shopping area.

Two other pharmacies in the immediate area have since closed, the first for redevelopment reasons. A third, virtually adjoining the new health centre, was first offered to the owner of one of the other neighbourhood pharmacies and then placed on the open market, to be let by tender. The author placed an observer

outside the centre, and established the number of patients using its facilities, during the course of one week. Calculations were then made as to its potential, these steps leading to the acquisitioning of the premises.

The following is a record of the number of items dispensed weekly by this pharmacy after opening on August 17, 1970.

Week ending	Items dispensed
August 22	232
August 29	270
September 5	262 (bank holiday)
September 12	282
September 19	366
September 26	389
October 3	475

It is obvious from these figures that in such a situation, "customer loyalty" is non-existent, the nearest available pharmacy being used. Thus, the demonstrated threat of health centres to traditional pharmacy, together with the previously discussed existing pattern of closures, must mean a further drastic reduction in the number of pharmacies. If the community's pattern of pharmaceutical service is to be maintained, then immediate steps must be taken to prevent disaster.

#### False security

This situation will also have major repercussions on pharmacists themselves, as inevitably many will lose their livelihood, and hard earned assets. So far, many have treated the problems associated with health centres as of minor consequence. Doubtless they have been lulled into a state of inactivity by placing too much reliance upon the evidence provided by the Department of Health. In its annual report for 1969 it describes a total of 284 health centres, as opened, being built, or approved. While not wishing to cast aspersions upon the validity of these figures, our survey has demonstrated that, with a projected total of at least 921 centres at the end of the next five years, the problem is substantially greater than that credited by some quarters.

Pharmacy must clearly make up its mind whether to try and maintain the status quo, strangling itself in the process, or to reshape the profession with realism and not idealism. Clearly one reason for planning is a desire to control the actions of others, but another is to increase efficiency and effectiveness. Numerous case histories exist, however, to illustrate that the introduction of planning influences morale considerably. Planning makes people feel more secure, more confident of their future and gives a greater feeling of "belonging." Thus the introduction of such a concept could do much to alleviate the



present malaise that seems to permeate our profession.

In the first major exposition of the concepts of the health centre, by the Dawson Committee in 1920, the role of the pharmacist was shown to be difficult to establish. These difficulties have not been eroded by the course of time; indeed as more and more centres begin to function, their problems are proving harder to surmount.

At intervals, motions have been submitted to the Branch Representatives Meetings of the Pharmaceutical Society in an attempt to clarify the position. The following was proposed by the Bedfordshire Branch in 1967: "That it is the opinion of this meeting that in view of the increase in the number of health centres in the next decade the Council should expound its policy concerning pharmaceutical services in health centres to provide a starting point for discussion among the Society's membership."

However, there seems to have been little progress since the specific proposals issued by the Society in its memorandum of August 1967, "Group practices—health centres—redevelopment—new estates." The Society has chosen not to consider the specific problems of health centres, but to discuss instead the wider implications of a complete pharmaceutical service, for the community as a whole.

This dialogue was instigated by the Report of the Committee on the General Practice of Pharmacy, approved by a special meeting of Branch Representatives in May 1963. In September 1967, the Council of the Society set up a Committee on the Planned Distribution of Pharmacies, which was subsequently reconsituted to include co-opted members of outside pharmaceutical bodies and renamed as the Pharmaceutical Society's Committee on a Planned Pharmaceutical Service.

The new Committee issued its first report, "Pharmacies in areas of low population density," in September 1969. This describes the function of the pharmacist in the community, suggesting ways in which his services can be provided for low population areas, by the aid of subsidies, part-time and mobile pharmacies. In order to ensure the viability of a full

time pharmacy a minimum population of 4,500 is given. It is, therefore, with rural areas that the report is principally concerned.

The Committee suggests that the first step should be to investigate the feasibility of opening a pharmacy for less than the normal full working day. If this is not possible, then collecting points should be considered where they can be expected to produce an effective service. It concludes, however, that in some areas communication problems will prevent even these schemes from working.

The Committee was well aware of the importance of flexibility in the method of servicing any particular area, if necessary suggesting that all or any of the proposals described should be utilised. It argued that there seemed to be a strong case in the public interest for limiting the number of NHS dispensing contracts issued in an area, and that special subsidies should be given to support pharmacists who chose to practise in rural areas.

The procedure and machinery to be set up to administer the proposals is described in detail. In England and Wales, "pharmaceutical practice committees" should be set up by Executive Councils to consider individually applications from pharmacists who wish to practise in low population areas.

The major pharmaceutical bodies have adopted this report, apart from the section on the limitation of NHS dispensing contracts which was not acceptable to the Company Chemists Association.

County	Phar- macy gains and losses	No. of health centres	Total phar- macies left	Average no. of persons per pharmacy
Beds Berks Berks Bucks Cambs Ches Cornwall Cumberland Derbys Devon Dorset Durham Essex Gloucs Hants Herefords Herts Hunts Kent Lancs Leics Lincs Middx Norfolk Northants Northumbs Notts Oxon Salop Somerset Suffolk Surrey Suffolk	- 55 - 10 - 42 - 12 - 15 - 49 - 44 - 15 - 49 - 46 - 340 - 340 - 11 - 11 - 12 - 15 - 15 - 49 - 46 - 18 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	17 10 45 8 5 48 66 22 22 36 39 46 66 10 22 15 11 22 4 10 4 10 4 10 4 10 4 10 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	74 107 108 52 412 99 75 175 249 95 294 370 248 407 26 211 31 414 1,348 159 144 110 76 207 188 64 66 167 89 377 335 423 21 80 147 1,143 18 16 25 52 143 144 1,143 186 187 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188	6,554 6,570 5,500 5,972 3,743 3,636 3,635 3,605 4,868 3,677 4,420 4,031 5,193 4,525 6,188 4,733 3,894 5,089 5,545 6,513 5,487 6,509 3,960 5,253 5,927 5,054 4,040 5,305 5,927 5,927 5,984 5,

Having formulated proposals for the commercially - less - contentious circumstances to be found in low population areas, it is the Committee's intention to discuss proposals for a "national planned pharmaceutical service." Surprisingly, apart from the Company Chemists, only Mr J. M. T. Ross, chief pharmacy superintendent of Boots Pure Drug Co Ltd, has publicly criticised the basic concept of the report. One wonders, therefore, if pharmacists are fully aware of the implications.

Mr Ross, speaking on a personal basis at the first conference of the Society's Sherwood Region, expressed apprehension about the control of NHS contracts. "NHS dispensing must rightly be procured in general terms by the Government as cheaply as possible," he maintained. "It would be an irresistible temptation to the Government to refuse contracts to highcost pharmacies and then to offer monopoly situations for tendered contracts — if that is what the advocates of limitation want. "It would be very short sighted to produce a weapon for dealing with what was a transient phase but which could be used in the future by an economy-minded Government to really cause havoc in pharmacy."

Mr Ross only superficially dealt with a situation which could lead to a dramatic change in the practice of pharmacy, as known today. If we as a profession are demanding a form of planning, we must very carefully consider the implications and hazards of asking our only customer in dispensing — the Government — to assist us in achieving our aims.

The acceptance of the idea of a "planned pharmaceutical service" is not going to be easy to achieve, as it does not depend on the individual pharmacist alone. It must be remembered that roughly a quarter of all registered premises belong to some form or other of group organisation. Thus both electoral and financial interests will make it difficult for Governments to encroach upon their affairs. Pharmacy, therefore, must decide what solution it thinks is best to give the community a first-class service, and must gather the facts to substantiate its case.

#### Conclusion

This thesis has not been an attempt to examine the problems of pharmacy and find a solution for them. Indeed, by deliberately omitting to examine the commercial, as opposed to the professional aspects, of general practice pharmacy we are not in a position to attempt a solution. What has become evident, however, is that the influence of health centres is likely to increase faster than anticipated.

To date, too much reliance has been placed upon the statistics provided by the Department of Health and Social Security.

Although they are not incorrect, their very criteria of calculation give no real reflection of the number of health centres "in the pipeline." While it is surprising that no real attempt has been made previously to collect the information presented in this work, it is obvious that a continuous review must be carried out, by a "central pharmaceutical agency" to detect future trends. This review must be

carried out using all possible sources, as our results show that many differing plans exist.

An example has been provided from the author's locality, which indicates the damaging influence that a health centre has upon pharmacy and consequently the services provided to a community. If the experience described is of any significance, then it is possible that as many as 25 per cent of existing pharmacies could be affected by projected health centres. The implications of these figures upon the pharmaceutical Society's manpower survey are obviously of great importance and even further, could substantially influence the estimates made of the intake of students into our schools of pharmacy.

#### Under one roof

A good case can be made for placing all health facilities under one roof, as the patient would undoubtedly approve of a system whereby he only walked a short distance down a warm corridor to obtain his medicine, after visiting a doctor. A concept such as this, however, must be looked at in the context of the results of a survey published by Professor W. J. H. Butterfield, of work carried out under the Rock Carling Fellowship in 1968. He states that in a study of the behaviour of the local population in health and sickness "the ratio of those treating themselves outside the National Health Service to those using the National Health Service agencies is always about 8:1.

This factor, together with those set out in the Pharmaceutical Society's document "Pharmacies in areas of low population density," more than adequately demonstrate the need for a network of pharmacies throughout the community. From this study it would seem that many places could soon be deprived of this essential pharmaceutical service due to commercial pressures, the construction of health centres, and also the private formation of group medical practice—the latter was not within the scope of this study, but is nevertheless of great importance.

On balance, it is felt that both the community and pharmacy will stand to gain much more than they would lose by the introduction of a planned pharmaceutical service.

Having made a general survey of the situation in England and Wales, we intend to study in depth the disposition of health services in a representative area, to establish the feasibility of such a planned service. This work we feel, will be of value to the many authorities who have requested the results of our work, to assist them in their deliberations concerning the provision of pharmaceutical services.

Steps must be taken soon, however, to remove the entire burden of planning from enthusiastic local pharmacists. With little real guidance, they have to cope with professional planners, such as medical officers of health, vested interests and by no means least, experienced politicians. There would appear to be little to prevent the head-quarters of pharmaceutical organisations building up information which would at least produce guidelines upon the procedure and tactics to be used.

# Standards are high when standards are Beatsons

Beatson Clark manufacture glass containers in an extensive range of standard designs. And Beatson standards of quality are high. Standards which push sales figures up—fast. Because Beatson glass has sales appeal. And think of the functional advantages—the unique qualities that keep contents pure and protected.

Give a good product the benefits of a glass container from the Beatson stock.



Beatson, Clark & Co. Ltd., Rotherham, Yorkshire. Tel: 0709-79141 Telex: 54329



# PRODUCTS AND AND PACKS

#### Over-the-counter medicinals

#### To complement Frador

John Bell, Hills & Lucas have released Fradojel (19p) as a complement to Frador, the treatment for mouth ulcers. It contains lignocaine hydrochloride, selected in preference to procaine because of greater penetrability and a more rapid, intense and extensive effect; benzalkonium chloride as the bacteriocide together with menthol and glycerin to impart a soothing cooling action on irritated mucous membranes. (Distributors Fassett & Johnson, Ltd, Billericay, Essex.)

#### For baby

#### Bottle sterilising tablets

Baby Safe tablets, for sterilising feeding bottles and teats, have been introduced by Kirby Pharmaceuticals. They contain a non-toxic organic compound that releases hypochlorous acid in aqueous solution.

The tablets, which are effervescent, are prepared by a novel patented process which is said to confer complete solution in water, without deposit, and give good stability — at least  $2\frac{1}{2}$  years — under normal conditions.

Pack of 18 foil-wrapped tablets engraved with a distinctive symbol, in a printed carton with instruction leaflet (£0·21). (H. & T. Kirby & Co Ltd, Mildenhall, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk.)

#### Cosmetics and toiletries

#### New from Anne French

The latest addition to the Anne French range is claimed to be "an exciting new departure in the facial mask sector of the cleansing market."

Called Glow 5 Beauty Mask, the product is claimed to fulfill the three basic needs of face pack users — deep cleansing the skin to dissolve cosmetic build-up; brightening the complexion; and speed of action. A sachet pack (10p) provides one application of Glow 5, and there is an economy pack which consists of three sachets in a carton (£0.25). (International Chemical Co Ltd, 12 Chenies Street, London, WC1.)



#### Factor fragrance collection

Max Factor have begun selling in for launch on June 1 a new fragrance collection, Aquarius. Created for "the woman of today," it is described as "a memorable, haunting bouquet harmony of long-lingering beauty," reflecting the social atmosphere of the seventies.

The Aquarius fragrance collection comprises perfume essence which can be worn as a perfume or used as a bath oil and is in 1 oz bottle (£2.40); spray Cologne mist meant for lavish usc, in 2-oz aerosol bottle (£1.35); body splash, a lighter version of the fragrance designed to act as a refreshing friction lotion for use all over the body, it stimulates the skin leaving it tingling fresh, cool and fragrant (480cc polythene bottle, £1.90); Aquarius Body Gleamer a rich, soothing body lotion with iridescence (£1.90); Bath Silk a luxurious bath oil (£1.90); bath gelee (£1.90) produces an instant foam of cleansing bubbles, at the same time turning the water sea-blue; finally, after-bath powder presented in 4-oz container, complete with a large puff (£2:05). (Max Factor Ltd, 16 Old Bond Street, London W1X 4BP.)

#### Sundries

#### "All one size" Airstrip

Smith & Nephew have introduced the new "All One Size" tin of Airstrip plasters. Keeping the same colour scheme and basic design as other Airstrip tins, the surface treatment shows a facsimile of the plaster inside, and carries the message, "all one size—in this pack."

The same size as the present Airstrip large tin, the new tin contains 18 Airstrip "finger" dressings  $2\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{7}{8}$  in. Order No. is 7924 (16p). (Smith & Nephew Ltd, Bessemer Road, Welwyn Garden City, Herts.)

#### Colostomy bag range

Hollister Stoma bags for colostomy and ileostomy patients are now being offered by Abbott Laboratories. To ensure a satisfactory "fit" in most patients there is a full range of sizes. The special Karaya scal ring ensures that patient's comfort. Another feature is that the appliance creates an effective odour barrier avoiding patients' embarrassment. (Abbotts Laboratories Ltd, Queenborough, Kent).

#### Veterinary

#### Horse and pony care

British Cod Liver Oils have introduced the Horseguard range of products for horse and pony care.

Horseguard nutritional supplement and conditioning oil is said to be a stabilised blend of selected edible oils and the active principles of wheat germ oil and cod liver oil.

The preparation is offered as a oncea-day tonic conditioner for all horses. It is claimed to promote healthy skin and coat condition, increase resistance to illness and disease, and to help keep older animals active. The product is available in 1 pt tins (£0.45), 1 gal tins (£2.40) and 5 gal drums  $(£11.12\frac{1}{2})$ . The antiseptic hoof oil is also a blend of selected natural oils, Stockholm tar, Fentichlor and the germicidal antiseptic PCMX. It is available in 1 pt tins (£0.75), 1 gal tins (£2.90) and 5 gal drums (£13.50).

Horseguard antiseptic hoof ointment, the companion product to the hoof oil, is available in plastic jars of 200 g (£0·70).

Horseguard antiseptic healing cream also contains Fentichlor and PCMX to help reduce wound infections. The cream is available in plastic jars of 200 g (£0·80). (Animal Health Department, British Cod Liver Oils (Hull and Grimsby) Ltd, Marfleet, Hull, Yorks.)

# PRESCRIPTION SPECIALITIES

#### **TACITIN** tablets

Manufacturer CIBA Laboratories Ltd, Horsham, Sussex

**Description** White, film-coated tablets each containing 10 mg benzoctamine hydrochloride **Indications** All types of anxiety and tension, including anxiety with psychosomatic symptoms, physical tension, or associated with mild to moderate overtones of depression

Contraindications Not recommended for use as monotherapy in phychotic states, particularly endogenous depression

Dosage One tablet, three times daily. In cases of insomnia it may prove useful to double the evening dose. Dosage can be increased to two tablets, three times daily

Precautions Use with caution in patients who may be taking alcohol or driving, or those with hepatic or renal disease

Side effects Occasional day sedation or dry

Side effects Occasional day sedation or dry mouth

Pack 100 tablets (£1·32 trade) Supply restrictions P1, S4B Issued April 1971

# TRADE NEWS

#### Syntex launch plans

Four "natural beauty" skin care products to be launched by the recently-formed Skin Care Division of Syntex Pharmaceuticals Ltd, Maidenhead, Berks, will be introduced initially in London and the Home Counties towards the end of April.

The products, which will be in the medium price range, are a result of Syntex's extensive research in skin physiology.

Full details of the new skin care products will be released shortly. Meanwhile trade enquiries are being handled by: Mr Rex Priddy, Marketing Manager, Skin Care Division, Syntex Pharmaceuticals Ltd, St Ives House, Maidenhead.

#### Cosmetics companies' 'images'

Gordon Simmons Research Ltd, 1 Dorset Square, London NW 1, are carrying out research during April on the "image" of major cosmetic and toiletries companies among a national sample of 2,000 women.

Each company or "house" name will be rated on factors which women use to distinguish between them and their products. Results of the survey, which is open to subscription, will be available in May.

#### Double size

Roussel Laboratories Ltd, Roussel House, Wembley Park, Middlesex, announce the introduction of a 30g tube of Proctosedyl ointment (£1.00) which is in addition to the existing 15g size.

#### Wasp-eze reminder

Potter & Clarke, 9 Wellesley Road, Croydon CR9 3LP, remind chemists that the wasp season gets longer as more people take holidays abroad, and that there is growing realisation that their Wasp-eze is also useful against early midge and mosquito bites. Many retailers have in the past tended to understock, they say, and this season there is to be double the advertising appropriation—including a trial television campaign. The makers suggest that chemists should ensure they have enough stocks to cope with at least the early summer demand.

#### New Y-clip for Sylvia towels

Cuxson, Gerrard & Co Ltd, Fountain Lane, Oldbury, Warley, Worcs, have designed a new type Y-clip for securing sanitary towels. It is now incorporated in all belts and the old hook type has been discontinued.

The new shape clip has been introduced to overcome the tendency of the loops to stretch or to be too long for comfort. Many users of the hook type clip have either to tie a knot in the loop to reduce its length or to wrap it several times around the hook. With the Y-clip the loop

is passed through the neck of the Y and adjusted for length. It is then pulled down into the gripper neck and for complete security passed through the clip again and pulled tight. The towel is then completely secure and because its length has been adjusted to personal requirements, more comfortable.

Secondly, the new clip caters for not only loop-end towels, but also meets the demand for a belt suitable for the increasing number of users of towels with tab ends.

Belts are supplied in display outers containing two dozen individually cartoned belts in either all white or in colour selection.

#### Living Hair gets new look

New packaging has been introduced for the Living Hair protein range of products by Nutress Laboratories. The "curl" theme has been carried through on all new boxes and labels, and Living Hair protein shampoo is now supplied in shatter-proof bottles of 130 cc (£0·33) and 300 cc (£0·55).

Living Hair protein conditioner and Proteiset styling lotion have been reboxed in bright blue and pink packaging to match the new style label on the shampoo bottle, Distributors are Jackel & Co Ltd, Kitty Brewster Estate, Blyth, Northumberland.

#### Family Doctor on blood pressure

"You and your blood pressure" is a new title in the British Medical Association's Family Doctor booklet series (£0·10). Available to members through the National Pharmaceutical Union, 321 Chase Road, London N 14.

#### Larger size Arlef

Parke Davis & Co, Hounslow, Middx. now market Arlef in 200 mg Kapseals as well as the original 100 mg strength. The new Kapseals containing 200 mg flufenomic acid are medium orange, opaque, with a white band.

#### **Dental floss distributors**

Farillon Ltd, Chesham House, Chesham Close, Romford, Essex, announce that they have been appointed distributors to chemists of the Ash brand waxed nylon dental floss marketed by Amalgamated Dental Trade Distributors Ltd. Pack is a spool (£0:13) of 12 yards distributed in boxes of 12 spools. Supplies will be available through wholesalers.

#### Revised terms

Cuxson, Gerrard & Co Ltd, Fountain Lane, Oldbury, Warley, Worcs, are now offering revised quantity terms for Carnation Corn Caps. There is no change in the basic prices of £1:85 plus £0:675 purchase tax per unit of 30 wallets.

One to two units of 30 wallets are charged net prices; three to five units qualify for 5 per cent discount, and six and over units qualify for 10 per cent discount. Orders for one to five units must form part of a direct minimum all goods £12 net (excluding purchase tax) order and will be subject to normal carriage terms.

The improved discount for small quantities is expected to enable many chemists to buy more economically.



#### Re-style from Bronnley

Bronnley's popular Pre Make-Up Soap has been re-packaged. They now come three to a box in a pastel patterned outer with an acetate lid.

H. Bronnley & Co Ltd, 10 Conduit Street, London W1 point out that the formulation of the soap is unchanged and it has only the slightest fragrance.

Pre Make-Up Soap may be sold singly (16p) or as a three-tablet box (£0.48).

#### Free from purchase tax

Bristol Laboratories, Langley, Slough, SL3 6EB, have been advised by Customs and Excise that with immediate effect Nulogyl is exempt from purchase tax.

# Bonus offers

Radiol Chemicals Ltd, Stepfield, Witham, Essex. Biovital. 10 per cent discount on orders of 6 or more.

A. Wander Ltd, 42 Upper Grosvenor Street, London W1X 0AL. Triominic. 24 tubes of 12 invoiced as 22. (Until June 25).

Marshall's Proprietaries Ltd, 468 Purley Way, Croydon CR9 4BL. Petal Dust moth preventer. 13 invoiced as 12.

Potter & Clarke Ltd, 9 Wellesley Road. Croydon CR9 3LP. Wasp-eze. With 48 standard and 12 large, 12 standard free. With 24 standard and 6 large, 3 standard free.

Arthur H. Cox & Co Ltd (Dept. CD1), Brighton BN2 3QJ. Entroquin. Special bonus on 36.

Cupal Ltd, Blackburn, BB2 1EU. Sectovap lantern. Special discounts on 20 or more. Details from representatives.

H. & T. Kirby & Co Ltd, Mildenhall, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk. Baby Safe tablets. 15 invoiced as 12 (introductory offer, see p 379).

J. L. Perl Ltd, 8 Esterbrooke Street, London SW 1. XZ Hair Nutrient. 6 invoiced as 5. (Until April 30.)

M. Beetham & Son Ltd, Keynshambury Road, Cheltenham, Gloucs, Larola, glycerine and cucumber lotion, and Costa Brava sun-tan cream. 12 invoiced as 11. April 5-May 3.

Pharmaceutical Specialities (May & Baker) Ltd, Dagenham, Essex RM10 7XS. Anthical and Anthisan creams, Brolene eye drops 10 ml, Brolene eye ointment, and Brulidine cream. 10 invoiced as 9. April 5 to August 31. Available through wholesalers only.

Eylure Ltd, Grange Industrial Estate, Llanfrechfa Way, Cumbrian, Mons: Nefertiti lashes. Two free with order for six black and six brown of each style. Total 2 doz. Fabergé Inc, Ridgeway, Iver, Bucks SL0 9JG. New Kiku anti-perspirant spray deodorant. 12 invoiced as 11.

# WASP-EZE

Wasp-eze is a unique aerosol that brings cool 8-second relief to stings and bites from mosquitoes, wasps, bees, hornets, nettles and jelly fish.

The selling season is short – from May to mid-September – but it can yield a very handsome extra boost to your sales. Many sales were lost last year by failure to realise the tremendous potential.

To familiarize all retailers with this extra line we offer a free 26p standard size to any pharmacist who has not yet stocked this, chemist only, fast moving product. Or better still, you can have 12 free by placing your bonus order quickly.

#### Retail bonus:

4 doz standard and 1 doz large – 1 doz standard FREE 2 doz standard and  $\frac{1}{2}$  doz large – 3 units standard FREE

Wholesale bonus terms on application.

#### Cut along here

As I have not previously stocked Wasp-eze, please send me a free 26p Wasp-eze aerosol without obligation.

Pharmacy stamp here please

Pharmacist's signature



Post to

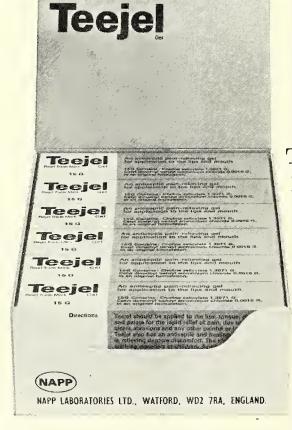
Potter & Clarke Ltd, 9 Wellesley Road, Croydon, CR9 3LP

# Over 62% profit on new TEEJEL gel Bonus Offer

Twelve tubes of Teejel for the price of ten during the month of May. This means a return of 324p on an outlay of 200p.

\*The prescribed treatment for mouth ulcers. \*Full colour advertising support in medical journals.

\*Representative detailing.



Teejel gives very rapid pain relief in oral lesions-with antiseptic action.
Teejel gel is clinically proven and is backed by recent British published work.



Napp Laboratories Ltd, Watford, WD2 7RA, England.

\*Trade Mark.

# BIOVITAL LAUNCH OFFER ENDS APRIL 30th!

# The 'vital living' vitamin tonic beats post-launch sales target!

Following the successful national launch in late January, selling through chemists only, the generous Biovital launch offer must come to an end on April 30th. It still leaves you nearly four weeks to re-order at the special launch terms—40p profit on a bottle which retails at  $\pounds$  1.

Heavy advertising of Biovital continues throughout the Summer. Regular spaces booked to appear in *no fewer than* 12 leading mass circulation newspapers and magazines. Link up with this campaign by making full use of the colourful showcard and other point-of-sale material. Remember, demand for this product is a proven fact—and it's growing fast!

- Sold ONLY through chemists
- Heavily advertised
- Up to 40% for you

Up to 5 bottles

6 or more bottles

Retail price

£1 each

£1 each

Your price

66½p each

60p each\*

Your profit

 $33\frac{1}{2}p$ 

40p

\*A discount of 10% is given on direct orders of 6 or more bottles of Biovital

PLACE YOUR ORDER TODAY!



U.K. Distributor: Radiol Chemicals Ltd., Stepfield, Witham, Essex. CM8 3AG. Tel: Witham 2538
Scottish Agents: Wade Pharmaceuticals Ltd., Springfield Laboratories, Bishopsbriggs, Glasgow. Tel: 041-772 1152
N. Ireland Agent: A. E. Atkinson, 135 Old Park Road, Belfast BT14 6FQ. Tel: 745197.

## AGFACOLORFUL BRITAIN

In a campaign called Agfacolorful Britain, every buyer of Agfacolor film between May and the end of September will get a free guide to scores of local events and the chance to enter a photographic competition with £1,500 in prizes with special prizes of £100, £50 and £25 for dealers who sell winning films.

The accent is again on sales of 126 size cartridge film, with those buyers also getting a free print wallet if they buy negative film and users of reversal film having their slides returned in a free viewer/storage box.

Dealers will also be able to join in with extra discounts available, compact display stands and publicity material, and

prize money going to sellers of the winning films.

Advertising in the National Press will also feature up-to-date and regionalised lists of what's on.

Agfa-Gevaert Ltd, Great West Road, Brentford. Middlesex, 01-560 2131 are hoping that their list of nationwide colourful events will prove an inspiration for those photographers wishing to enter the competition, but any Agfacolor pictures on the colourful Britain theme will qualify. The prizes are: 1st, £500; 2nd, £250; 3rd, £150; 4th-15th piaces will win £50 each. Dealer prizes to those who sell the winning films will be: 1st, £100; 2nd, £50; 3rd, £25.



Agfacolor print wallet



Agfacolor viewer/storage box



Agfacolor guide to events

#### Easter closing arrangements

The following companies have advised us of their Easter closing arrangements: Beecham Ethical Distributors, Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex: offices closed from 5.15 pm Thursday, April 8, until 9 am, Tuesday April 13. Telephone answering service 01-560 2876. (Urgent supplies from John Bell & Croyden.)

E. H. Butler & Son Ltd, Leicester and Northampton: closed from 12 noon, Saturday, April 10, until April 14.

CIBA Laboratories, Horsham, Sussex: closed from 5.30 pm, Thursday, April 8, until 9 am, Wednesday, April 14.

Geigy Pharmaceuticals, Macclesfield, Cheshire: closed April 9, until April 13. ICI Pharmaceuticals Division, Alderley Park, Macclesfield, Cheshire: closed from Thursday evening, April 8 (Belfast depot open on Good Friday) until Tuesday morning, April 13. (Belfast closed.) Merck, Sharp & Dohme Ltd, Hoddesden, Herts; closed from 5.30 pm, Thursday, April 8, until 8 am, April 13. (Urgent supplies, John Bell & Croyden.)

Northern Pharmaceuticals Ltd, Bradford: closed Sunday, April 11 and Monday, April 12; ethicals only, 9 am-12 noon April 13. Pharmax Ltd, Crayford and Bexley, Kent: closed from 5 pm, Thursday, April 8, until Tuesday, April 13 (urgent supplies from John Bell & Croyden).

Upjohn Ltd, Crawley, Sussex: closed 4 pm, April 8, until 9 am, April 13. (Urgent supplies John Bell & Croyden.)



Anadin: Lc, Y, Sc, So, NE, U, We, B, G, Cl

Disprin: Ln, M, Sc, WW, So, U, We, B, G, Cl

Hedex: All except M, U, E, Cl Iron Jelloids: Ln, Lc, So, NE

Milk of Magnesia tablets: All except U,

CI

Silvikrin: All except E Vosene: All except E Yeast Vite: All except E

# PROMOTIONS

#### Diabetic 'Pick and Mix'

A special Easter promotion is being mounted for Wander's range of diabetic chocolate bars, which consists of milk, nut milk and plain chocolate 2½ oz bars, and coffee milk, plain mint and orange-flavoured milk chocolate in 1 oz bars.

Two wrappers have been produced: one to hold  $2 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$  oz bars the other  $3 \times 1$  oz bars. This is a "pick and mix" operation which enables the customer to choose his selection from the range for gift wrapping.

Show cards holding both sizes of wrappers are available for slotting into the back of the display cartons. Wrappers and the show cards are available from Wander representatives. (A. Wander Ltd. 42 Upper Grosvenor Street. London W 1.)

#### New Glaxo Baby Book

A revised edition of the Glaxo Mother and Baby Book has recently been made available. The new 104-page book has been brought completely up-to-date to incorporate the latest "thinking" on mother-craft topics, under the editorship of a team of medical and mothercraft experts, and gives helpful and practical advice on all aspects of having and bringing up a baby.

Detailed feeding instructions for Golden Ostermilk, Glaxo's new infant food, are included in the revised edition, as well as details of the product's suitability as an alternative to cow's milk for cup feeding.

Information is also given on Ostermilk One and Two usage and on Osterfeed—the Ostermilk Redifeed System developed by Glaxo for use in maternity hospitals.

Copies are supplied through chemists (price ±0.05). (Glaxo Laboratories Ltd, Greenford, Middlesex.)

#### Ronson hairdryers 'family'

"The biggest-ever spring campaign for hairdryers" is currently under way from Ronson. The aim of the campaign is to promote "Ronson" as the name for hairdryers and highlight individual features of the three models — the Escort, Rio and Rapide. As each hairdryer appeals to a different age group, three separate advertisements — one for each product — have been designed, to make up an "advertising family."

For example, each advertisement carries the words "Ronson hairdryer" which appear in the same style throughout.

Advertisements appear in four leading women's magazines, and the campaign continues until June. Chosen media are: Woman's Own, She, Honey and 19.

The Daily Mirror and Daily Express spearhead Ronson's advertising campaign for their new RS35 battery shaver.

This advertisement will appear in the Daily Express during April and May. It will spread over a whole page in the Daily Mirror during the week of May 17. (Ronson Products Ltd, Leatherhead, Surrey.)

# Destined to be a real money spinner...

# The new Slimwheel great new aid to slimming and fitness



You know that effective aids to slimming sell. And the new SLIM-WHEEL not only helps people to get slim; it also helps to keep them fit and makes them feel years younger!

Supremely simple to use, this ingenious wheel requires only a minute a day. Result? Firmer stomach muscles, stronger back and much greater feeling of well being. In fact the SLIMWHEEL was created to combat the ill effects of unexercised stomach muscles. This exercise is recommended by American and continental doctors as an ideal way to correct a fat stomach and weak back—so often caused by too much sitting.

Stock the SLIMWHEEL and make

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the quick and easy way to exercise

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# LY CHANGES AND ADDIT

### February Quarterly Price List



prices are given per unit unless otherwise stated. Bold upright figures (0.14) in the retail columns indicate the price is subject to retail maintenance. Italic figures (0.14) is manufacturers recommended price. Light upright figures (0.14) is a suggested guide. A = Price need. R = Price Reduced. O = New entry. D = Delete. C = Correction. I = Insert.

	Trade £•p	Tax £'p	Retail £:p
ebut (366 Dendron) 600 small medium	3·64dz 6·10dz	1.90dz 3.19dz	0·59 0·99
I200 small medium large line (I336 WJ & C)	4·56dz 7·39dz 12·26dz	2·38dz 3·86dz 6·41dz	0·74 1·20 1·99
oules 100mg 8 mycin (746 Lederle) T	0.34	-	0.51
muscular 100mg 10	0.82	=	0·97 — D
muscular 100mg 10 en (346 Dales) een (710 Knox)	0.97	=	1·45½ D
ol (649 ICI) les 5mg 25			D
n (843 ML) ts 10 100	0·97dz	0·34dz	0·15 D
(126 8iocos)	0.30		0.50
300ml tyl (1167 5quibb) T5 rabase	0.75	=	1.00
al paste 10g	0.48	=	0·72 — D
ts 48	0.33	0.12	0.62
l (1336 WJ & C) †s1 ts 50 200	0·17 0·40	_	0·25 0·60
Six (337 Curtis) shave lotion 110cc	5 · 00dz	2·75dz	0.88
ycin (1263 Upjohn) T5 iles 250mg 16	1.72	_	_
ts 100	9·00 —	=	= D
to-Culver (1437 ACC) hair spray 75g 130g 220g	2·05dz 2·89dz 4·22dz	I·I3dz I·59dz 2·32dz	0·34 0·48 0·70
II (1336 WJ & C) †s Is 4A ts 100mg 20	0.13	_	0.20
250 50mg 30 gr 0 · 23 80	1 · 40 0 · 13 —	=	2·10 0·20 — D
ratine (1336 WJ & C) †: ets 8	0.20	0.07	0.37
cold (843 ML) Harlech a ts 10	nd West a	reas only 0·48dz	0.19½
onna (228 Carlton) ts 60	0.19	0.07	_
500 1000	1·37 2·63	=	=
onna-P (228 Carlton) †s	0.20	0.075	_
dp 500 dp 1000	1·43 2·65	=	=
on (40 Allinson) I yeast 4oz h reduced rolls	3·65 (3dz)	-	0.121
te or brown 15	3·72 (3dz)	-	0.121
28 (39 Almay)	2·14dz	-	0.212
act make-up mist		_	0.581
sture cream nt cream npoo	Ξ	Ξ	1 12½ 0·82½ 0·42½
it care cream iner cake	_	_	0·97½ 0·57½
iner brush hadow brush-on	=	=	0.32
powder blush	=	=	0·77 { 0·77 { 1·37 {}

D = Delete. $C = Correction Co$	tion. / =	= mseri	•
	Trade £:p	Tax £·p	Rctail £•p
mascara nail enamel clear	_	_	0·77½ 0·32½
creme glaze	=	_	0 ⋅ 46 ½
posted	_	_	0·46½ 0·32½
base & top coat Almevax (208 BW)	_	_	0.322
rubella vaccine ampoules	2.85		4.28
Alphosyl (1178 5tafford)	7.03	_	4.70
lotion 225ml	10.55dz	3 · 865dz	
250ml Ambre Soie (525 Golden)	_	_	_ D
duo-tan aerosol	4.72dz	2·60dz	0.79
home tan aerosol Amylatin (126 8iocos)	_	_	— D
30g	0.25	_	0.33
Analgin (901 Norton)†DDI (distributors 1545 Vestric)			
tablets 100	0.40	_	
Antigrippine Midy (1336 WJ 8 Anusol (1310 WW)	(C)		D
suppositories 12	2·08dz	0·763dz	0.30
Aphrodisia (446 FI) Cologne spray 1785	0.48	0.265	1.05
Apioline Chapoteaut (1336			
capsules 20 Aproten (227 Erba)	0.51	0.19	0.95
diatetic products			
crispbread 265g semolena 200g	0·49 0·20	_	0·60 0·30
semolena 200g Aguamox (746 Lederle) †s4B	0.20	_	0.30
tablets 50mg 100	2 · 25	_	3·38
Aqua Net (1092 5aga) sachet refill 50cc	0·34dz	0·19Jz	0.06
Aquasan (430 Eucryl)			
Armoricaine (1336 WJ & C)	1·16dz	_	0.142
powder 2lb	0.59	0.22	1.10
Arocin (851 MHP)	2.53	0.93	4.71
capsules 100	4 · 60dz	_	0.531
200	8·45dz		0.98
Arrowtabs (1402 AL) existing Arrowtabs (1402 AL)	entry		J
Arrowgards 2½ in sq.	0.30		0.45
Arrowmounts	0.11	_	0.43
Arrowsleeves 4 in × 5 in	0 · 27		0.40
5 in × 7 in	0.33	=	0 · 50
8¾ in × 6¾ in 10 in × 8 in	0·50 0·60	_	0·75 0·90
Arrowtabs	0.10	=	0.15
colour slide album 35mm	1.67	_	2.50
2½ sq.	1 · 67	_	2.50
Flashflector umbrella hand movie viewer	2.17	_	3.25
std. 8	1.50	_	2.25
sup. 8 lens tissues (50)	1·50 0·07	=	2·25 0·10
mini viewer M.P. 10	0.22	0.12	0.45
negative storage album 35mm	0.83	_	1.25
2½ sq.	0.83	0.05	1.25
photo corners plastic r/mounts	0.13	Ų·Ų3	0.25
24 × 36mm 36 18 × 24mm 36	0·20 0·27	_	0 · 30 0 · 40
2⅓ sq. 24	0.33	_	0.50
Protect-a-Print leader std. 8	0.27	_	0.40
sup. 8	0 · 27	_	0 · 40
Reel-Ups transfer movie wipes	0.20	-	0.30
1	0.30		0.45
2	0.30	_	0 · 45

	ani. Sa ani. Unite i		Wi Sh Wh	
£p.  0·01 0·02 0·03 0·04 0·05 0·06 0·07 0·08 0·09 0·11 0·12 0·13 0·14 0·15 0·16 0·17 0·18 0·19 0·20 0·21 0·22 0·23 0·24 0·25 0·27 0·28 0·29 0·21 0·22 0·23 0·24 0·25 0·27 0·28 0·29 0·31 0·32 0·33 0·34 0·35 0·36 0·37 0·38 0·39 0·39 0·40 0·41 0·42 0·44 0·45 0·47 0·48 0·49 0·50	s. d. 2157912 225790 21	£p.  0·51 0·52 0·53 0·54 0·55 0·56 0·57 0·58 0·59 0·61 0·62 0·63 0·64 0·65 0·66 0·67 0·77 0·78 0·77 0·78 0·77 0·78 0·77 0·80 0·81 0·82 0·83 0·84 0·85 0·88 0·89 0·91 0·92 0·93 0·91 0·92 0·93 0·94 0·95 0·97 0·98 0·99		d. 257 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5
<u> </u>				
Ascon (311 C) † suspension tablets Askit (69 Askit)	200ml 20	0·1925 0·1042	0·07 0·035	0·36 0·19½
powders trade  Asmal (901 North	30×3	0.825	0 · 285	0 · 05
(distributors 15 tablets	45 Vestric) 100 500	0·33 1·32	=	=
Aspro (893 Nicho tablets	olas) 8	1 · 895 (4 dz)	0·645 (4 dz)	0 · 07
	24	2·575 (2 dz)	0·86 (2 dz)	0 · 17
soluble	60 120 8 24	2·445dz 4·14dz 0·56dz	0·83dz I·40dz 0·19dz 0·455d	0·33 0·56 0·07½ z 0·18

#### come Insulins Specify

Soluble · Lente · Protamine · Globin · Isophane and 'Nuso' Neutral Insulin



		Trade	Tax	Retail
Astral (333 Cupal) exis Astral (333 Cupal)	sting enti	£†p ry	€.b	£·p
air fresheners general purpose bl	ock			,
Junior Bouquet 5aniflo		=		0·05 0·08 0·17½
bubble pack blocks Apple Blossom, Ca	rna-	_	_	0.172
tion, Honeysu Lavatory Bowl, Magnolia, Rose P				
Freesia Car freshener, f	Petal	_	_	0.10
Fresh D/A toilet blocks aerosols		_	=	0·12 0·12½
Touch of 5pring, F	eesia			
Honeysuckle si household, Apple	upe <b>r</b> ≘			
Blossom, kits deodorant Nice'n Fresh bath	room	_	_	0·21 0·31
Athera (851 MHP) tablets	40 100	1 · 30dz 2 · 80dz	0 · 48dz	0·19½
Atlas (1233 Thorn)	500	10.70dz	1 ⋅ 03dz 3 ⋅ 93dz	0·42½ 1·62½
Flashcube Magicube Miniflash AGIB	(I) (I) (I)	=	=	0·23 0·29 0·05
Truflash IB photographic	(ií		_	0.05
lamps PI/I PI/2 PI/6		0·15 0·39 0·77	=	=
PI/8 PI/9 PI/11		2·92 3·03 4·51	1·04 —	Ξ
PI/I2 PI/I3		3·52 2·53	=	=
P1/15 P2/1 P2/4		4·02 1·10 0·94	Ξ	=
P2/5 P2/6 P2/7		0·94 3·03 5·01	=	=
P2/8 P2/10		4·51 4·95	1.04 	
P2/I2 Atrixo (II64 55L) exist Atrixo (II64 55L)	ing entr	5·01 ⁄	_	- D
hand care tin	404 408	0.87dz 1.287dz		0.21
tube	426 409 406	2·258dz 7·549dz I·085dz		1 · 21
Aurora (243 Cernelle) baby foods cereal with chocola				
cereal with honey		2·475 (I <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub> dz)	_	0.161
cereal with fruit, cereal with rusks & orange	7oz	3.90	_	0 · 26
Aveeno (346 Dales) Aveeno (710 Knox)		$(l\frac{2}{3}dz)$		D
Ayrton (78 A5 & Co) malt extract	116	2 · <b>0</b> 0dz	_	0 · 25
with c.l.o.	21b 71b 11b	3·74dz 0·89 2·08	=	0·44 I 0·26
	21b 71b	3·86 0·99	Ξ	0.47 1
	250g 600g 1 kg	0·40 0·70 I·38		=
Baby Life (1499 BLP) baby pants	21b	_	_	— D
Popular ex. large	N30 N35	0·53dz 0·53dz	=	0·06½ 0·06½
triple pack unpacked bibs and feeders		0·39dz	=	0·14 0·05
No. 133 No. 134 No. 135		0·75dz 0·86dz I·05dz	=	0·09½ 0·11 0·13
No. 136 No. 137		l · 25 dz I · 30 dz		0·15½ 0·16½
No. 140 No. 142 No. 144		2·33dz 1·16dz 1·68dz	=	0·29 0·14½ 0·21
No. 145 No. 146 No. 148		2·11dz 2·04dz 3·50dz	=	0·26 0·25½ 0·44
Baycaron (542 FBA)		. J - uk	0.43	
tablets 25mg	50	1.18	0.43	2 · 20
Bear Brand (1449 R & tub honey	50 (CFD) 8oz	1 · 18 3 · 35	1.23	6·26 0·18
Bear Brand (1449 R & tub honey Becosed (901 Norton) (distributors 1545 Ve	50 (CFD) 8oz †sls4A	3 · 35		6.26
Bear Brand (1449 R & tub honey Becosed (901 Norton) (distributors 1545 Velixir 50  Bejean Specific (1336	50 CFD) 8oz †sls4A estric) 0m1 21	3·35 I·80dz 0·55 I·90		6.26

		Trade £·p	Tax £:p	Retail £•p	
Beltux (243 Cernelle multi-vitamin table	ts 30	_	_	0.45	1
Benzac (1335Wiggle: tablets Betadine (117 BPL)	sworth) † 15	0.88dz	0·32dz	0.14	D
Betadine (878 Napp)	) 60g	0.42	_	0.56	1
Bi-Citrol (1336 WJ 8		0.38	0.14	0.71	
Billesholm (59 Arde anti-noise ear prote	ente) ection	0.09	_	0.14	
ear defender Bilson's (125 TJB) exi		2·16	_	2.872	D
Bilson's (125 TJB) nerve food	8oz 16oz	2 · 16dz 3 · 87dz	_	0·24 0·43	1
Beatnic Superlex	loz 2oz	6 · 57 dz I · 98 dz	=	0·73 0·22	
Biobalm (851 MHP) Bishops (132 AB) exis	4oz sting entry	10dz 	0·40dz	0.16	D
Bishops (132 AB) caffeine	100g 200g	1 · 80dz 3 · 10dz	0·66dz I·135dz	0·25 0·45	
caffeine citrate	500g 100g	6·25dz I·80dz	2·29dz 0·66dz	0·90 0·25	
Carlsbad salts	200g 500g 100g	3·10dz 6·25dz 2·02dz	1·135dz 2·29dz 0·735dz	0.90	
130 ad 3a163	200g 500g	3 · 40dz 6 · 30dz	1 · 245dz 2 · 31dz	0·50 1·00	
gout Varalettes	36 90	1 ⋅ 80dz 3 ⋅ 90dz	0·66dz 1·43dz	0·25 0·62	
lithium citrate	100g 200g 500g	1 · 80dz 3 · 10dz 6 · 25dz	0.66dz 1.135dz 2.29dz	0·25 0·45 0·90	
magnesia citrate	100g 200g	1 · 20dz 2 · 25dz	0·44dz 0·82dz	0·20 0·35	
piperazine citrate	500g 100g 200g	4·10dz 2·50dz 3·90dz	1 · 50dz 0 · 915dz 1 · 43dz	0·70 0·36 0·62	
pipermag for worm	500g	6.30dz	2.31dz	1.00	
potash citrate	10g 100g	0.90dz 2.50dz	0.33dz 0.915dz		
Urobishop	200g 500g 100g	3·90dz 6·30dz 4·10dz	1 · 43dz 2 · 31dz 1 · 50dz	0·62 1·00 0·60	
Vichy salts	100g 200g	2·02dz 3·40dz	0·735dz 1·245dz	0·30 0·50	
Vichy Varalettes	500g 150 500	6·30dz 2·20dz 6·30dz	2·31dz 0·805dz 2·31dz	1.0C 0.35 1.00	
Bisks (1530 Fisons) cream crackers		2·27dz	_	0·23½	
	) 200ml 600ml	0.32	0.12	0.60	D
tablets Bismuth Terrial (13	50	0·36 C)	0.13	0 · 67	
Bismuth Tulasne (I	10 336 ₩1 %	I·29 C) I·16	0 · 47	2·41 2·17	
Bisolvon (145 B) ampoules 4mg/2ml	5	0.50	_	0.75	
Blattanex (96 BA) insecticide aerosol		4·80dz I·68dz	_	0·60 0·21	1
puffer Bleu Marine (Cardin eau de toilette	(1131 5h 4oz		_	3.26	1
Body Mist (105 BTD anti-perspirant aero	sol	2 25.1-	1.241-	0.25	
squeeze pack	40z 60z 32cc	2·25dz 2·895dz I·545dz	1.24dz 1.595dz 0.85dz	0·35 0·45 0·24	
old packs Boldine Houde (133	86 WJ & C		_		D
Bonomint (1037 Rec	50 kitt) 6	0·25 0·48dz	0·09	0·47 0·07	
Bonzine (333 Cupal)	16 †	0.99dz	0·343dz	0.12	
travel sickness tablets Bronnley (194 Bronn	20 lev)	I·28dz	_	0.16	
soap eggs pre-make up	010 <b>7</b> 0523	=	=	0·30 0·16	1
Brooklax (1037 Reck	6 18	0·48dz 0·99dz	0·168dz 0·343dz		
Brut (446 FI) deodorant spray	5412	0.59	0.325	1.30	
old pack Buto (128 Biometica) hair remover	24g	— I · 39dz	— 0.74dz	<u> </u>	D
super with D.I.A.	5 lg	1.99dz 3.41dz	I · 06dz I · 82dz	0·33 0·55	
Calgon (26 A & W)	12oz	2·64 (2dz)	_	0.15	
	2월lb <b>7</b> lb	4·20dz 10·86dz	=	0·48 1·25	
Calsept (901 Norton) (distributors 1545 V	estric)	0.45	_		
Camay (1010 P & G)	00ml 2l	1.63	=	=	
soap toilet		3·00 (6dz) 3·10	(6dz)	0·06½ 0·10	
bath		(4dz)	(4dz)	J-10	

			П
	Trade £•p	Tax £'p	R
Camcolit (221 Camden)		гр	
tablets 250mg 1000 1000 Camyna (145 B) entire entry	3·90dz 2·10	=	2
Candol (1335Wigglesworth) cold sore salve	0.90dz	0·33dz	0
Canoe (350 Dana) Cologne spray 27cc	0.435	0.233	0
Cantil (824 MCP) elixir 25ml 100ml	0·30 0· <b>7</b> 6	=	0
tablets 50 500	1·22 11·04	=	16
with phenobarbitone †sIs4A 50	1.26	0 · 46	2
Capricci (936 PNR) perfume atomiser R840	-	_	8
Carbact (1336 WJ & C) tablets 80	0.21	0.08	0
foot powder			
Catapres (145 B) ampoules 0·15mg/ml 5 tablets 0·10mg 50	0·50 I·06	=	0.
250 C.B.'s (1335Wigglesworth)	5.00	-	7.
coltsfoot bronchials	0·65dz I·35dz	0·24dz 0·49dz	0.
Celaton (126 Biocos) existing e Celaton (126 Biocos)	entry I·00	0.36	2.
acne cream soap body oil	0·50 1·00	0·36 0·18 0·55	0.
buerlecithine 250cc 500cc	1 · 15 1 · 70	Ξ	2.
dragees 36 CH₃ 60	0·65 1·30	=	0.
120 180 240	2·05 3·05 4·00	Ξ	2· 4· 5·
day moisture	7·00 I·00	0.55	9.(
face lift hair tonic cream	I · 00 0 · 50	0·55 0·27	2.0
hair treatment instant relief	0·40 1·10	0·22 0·60	2.2
Kum foot lotion milk cleanser	0·30 0·10 0·50	0·11 0·055 0·27	0.0
night star cream magic	1·30 2·80	0·70 1·50	2.5
PK7 placental ampoules	0·40 I·50	0.55	3.5
placenta cream oil	0.60	0·55 0·33	1.4
soap rejuvenation tablets 120 240	0·35 1·51 3·02	0·42 0·84	2.1
rinse shampoo new	0·10	0·055 0·055	0.2
special tablets   120   240	1 · 77 3 · 45	0·47 0·93	2·5 5·0
Cellogen (385 DG) hand cream 55cc	0.50	0 · 275	1.0
Celtex (1164 55L) existing entr Celtex (1164 55L) sanitary belts	гу		
adjustable slimline		0·135dz	
sanitary towels super soft 12	1 · 412dz		0.1
18 30	2·043dz 3·309dz		0.3
Cernitin (243 Cernelle) skin care products special tablets 30	=	=	0.6
100 250	Ξ	Ξ	0.8
500 1000	=======================================		3.4
wound ointment 30g Cerumol (718 LAB) eardrops   I I ml	— 0·15		0.2
eardrops IIml 55ml old formula	0.32	Ξ	0.4
Chapstick (1071 Robins)	1.90	1 · 05	0.1
Chilban (436 Evans)	(2 dz)	(2 dz)	_
Clearasil (1055 RM) cream skin tinted	2 · 12dz	0·78dz	0-3
Clinic (509 Gibbs) shampoo sachet family	0·23dz I·97dz	0·085dz 0·72dz	0-0
Codis (1037 Reckitt) †DDI tablets 8	0.80dz	0·268dz	0.1
20 48	1 · 43dz 2 · 89dz	0 · 479dz 0 · 972dz	0.2
Colchicine Houde (1336 WJ atablets 40	& C) †s4B 0·46	-	0.69
Collosol (324 Crookes) argentum 28ml			
Combizym (1490 1AP5) dragees 30 Congreves (1534 Fennings)	0.383	0.141	0.6
balsamic elixir 150ml Contrexeville-Pavillon (1519	3·66dz	I⋅34dz	0.52
bottles	2.24dz	0.20dz	0-28

dp   10   0.53				
Septic   250ml   0-18   0-065   0-34   0-18   0-1	. (105/ 5.0.5)			
dp     1	eptic 250ml	0.29	0.065	0.34
	dp II dp 2I	0·53 1·00	=	=
21   0.73     1.09\	n 250ml 500ml	0.20	=	0.30
sol refill flykiller   1-255	21		=	
Search   S	sol refill flykiller		_	1.67
Super	ers (295 CM & R)	g entry		D I
insect powder fer m capsules small large	sols killer perfumed	=	=	0·19 0·25
insect powder fer m capsules small large	large	=	Ξ	0 · 45
insect powder fer m capsules small large	icer sh-aire floral,	-	-	_
insect powder fer m capsules small large	turne	Ξ	Ξ	0 · 30
insect powder fer m capsules small large	thproofer	=	Ξ	0 · 25
insect powder fer m capsules small large	wling insect killer Idow cleaner		Ξ	0⋅16₺
Table   Section   Sectio	5gal		=	
large   0.685dz   0.25dz   0.11	fer	0.585dz	 0·22dz	0.09
Seal   7-095	large rinary	0·685dz	0.25dz	
ry fly spray   gal   1-20	5gal	7·095	Ξ	8 · 87
10    2 - 815	ry fly spray I gal	1.20	=	1 · 80 1 · 13
S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	nching kit	2·815 7·20	Ξ	3·75 9·00
100 dose	5 gal		=	
900 dose	IOO dose	0·56 1·31		
dipt	900 dose 4,500 dose	2·44 9·375		4·12 15·85
pray aerosol to tot aerosol tot aerosol tot aerosol tot aerosol tot aerosol total aero	dip‡ {gal	2.505	Ξ	3.13
bing lubricant	pray aerosol	0.56	Ξ	0.75
1	bing lubricant ½pt	0.30	0.11	0.51
Separate	se powder	0.14	=	0.21
1	ggot fly spray   Ipt	3 · 305	Ξ	4.13
12 dose	½gal Igal	0·625 1·125	=	1 · 50
100 dose	worm remedy		_	
Section   Sect	100 dose plus	1·125 2·815	Ξ	
Section   Sect	ench gun gworm aerosol	8·60 0·51	=	10·75 0·68
Section   Sect	t dip 2gal	1 · 875	=	2 · 50
Section   Sect	2 gal	15.40	Ξ	19 · 25
sules			-	
2	is ules			
2 2.31dz 1.21dz 0.37½  ss (331 C)	edin (366 Dendron)			
301 Coty) inals rective moisturiser	2 ps (331 C)			0·37½
rective moisturiser 226  nsparent face make-up 239  0.52  0.285  1.10  resy (337 Curtis) existing entry esy (337 Curtis) sunburn lotion ado beauty moist- ser ado liquid cream oil 1.64dz 2.60dz 1.98dz 0.65 adoliquid cream 1.64dz 0.90dz 0.28 0.1  2.60dz 1.43dz 0.45 ty oil 3.60dz 1.98dz 0.65 algoria (1.43dz 0.45 bity oil 3.60dz 1.98dz 0.65 algoria (1.43dz 0.45 bity oil 3.60dz 1.98dz 0.65 algoria (1.10dz 0.40 algoria (1.10dz 0.40 algoria (1.10dz 0.72dz 0.25 algoria (1.17 BPL)	301 Coty)			
Second	rective moisturiser 226	0.59	0.325	1 · 25
esy (337 Curtis) sunburn lotion ado beauty moist- ser oil oil 1.80dz 1.98dz 0.99dz 0.35 3.60dz 1.98dz 0.65 3.60dz 1.98dz 0.45 3.60dz 1.98dz 0.45 3.60dz 1.98dz 0.45 3.60dz 1.98dz 0.45 3.60dz 1.98dz 0.20 0.18 1.10dz 0.40 0.55dz 0.20 0.20 0.30 0.30dz 0.72dz 0.25 0.75dz 0.96dz 0.25 0.96dz 0.25 0.96dz 0.25	239		0.285	
ser       3.60dz       1.98dz       0.65         ado liquid cream       1.64dz       0.90dz       0.28         oil       2.60dz       1.43dz       0.45         tty oil       3.60dz       1.98dz       0.65         ssing cream       2.60dz       1.43dz       0.45         lotion       0.90dz       0.55dz       0.20         locion       1.00dz       0.55dz       0.20         ing cream       2.00dz       1.10dz       0.40         c freshener lemon       1.70dz       0.94dz       0.30         e oil beauty lotion       3.60dz       1.98dz       0.65         skin food       1.30dz       0.72dz       0.25         1.75dz       0.96dz       0.35         3.00dz       1.65dz       0.55	PSV (33/ Curtic)			1
2 - 60dz   1 - 43dz   0 - 45	sunburn lotion ado beauty moist-			
1	ado liquid cream oil	I ⋅ 64dz	0.90dz	0.28
1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	ity oil ising cream	3 · 60dz 2 · 60dz	1.98dz	0.65
1.70dz   0.94dz   0.30	ising lotion Lotion	0.90dz 1.00dz	0·50dz 0·55dz	0·18 0·20
skin food   1.30dz 0.72dz 0.25   1.75dz 0.96dz 0.35   3.00dz 1.65dz 0.55	c treshener lemon	1 · 70dz	0.94dz	0.30
3·00dz 1·65dz 0·55	skin food	I · 30dz I · 75dz	0.72dz	0 · 25
56·7g 0·15 0·06 0·31	algin (I I7 BPL)	3 · 00dz		0.55
	56·7g	0.15	0.06	0.31

	Tue de	Tour	Data!
	Trade £·p	Tax £∙p	Retail £·p
Crepe de Chine (1551 PR) eau de Cologne 5601	_	_	0.93 1
5604 5608	=	=	2·67 4·26
spray 5692 perfume 5104	=	=	1·88 2·71
perfume de toilette	_	_	4.26
atomiser 5494 talcum 5823	=	=	3·49 0·98
drum 5823D Crown (1073 Robinson)	_	_	1.33
corn caps 6 wool felt 4680	0·74dz 0·842dz		0·11 0·09
4681 Cryogenine (1336 WJ & C)	0·842dz	-	0.09
tablets 0.5g 10	0.19	0.07	0 · 36
Crystapen V (518 Glaxo) tablets 125mg			D
Cullingford (331 C of C) Noddy bubble bath refill	I·37dz	0·492dz	0.21 1
Cupal (333 Cupal) adult cough balsam†	I · 40dz	0·46dz	0.21
lemon flu syrup† baby cream 4oz	1.77dz 1.08dz	0·36dz	0·21 0·16}
bismuthated magnesia ovals tins 2oz	0.71dz	0 23dz	0.11
burn aid cream diarrhoea mixture	I · 20dz	_	0.15
adults 4oz family antiseptic cream	1 · 29 dz 1 · 15 dz	0 · 43dz	0·20½ 0·14
insect bite cream† wart solvent	1·23dz 0·72dz	 0·24dz	0·15 0·11
Cuscutine Foulon (1336 WJ	& C) †	0 1.01	
pills 50 CVK (2 Abbott) TS	0.23	_	0.42
solution 125mg 100ml  Dactil (824 MCP)	0.35	_	0.53
tablets 50 Dalmaplast (1595 AF) existing	0.84	_	I · 26 D
Dalmaplast (1595 AF)	entry		U
first aid bulk packs assorted gross	0.41	_	_
l½ in ×¾ in gross 2½ in ×¾ in gross	0·30 0·46	=	=
3 in X & in gross cabinet No I	0.55	_	_
144 dressings doctors 180 dressings	0·50 0·80	=	=
eye occlusion shades elastic	0.35dz	_	_
rigid patch test dressings 100	0·30dz 1·63	=	=
waterproof occlusive dressings 7/8 in diameter	0.05		
100 100 100 100	0·25 0·46	=	=
	0·39 0·59	=	=
3 in $\times$ 2 in 100 strapping	0.474	_	_
$\begin{array}{c} \text{l in} \times \text{l yd} \\ \text{l in} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ yd} \end{array}$	0.47dz 0.66dz		=
in × 5 yd in × 5 yd	0.72dz   1.10dz	=	_
2 in × 5 yd 3 in × 5 yd	1.76dz 2.42dz	=	=
4 in × 5 yd 6 in × 5 yd	2·97dz 3·92dz	=	=
strip dressings   1½ in ×   yd	1 · 19dz i · 51dz	_	
2½ in × I yd 3 in × 5 yd	1.70dz	=	=
vaccination dressings child's adult's	0·23dz 0·39dz	_	_
zinc oxide plaster	0.86dz		
1 in × 5 yd 1 in × 5 yd 2 in × 5 yd	1 · 26dz 2 · 08dz	_	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
3 in × 5 yd ⅓ in × 10 yd	2·80dz 1·26dz	Ξ	Ξ
Î in × 10 yd 2 in × 10 yd	1.93dz 3.28dz	=	Ξ
3 in × 10 yd	4.61dz	_	=
Dee Gee (542 Griffin) baby bottle heater	1.42	0.51	2 · 40
Delabarres (1336 WJ & C) teething syrup	0.31	0.12	0.58
Delaminoph (142 BML) tablets 1000	3 · 68	_	_ /
Delbiase (1336 WJ & C) tablets 48	0.33	0.12	0.62
Delsey (702 KC) 10 case rate minimum order	direct		
kitchen towels toilet tissues	I ∙25dz	0·17dz	0.14 1
twin-pack roll	I ⋅ 38 (I½ dz)	_	0·08½
old pack Democracin (1490 IAP5) TS	_	_	_ D
tablets 250 500	0·195 0·38	=	=
Depth Charge (1113 5 & B)	0.75	_	_
sea foam bath Depuratif Richelet (1336 WJ 8	5 · 65dz k C)	2·07dz	0·80 D

	Trade £·p	Tax £·p	Retail £·p	
Derbac (1070 Windsor) comb 2815 liquid 2811	2·27dz 1·13dz	0·81dz 0·40dz	0·36 0·18	
medicated shampoo 2835 soap 2810	l·l3dz 0·69dz	0·40dz 0·25dz	0·18 0·11	
Derl (1070 Windsor) 2510	0·69dz	0·25dz	0.11	
Deschiens (1336 WJ & C) syrup hemoglobin Diamond (333 Cupal)	0.90	0.33	1.68	
foot powder  Dilatrane (1336 WJ & C)	I ∙ 43dz	_	0·16½	
tablets 30 Dimanin (96 BA) existing entry	0.30	0.11	0.56	D
Dimanin (96 BA) green slime remover	I ∙92dz	_	0.24	1
Dipterex (96 BA) existing entry Dipterex (96 BA) garden insect spray	/ I∙92dz		0.24	D
Disprin (1037 Reckitt) tablets 8	0·46dz	 0·15dz	0.06	
26 36	l · 26dz I · 54dz	0·425dz 0·518dz	0·18 0·22	
50 100	1 · 83dz 3 · 10dz	0.611dz 1.047dz	0.44	
junior 20 48 <b>Dorothy Gray</b> (385 DG)	0·64dz 0·93dz	0.311dz		
colour swirls cream rouge eyebrow pencil	0·66 0·28 0·11	0·365 0·155 0·06	1·38 0·59 0·26	
eye make-up remover 12cc	0.19	0 · 105	0.38	
hand cream 55cc lipsticks Perfemma handbag spray	0·29 0·27 0·13	0·16 0·15 0·07	0·61 0·57 0·27	
roll-on deodorant 55cc Young and Lovely	0.27	0.15	0.57	
lipstick  Drapolene (218 Calmic)	0.19	0 · 105	0.38	
cream 55g Draza (96 BA)	I·60dz	_	0.20	
slug killer  Drenamist (894 Nicholas)	I·80dz	_	0.223	D
Duo-Autohaler (1061 Riker) † complete refill	54B 2·10 0·85	Ξ	3·15 1·28	
Dupuis (1336 WJ & C) pills 30	0.17	0.06	0.32	
Duromine (1061 Riker) capsules 300 packs	_	_	_	D
Durophet (1061 Riker) capsules 300 packs	_	_	_	D
Durophet-M (1016 Riker) capsules 300 packs	_	_	_	D
Dusk (545 Grossmith) suntan oil 100ml	0·63 (3dz)	0·34 (3dz)	0.11	ı
Dygon (816 Mayborn) colour & stain remover  Dylon (816 Mayborn)	0·88dz I·80dz	Ξ	0·11 0·22½	
dyes multi-purpose carpet	0·88dz 3·20dz	=	0·11 0·40	
cold-water liquid	0.88dz 2.60dz	=	0·11 0·32½	
wash 'n dye  Dyspne (1336WJ&C) inhal† 10cc	2·80dz	_	0.35	
inhal† l Occ nebuliser Eau Neuve (Lubin (957 Perl)) e:	0·51 0·84	=	0·76 1·26	D
Eau Neuve (Lubin (957 Perl)) eau de toilette 309	0.95	0.525	1.95	1
310 311 3100	1 · 45 2 · 20 2 · 20	0·80 1·21 1·21	2·95 4·45 4·45	
atomiser 320 soap 316	1·65 0·35	0·91 0·13	3.30	
Elasto (887 New Era) tablets	2·83dz	I · 04dz	0.44	
Elation (385 DG) make-up				į
blush-on blusher refill eyeshades	0·38 0·54 0·45	0·2I 0·295	0.80	
eyeshadow brush-on face glosser mascara brush-on	0·35 0·46	0·25 0·195 0·255	0.95 0.83 0.99	
refill nail enamel pearl	0·29 0·27	0·16 0·15	0·61 0·57	
skin glossers Elvaron (96 BA) existing entry Elvaron (96 BA)	0.67	0.37	1.41	D
Elvaron (96 BA) black spot spray Emoform (1341 Willows)	I∙92dz	-	0 • 24	1
medicated toothpaste 50g	l·6ldz	0·59dz	0 · 25	
mouth bath 230ml 250ml	2·49dz 2·70dz	0.92dz 0.99dz	0·39 0·38	I
	_	_	_	U
Encynex (1336WJ&C) tablets 50 500	0.21	 0.08 0.66	 0·40 3·34	U

	Trade £·p	Tax £∙p	Retail £∙p	
Equatone (301 Coty) balancing freshener 40z	0 · 47	0.2585	1.00	
toner 4oz	0·78 0·47	0·429 0·2585	1.65	
deep cleansing oil 4oz enriched night treat-	0.59	0.3245	1 · 25	
ment 2oz facial cleansing milk 4oz	0·82 0·42	0·451 0·231	1·75 0·90	
foaming cleanser con-	0.71	0.3905	1 · 50	
centrate 3oz moisture equaliser 2oz	0·59 0·66	0·3245 0·363	1 · 25 1 · 40	
moisture multiplier 2oz	0.71	0.3905	1 · 50	
tone-up moisture	0.59	0.3245	1 · 25	
mask 3oz totally soft body lotion	0.82	0.451	1.75	
8oz	0.94	0.517	2.00	
Erasmic (509 Gibbs) shaving stick refill	l · 235d: 0 · 79dz	0 · 455dz 0 · 29dz	0.18	
shave cream brushless tube	I · 40dz	0.2102 0.515dz		
jar lather tube	1 40dz	0·515dz	_	D
giant	_	0 313dz 2 0·745dz	_	D
Superfoam aerosol  Erythrocin (2 Abbott)	1.0334	0.74302	0.27	_
suspension 60ml Erythroped (2 Abbott) exist	ing entry			D D
Erythroped (2 Abbott) TS granules for suspension				I
to make 100ml	7 · 00dz 5 · 00dz	_	0·88 0·53	
forte 100ml Ethibute (428 Ethigel) †s4B	1.13		1.70	
tablets 100mg 250 500	0·45 0·85	_	_	
200mg 250	1 · 50 0 · 70	=	_	
500 1000	1·35 2·50	=	=======================================	
Eupnine Vernade (1336WJ		0.11	0.54	
Evian-Cachet (1519 5A) half bottles	2.56	0.56	0.193	
bottles	(l <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub> dz) 2·24dz	(l ⅔dz) 0·50dz	0.192	
Fairy (1010 P & G)	3.00	1.07		
soap complexion	(6dz)	(6dz)	0·06½ 0·10	
bath	3·10 (4dz) 1·94	(4dz)		
family	(2dz)	0·69 (2dz)	0.12	
Faivres (1336WJ&C) cachets 12	0.25	0.09	0 · 47	
Falcodyl (901 Norton) † (distributors 1545 Vestric)				
500ml 21	0·50 1·65	_	_	
Famel (690 Keldon) linctus children's †DDI				
inhaler 100ml	I ∙ 89dz I • 21dz		0.21	
	1.7107	0 · 43dz	0.17	
syrup †DDI small large	1 · 63dz	0.43dz 0.58dz 0.89dz	0·17 0·23 0·35	
large family		0.58dz	0.23	
large family FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol	1.63dz 2.48dz 4.26dz 2.24dz	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz	0·23 0·35 0·60	
FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g Fe-cap (824 MCP)	1 · 63dz 2 · 48dz 4 · 26dz 2 · 24dz 1 · 81dz	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.23dz 1.00dz	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30	
FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol Fe-cap (824 MCP) 2500 Fe-cap C (824 MCP)	1.63dz 2.48dz 4.26dz 2.24dz 1.81dz	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.23dz 1.00dz	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43	
FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 2500 Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500 Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30	1 · 63dz 2 · 48dz 4 · 26dz 2 · 24dz 1 · 81dz	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.23dz 1.00dz	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30	
FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500 Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30 Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 30	1 · 63 dz 2 · 48 dz 4 · 26 dz 2 · 24 dz 1 · 81 dz 15 · 62 0 · 42 0 · 38	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.23dz 1.00dz	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57	
FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol 2500 Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 30 Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 30 2500	1 · 63 dz 2 · 48 dz 4 · 26 dz 2 · 24 dz 1 · 81 dz 15 · 62 0 · 42	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.23dz 1.00dz	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63	
large family  FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g  Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500  Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30 Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 30 500 500 Fecarb (142 BML) tablets 5000	1 · 63 dz 2 · 48 dz 4 · 26 dz 2 · 24 dz 1 · 81 dz 15 · 62 0 · 42 0 · 38 3 · 78	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.23dz 1.00dz	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63	1
FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol 2500 Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 30 Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500 2500 Fecarb (142 BML) tablets 5000 Feen-a-Mint (133 WL) tablets 24	1 · 63dz 2 · 48dz 4 · 26dz 2 · 24dz 1 · 81dz 15 · 62 0 · 42 0 · 38 3 · 78 16 · 66	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.23dz 1.00dz	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63	I D
large family  FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g  Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500  Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30  Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500  Fecarb (142 BML) tablets 5000  Feen-a-Mint (133 WL) tablets 24 Felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12	1 · 63 dz 2 · 48 dz 4 · 26 dz 2 · 24 dz 1 · 81 dz 15 · 62 0 · 42 0 · 38 3 · 78 16 · 66 10 · 25	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.52dz 1.00dz 	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57 5·67 24·99 —	D
FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500 Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30 Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 30 Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500 Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 2500 Fe-cap (142 BML) tablets 5000 Fe-cap (142 BML) tablets 24 Felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 60 dp 90	1 · 63dz 2 · 48dz 4 · 26dz 2 · 24dz 1 · 81dz 15 · 62 0 · 42 0 · 38 3 · 78 16 · 66 10 · 25	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.52dz 1.00dz	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57 5·67 24·99	D
large family  FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g  Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500  Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30  Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500  Fecarb (142 BML) tablets 5000  Feen-a-Mint (133 WL) tablets 24 Felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 60 dp 90  Femerital (824 MCP) tablets 50	1 · 63 dz 2 · 48 dz 4 · 26 dz 2 · 24 dz 1 · 81 dz 15 · 62 0 · 42 0 · 38 3 · 78 16 · 66 10 · 25	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.52dz 1.00dz 	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57 5·67 24·99 —	D
large family  FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g  Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500  Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30 Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500 2500  Fecarb (142 BML) tablets 5000  Feen-a-Mint (133 WL) tablets 24 Felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 60 dp 90  Femerital (824 MCP)	1 · 63 dz 2 · 48 dz 4 · 26 dz 2 · 24 dz 1 · 81 dz 15 · 62 0 · 42 0 · 38 3 · 78 16 · 66 10 · 25	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.52dz 1.00dz 	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57 5·67 24·99 — 0·22½ 0·88½ 0·75	D
large family  FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g  Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500  Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30  Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500  Ee-cap folic (824 MCP) tablets 5000  Feen-a-Mint (133 WL) tablets 24 Felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 60 dp 90  Femerital (824 MCP) tablets 50  Feminax (893 Nicholas) †D tablets 12  Fenjal (1113 5 & B)	1 · 63 dz 2 · 48 dz 4 · 26 dz 2 · 24 dz 1 · 81 dz 15 · 62 0 · 42 0 · 38 3 · 78 16 · 66 10 · 25	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.52dz 1.00dz — — — 2 0.58dz 2.28dz —	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57 5·67 24·99 — 0·22½ 0·88½ 0·75	D
large family  FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g  Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500  Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30  Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500  Eecarb (142 BML) tablets 5000  Feen-a-Mint (133 WL) tablets 24 Felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 60 dp 90  Femerital (824 MCP) tablets 50 Feminax (893 Nicholas) †D tablets 12 Fenjal (1113 5 & B) "Classic" creme bath	1 · 63 dz 2 · 48 dz 4 · 26 dz 2 · 24 dz 1 · 81 dz 15 · 62 0 · 42 0 · 38 3 · 78 16 · 66 10 · 25	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.52dz 1.00dz — — — 2 0.58dz 2.28dz —	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57 5·67 24·99 — 0·22½ 0·88½ 0·75	D
large family  FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g  Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500  Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30 Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500 2500  Fecarb (142 BML) tablets 5000  Feen-a-Mint (133 WL) tablets 24 Felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 60 dp 90  Femerital (824 MCP) tablets 50  Feminax (893 Nicholas) †D tablets 12  Fenjal (1113 5 & B) "Classic" creme bath 42cc Feravol (228 Carlton) syrup 220ml	1-63dz 2-48dz 4-26dz 1-81dz   15-62 0-42 0-38 3-78   16-66   10-25   1-575dd 6-24dz 0-79 0-50 DI   1-69dz 2-74dz 0-36	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.00dz 	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57 5·67 24·99 — 0·22½ 0·88½ 0·75 0·25	D
large family  FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g  Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500  Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30  Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500 2500  Fecarb (142 BML) tablets 5000  Feen-a-Mint (133 WL) tablets 24 Felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 60 dp 90  Femerital (824 MCP) tablets 50  Feminax (893 Nicholas) †D tablets 12  Fenjal (1113 5 & B) "Classic" creme bath 42cc Feravol (228 Carlton) syrup 220ml tablets 250	1-63dz 2-48dz 4-26dz 2-24dz 1-81dz   15-62 0-42 0-38 3-78   16-66   10-25   1-575dd 6-24dz 0-79 0-50   DI   1-69dz 2-74dz 0-36 2-74dz 0-36 2-74dz 0-36 2-37 0-53	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.00dz 	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57 5·67 24·99 — 0·22½ 0·88½ 0·75 0·25	D
large family  FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g  Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500  Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30  Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500  Ee-cap folic (824 MCP) tablets 5000  Feen-a-Mint (133 WL) tablets 24 Felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 fenjal (1113 5 & B) "Classic" creme bath 42cc Feravol (228 Carlton) syrup 220ml 21 tablets 250 I000 Feravol-G (228 Carlton)	1.63dz 2.48dz 4.26dz 2.24dz 1.81dz 15.62 0.42 0.38 3.78 16.66 10.25 1.575dd 6.24dz 0.79 0.50 DI 1.69dz 2.74dz 0.36 2.37 0.53 1.75	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.00dz 	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57 5·67 24·99 — 0·75 0·88½ 0·75 0·88½	D
large family  FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g  Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500  Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30  Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500 2500  Fecarb (142 BML) tablets 5000  Feen-a-Mint (133 WL) tablets 24 Felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 60 dp 90  Femerital (824 MCP) tablets 50  Feminax (893 Nicholas) †D tablets 12  Fenjal (1113 5 & B) "Classic" creme bath 42cc Feravol (228 Carlton) syrup 220ml tablets 250 1000  Feravol-G (228 Carlton) syrup 220ml 21 220ml	1.63dz 2.48dz 4.26dz 2.24dz 1.81dz 15.62 0.42 0.38 3.78 16.66 10.25 1.575dd 6.24dz 0.79 0.50 DI 1.69dz 2.74dz 0.36 2.37 0.53 1.75 0.37 2.43	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.00dz 	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57 5·67 24·99 — 0·75 0·88½ 0·75 0·88½	D
large family  FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g  Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500  Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30  Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500  Ee-cap (142 BML) tablets 5000  Feen-a-Mint (133 WL) tablets 24 Felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 60 dp 90  Femerital (824 MCP) tablets 50  Feminax (893 Nicholas) †D tablets 12  Fenjal (1113 5 & B) "Classic" creme bath 42cc Feravol (228 Carlton) syrup 220ml tablets 250 1000  Feravol-G (228 Carlton) syrup 220ml 21 tablets 60 250	1-63dz 2-48dz 4-26dz 2-24dz 1-81dz   15-62 0-42 0-38 3-78   16-66   10-25   1-575d; 6-24dz 0-79 0-50   DI   1-69dz 2-74dz 0-36 2-37 0-53 1-75 0-37 2-43 0-19 0-67	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.00dz 	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57 5·67 24·99 — 0·22½ 0·88½ 0·75 0·25	D
large family  FDS (1437 ACC) deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol deodorant aerosol 40g  Fe-cap (824 MCP) capsules 2500  Fe-cap C (824 MCP) capsules 30  Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500  Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500  Fe-cap folic (824 MCP) capsules 500  Fe-cap (142 BML) tablets 24  Felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 felsol (181 Felsol) powders 12 Fenjal (1113 5 & B) "Classic" creme bath 42cc Feravol (228 Carlton) syrup 220ml tablets 250  Feravol-G (228 Carlton) syrup 220ml syrup 220ml 21 tablets 60	1.63dz 2.48dz 4.26dz 2.24dz 1.81dz 15.62 0.42 0.38 3.78 16.66 10.25 1.575dd 6.24dz 0.79 0.50 DI 1.69dz 2.74dz 0.36 2.37 0.53 1.75	0.58dz 0.89dz 1.52dz 1.00dz 	0·23 0·35 0·60 0·37 0·30 24·43 0·63 0·57 5·67 24·99 — 0·75 0·88½ 0·75 0·88½	D

F (122()4(0.0)	Trade £·p	Tax £·p	Retail £·p
Ferraemia (1336WJ&C) tablets 60 250 500	0·13 0·42 0·63	0.05	0·25 0·63 0·94
Ferro-Mandets (746 Leder 60 1000	le) 0·35 4·00	_	1·58 0·53 6·00
Ferybar (1091 Rybar) tonic 150ml	2.00dz	<b>-</b> 0∙73dz	0.31
Fibrosine (655 ICC)	I·4I dz	 0∙52dz	— D 0·20
Fields (893 Nicholas) bath cubes 6 talcum toilet soap shave stick	l·60dz l·51dz 0·83dz 0·63dz	0·84dz 0·79dz 0·29dz 0·22dz	0·27 0·25½ 0·12 0·09
Finalgon (145 B) (distributors 501 Geigy) ointment 20g	0.13	0.05	0 • 24
Flambeau (466 FI) Cologne spray 1785	0.48	0.265	1.05
Floradix (29 Alfonal) elixir Floret (1037 Reckitt)	_	_	1.371
Floxapen (1393 BRL) T5 powder for syrup 100ml	1 · 63dz 1 · 50	_	0.19
Flushette (430 Eucryl) toilet deodoriser	0·48dz		0.06
Folex (1091 Rybar) tablets 50 500	2·50dz 1·35	=	0.31
Folvron (746 Lederle) tablets 100	0.35	_	0.53
Footease (1335 Wiggleswo powder Formocarbine (1336WJ&C	0.90dz	0·33dz	0.15
granules naphtholated or simple Fourex (774 LR)	0.48	0.18	0.90
skins Francks Grains de Sante (1: Frantin (208 BW)	1 · 50dz 336WJ&C)	_	_ D
powder 250g French Almond (1070 Wind French Almond (1070 Wind anti perspirant spray		g entry	4·25 D
130g bath oil 55ml bubble bath 145ml	2·22dz 3·97dz 4·50dz	1 · 19dz 2 · 13dz 1 · 61dz	0·42 0·75 0·75
creme perfume 15g	5 · 29dz 5 · 72dz	2·84dz 3·07dz	1.08
hair spray 175g hand cream 163g milk bath 113g	3 · 18dz 2 · 75dz 5 · 22dz	1 · 7 l dz l · 47 dz l · 87 dz	0·60 0·52 0·87
perfume small 6ml large 14ml	4·23dz 7·94dz	2·27dz 4·26dz	0·80 1·50
spray mist 7.5g skin perfume 25ml soap (2) 3½oz	5·56dz 4·23dz 2·4 <b>0</b> dz	2.98dz 2.27dz 0.86dz	1 · 05 0 · 80 0 · 40
splash Cologne 170ml spray Cologne 50g	7·94dz 4·76dz	4·26dz 2·55dz	1 · 50 0 · 90
talc puffer 113g shaker 85g travel trio	2·75dz 2·01dz 5·29dz		0·52 0·38 1·00
velvet smooth 150g Fresh'n Dainty (506 Gerha	4·23dz rdt)	2·27dz	0.80
deodorant liquid 100cc regular spray 70g	2·10dz 2·28dz 1·86dz	1 · 10dz 1 · 19dz	0·35 0·38 0·30
fleur de lis spray 50g talcum powder tissues (6)	1 · 38dz 0 · 90dz	0·97dz 0·72dz 0·47dz	0·23 0·14
economy pack (24) Froment (600 JH) 6½oz	2·58dz 0·84dz	1 · 35dz —	0·40 0·09
14oz 28oz	1·80dz 0·265	=	0·19
Fynnon (104 BP) spa bath salts Gabail (1336WJ&C)	I • 155d:	z 0·585dz	2 0 · 18
elixir †s4B 200ml 500ml	0·25 0·48	0·09 0·17	0·47 0·89
11 21 formula 2 200ml	0·79 I·50 0·25	0·29 0·55 0·09	1 · 47 2 · 80 0 · 47
sodium gentisate 60	0·61 3·70	=	0·92 5·55
syrup pertussis †s4B 100ml 500ml	0·15 0·45	0·06 0·16	0·29 0·84
Gala of London (876 MP) eye liqui tints mascara liqui lash	2·35dz 3·75dz	1 · 295dz 2 · 065dz	2 0·42 2 0·67
skin bronzer IGB2 Gale's (1449 R & CFD) honey set and clear 1111	3·19dz	1·755d	0.12
Gamophen (672 Johnson) medicated soap	1 · 98dz	0.367	0·20 0·07½
Garlodex (851 MHP) tablets 144	(2dz) 4·50dz	(2dz) 1 · 65dz	0·68½
Gastrovite (824 MCP) tablets 50 250	0·24 0·98	_	0·36 1·47
230	0.76	_	1 -11

			ı
	Trade	Tax	H
Gayelord Hauser (759 L & E	£·p	€.b	1
juice extractor	9 · 05	3.32	4
Gelineau (1336WJ&C) †s1 dragees 144	0.51	0.19	ı
Gelozone (851 MHP) 2oz Genatropine (1336WJ&C)	I⋅30dz	-	BN
Geneserine (1336WJ&C)			010
Genoscopolamine (1336WJ8 granules 60	&C) †sI 0·45	0.16	П
Gerber (200 B & P) strained foods			1
fruits 44oz	0·59dz	-	4
Gerivin (1091 Rybar) tonic [50m]	2·70dz	0·99dz	
Glinteel (1335 Wigglesworth	, –	_	1
pastilles shampoo	0.90dz 0.85dz	0.33dz 0.31dz	
Glybron (1297 WD)			
Glybron (228 Carlton) †DDI	I·50dz	0 · 55dz	
220ml Gnome (520 Gnome) existing	2·60dz entry	0·95dz	4
Gnome (520 Gnome)			
Alphax Major 721 722	=	=	49 <b>5</b> 5
Classic 741 Insta 762			16
Insta Classic I.Q. 765 Mini 763	=	=	21
Mini Classic I.Q. 766 5upreme '300'	_	_	21
auto de luxe	=	_	38
5upreme I.Q.	=	Ξ	42 35 44
auto de luxe	=	=	48
'300' auto with R/F de luxe	=	=	42 45
I.Q. auto with R/F de luxe	=	=	47 50
screens 30×30 799 30×30 796	=	=	3· 4·
40×40 797 50×50 798	=	=	5· 7·
Goddards (430 Eucryl) embrocation	0·78dz		
	1 · 2   5 dz	2 0·445d 2 0·69dz	z 0.
white oils cream Good Boy (1396 ABL)	_	-	-
choc drops for dogs	1·91 (6 dz)	0·41 (6 dz)	0.
	3·22 (4 dz)	0·69 (4 dz)	0.
	2·65 (2 dz)	0·57 (2 dz)	0.
	3·46dz 6·90dz	0.74dz 1.47dz	0.
mini chocs	2·50 (2 dz)	0·54 (2 dz)	٥٠
yeast plus tablets for dogs	1.68		0.
dogs	(2 dz) 2·08dz	(2 dz)	0.:
Goulds (1335 Wigglesworth)	- 0004		
antiseptic baby foam 142g	2·20dz	0.221	0.2
Grains de Vals (1336WJ&C)	0.90dz	0·33dz	0.1
Granose (535 Granose)	0 · 23	0.08	0.4
blackcurrant juice decaffeinated coffee 2oz	2·25dz 2·42dz	=	0.2
4oz I <u>₹</u> lb	4·61dz 2·12	_	2.6
fruit bran 8oz grape juice 24 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub> oz	1·36dz 3·36dz	=	0.1
meatless steak 8oz 16oz	1 · 47 dz 2 · 26 dz	_	0.1
peanut butter 6oz 12oz	1 · 10dz 1 · 73dz	=	0.1
6lb peanut crumble 6oz	1.01 1.10dz		0.1
I2oz 6lb	1.73dz 1.01	=	0.1
rolls 12	1 · 12dz 1 · 65dz	_	0.1
sea salt 2lb  Granoton (126 Biocos)	I ∙80dz	-	0.1
large	0.90	-	1.2
Grasshopper (1418 5trenol) Grasshopper (1169 BG5)			
ointment 25g Grisovin (518 Glaxo) T5	0.08	0.03	0.1
tablets 500mg 25	I · I 3 4 · 33	_	1.5
Grossmith (545 Grossmith)		1.31.	
bath crystals 809 perfumed soaps (3) in	2 · 45dz	1·3ldz	0.4
acetate drums toilet soap white rose	4·20dz	1 · 50dz	0.6
& cucumber 206D	0.75dz	0 · 27dz	C+1.

	Trade £·p	Tax £·p	Retail £·p		Trade £·p	Tax £∙p	Retail £·p			Trade £∙p	Tax £∙p	Retail £·p	
renor (547 GPC)		•	·	Jaslyn (1070 Windsor) mammoth ovals	1 · 19dz	0·43dz			Kit-E-Kat (967 Petfoods) large	3.18	0.61	0.091	
packs im foam beauty bath 55	2 · 16dz	0.72dz	0.33	Jean Adaire (1149 5kuse) Jean Adaire (545 Grossmith)	1 1702	0 4302	0.10	P	Kleenex (702 KC)	(4 dz)	(4 dz)	0.073	
ım foam gloss canter 56		1.74dz		curlset 150cc	0·50 (3dz)	0·27 (3dz)	0.09		10 case rates minimum orde	r direct			
ndon 5cene" th gelee 57			0.34	lacquer sachet refill	0.64	0.34	0.04		twin pack rolls	I ⋅ 68 (I ½ dz)	_	0.10	
ing Miss Grosvenor	4·20dz	1 · 98dz	0.69	50cc	(3dz) 0·94	(3dz) 0⋅51		I	Kodak (711 Kodak) Instamatic	(			
tasy   Ib bag   I	1 · 02dz 1 · 32dz	0·54dz 0·72dz	0·18 0·23	Jocigares (1336 WJ & C)	(3dz)	(3dz)		D	colour outfits "33" "133"	2·445 3·955	1 · 345 1 · 95	5·01 7·84	
rtsmans soap 68 Ben Fantasy 90	1 · 86 dz 2 · 04 dz	0.66dz 1.14dz	0·29 0·35	Johnsons (672 Johnson) gauze BPC lyd	0·82dz	_	0.10	ļ	"133"-X "233"	4·015 5·955	2·085 3·05	8·12 12·01½	
nese lantern bath lights 92	2·28dz	I·26dz	0.39	lint BPC loz Joy-rides (1178 Stafford)	0·835dz	_	0.10		"233"-X "333"	6·165 12·235	3·27 6·485	12·60½ 25·10	
tasy white opal glass jar 93	5 · 04dz	7·76dz	0.86	tablets 12 Kalmine (1336 WJ & C)	1 · 36dz	_	0.17	D	"333"-X "304"	8.00	6·775 4·205	26·25\ 16·33	
ns Lithines (1336WJ&C	() 0⋅35	0.13	0.65	Keepaway (1418 5trenol) Keepaway (1169 BG5)				P	colour roll films Kodacolor-X	0.07	0.15	0.40	
nsa (1336WJ&C) ointment	0.25	0.09	0.47	Keflex (413 Lilly) suspension 250mg/5ml					127; 120; 620 828	0·27 0·245 0·32	0·15 0·135	0·48 0·44 0·57	
(arate (1552 UL) London	n and Sou		nly	tablets 500mg 100ml	3·75 35·00	=	5·63 53·25		126—12 126—20 Ektachrome high speed	0.40	0·175 0·22	0.71	
y talcum x (1102 5anitas) thbrushes	7.372dz	1.00302	1	Kelferon (824 MCP) tablets 100	0.20	_	<b>0</b> ·30		120 Ektachrome-X	0 · 44	0 · 24	0.78	
istle	1.60dz	_	0.20	1000 5000	1 · 44 6 · 40	=	2·16 9·60		127; 120; 620 126—20	0·315 0·50	0·175 0·275	0·56 0·89	
lon .	0.90dz 0.935dz		0·11 0·11½ 0·09	Kelfolate (824 MCP) tablets 100	0.30	_	0.45		Kodachrome II 828—I2 colour miniature film	0.62	0.14	0.90	
loddy carded apri	0·735dz 0·935dz I·60dz		0·11 0·20	1000 5000	2·26 8·50	_	3·39 12·75		Kodacolor-X 135 (12 exp)	0 · 30	0.165	0.53	
iokers in	1 · 60dz 1 · 40dz	Ξ	0·20 0·171	Kelocyanor (1077 Rona) ampoules	4 · 70	1 · 72	8.77	1	(20 exp) (36 exp)	0·365 0·50	0·20 0·275	0·65 0·89	
nior twin ture brush	1 · 20dz 1 · 70dz	=	0·15 <sup>2</sup> 0·21	Kent (693 Kent) bath brushes FWI	2.15	0.76	3 · 99	1	Ektachrome high speed (20 exp)	0.62	0.34	1.10	
na (1136 5ilber) neras still	1 7002		0 2.	FW7 FHW2	1 · 28 4 · 17	0 · 46 I · 48	2·38 7·74		Ektachrome-X 135 (20 exp)	0.50	0.275	0.89	
0 nse	=	_	19·95 2·47 1	FHW4 FP7	4·17 1·62	1·48 0·58	7·74 3·01	ŀ	(36 exp) Kodachrome II	0.71	0.39	1 · 26	
xil (295 CM & R) lid drench (vet.) Igal	14.25	_	19.00	FP6 FD3 FHD1	0·60 1·28 1·70	0·21 0·46	2.38		135–20 135–36	0·90 I·30	0·265 0·37	1 · 36 1 · 96	
y Baby (545 Grossmith)		0 · 89	0.20	complexion brushes BDI	0.48	0·60 0·17	3·15 0·89		Kodachrome-X 135–20	0·90 1·30	0.265	1.36	
y powder 400g nony (412 Elida)	(2dz)	(3qz)	0.20	Bloom of Youth BPI hair brushes ladies	0.57	0.20	1.05	İ	135–36 126–20	0.90	0·37 0·265	1 · 96 1 · 36	
colour tube	1 · 305dz	0-72dz	0.22	classic "oval" design	2.43	0.86	4.51		movie films (double 8mm) Kodachrome II 25ft spool	1 · 05	0 · 37	1.65	
tory cleanser	0.92dz		0.10	L57 LH55	2·15 4·53	0·76 1·61	3·99 8·41		25ft magazine for Bolex 100ft	1·30 3·64	0·485 1·145	2·06 5·56	
smail large	1 · 44dz 1 · 18dz	Ξ	0·16 0·13	LH 521 pneumatic rubber type	13 · 20		24 · 49		Super 8 cartridge Super 8 double	1 · 25	0.48	2.00	
per phryn (1599Winthrop)	I · 55dz	=	0.17	LC17 LC6	1 · 35 1 · 89	0·48 0·67	2·51 3·51		100ft spool movie films (16mm)	4 · 49	1 · 545	7.00	
ay	1 · 60dz	_	0 · 20	whalebone pattern "Radia!" LH57	4 · 24	1.51	7 · 87		Kodachrome II 50ft spool	1 · 75	0.665	2.79	
atofer Robin (1336WJ& tane (649 ICI)	0.45	0.16	0.84	LC7 LC16	1 · 82 1 · 06	0·65 0·38	3·38 1·97		50ft magazine 100ft spool	2·07 2·96	0·825 1·135	3·34 4·69	
centrate 5% 5I	5.00	_	7·50 — D	LC20 LH51	0·63 2·43	0·22 0·86	1 · 17 4 · 51	ĺ	Kola Astier (1336 WJ & C) dragees	0 · 25	0.09	0.47	
roquinidine (1336WJ&C) lets 20	0.79	0.29	1.47	LP20 Cosby "Allure" de luxe	1.73	0.62	3.21		granules Koladex (718 LAB)	0.25	0.09	0.47	
on (218 Calmic) †DDI lets 10 × 10	0.64	0.235	0.12	popular debutante refill	2·01 0·80 0·27	0·71 0·28 0·10	3·73 1·48 0·51	- 1	tablets 24 Kwells (893 Nicholas) †	I · O5dz	0.39dz	0.18	
tensive Fraisse (1336WJ&		0.233	D D	perfume hair brushes men's	0.05	0.03	0.10		quick <b>Kwic-bru</b> (535 Granose)	I·53dz	_	0.17	
in (1490 IAP5)T5 lets 250 mg 250	1.83	_	_	classic "oval" design	3·56pr	l∙27pr	6.61		3oz 6oz	1.76dz 3.03dz	=	0·181 0·311	
500 1000	3·55 7·00	_	-	M51 M52	I ⋅54pr	0.55pr 1.61pr	2.86		Lacteol (1336 WJ & C)	1·60 0·35	O· 13	2.00	
(1028 Rapidol) existing to (1028 Rapidol)	entry		D I	M54 MH521		1.61pr	8 · 40		ampoules 7 tablets 45 90	0·33 0·28 0·54	0·10 0·20	0·66 0·51 1·01	
our creme me hair lightener	0·26 0·12	0·15 0·07	0·54 0·25	M526 nail brushes "Crown"	3 · 16pr	I·I2pr	5 · 86		Lady Manhattan (893 Nichol: Cologne loz	as)	2·01 dz	0.65	
r-in-one ‡ r Magic	0·20 0·16	0.11	0·41 0·33	NPII NHB0	0.21	0·07 0·42	0·39 2·20		hair spray	3 · 44dz	1 · 80 dz 2 · 02 dz	0·58 0·65	
lift it of a Tint	0·15 0·46dz	0·09 0·26dz	0·32 0·08	NHBI NHB2	1·62 2·15	0·58 0·76	3·99		talcum L'Air du Temps (936 PNR)		I·I8dz	0.38	1
cto Rapid ‡  tctoset	0·20 0·50	0·11 0·27	0·41 1·02	NHB3 NHB4	2·70 3·40	0·96 1·21	5·01 6·31		creme parfum CB3 dusting powder TB2	_	_	1·66 1·89	
ach nut oil conditioner	0·54dz 1·10dz 0·72	0·30dz 0·61dz 0·26	0·09 0·19 0·06	NHB5 "Lucky Duck" NPI5 wooden back NHWI	3·96 0·10 1·21	1 · 41 0 · 04 0 · 43	7·35 0·19 2·25		perfume B881 B831	=	=	4·19 10·00	
bottle	(2dz) I · 66dz	(2dz) 0⋅61dz	0.06	NBI NBS	0.60	0·21 0·67	1·11 3·50		de luxe B33 atomiser B940	=	=	9·26 4·21	
mpoo hair colour mover	0.40	0.22	0.82	NB6 N9	1·62 0·21	0·58 0·07	3·01 0·37		8340 soap (3) 5BI	_	=	8·41 1·33	
in remover i <b>it de Marron</b> (1336WJ&	0.40	0.22	0.82	shaving brushes V4 V5	2·49 3·40	0·89 1·21	4·62 6·31		talcum TB3 toilet water B7	=	=	1·21 2·13	
25ml nelis (1336WJ&C)	Ó·39	0.14	0·73	V7 V8	5·09 5·66	1.81	9·45 10·50		B5 atomiser B106 B117	=	=	5·40 4·11 2·17	
ema Nativelle (1336WJ8 poules 2ml 10	&C) 0·40	0.15	0.75	C23 W20	2·26 0·66	0·80 0·23	4·19 1·22		airomatique refill B175 Lands (1297 WD)	=	=	2.21	D
ution 50ml lets 40	0·32 0·32	0·12 0·12	0.60	W23 C21	2.26	0·80 0·55	4·19 2·88		Lands (1418 Strenol) Lassie (967 Petfoods)				1
e Robin (1336WJ&C) Pesin (1336WJ&C)			D D	C20 K52	0·66 3·17	0·23 1·13	1 · 22 5 · 88		liver rich large	3·69 (4 dz)	0·71 (4 dz)	0.11	
utohaler (1061 Riker) † nplete fill	1 · 97	_	2.96	K512 K528	2.12	0·36 0·75	1·88 3·93		Ledermycin (746 Lederle) T5 drops I0ml	0.25	_	0.38	
ionaidine (1336WJ&C) I (1378 Con Phar)	0.72	_	1.08	K529 K530 toothbrushes	0·49 0·94	0·17 0·33	0·91 1·74		Lederplex (746 Lederle) capsules 100	0.85	_	1 · 28	
(1471 Con Phar) el (1412 Jackel)			P	"5mokers" "Harley 5treet" ex. hard	l · 77dz l · 67dz	=	0·22 0·21		liquid 100ml Lemaire's (1149 5kuse)	0.35	_	0.53	D,
nbs aluminium ocket 200	0 · 12	0.045	0.22	"Junior"  KIKU (446 FI)	0.67dz	=	0.08	11	Lemaire's (545 Grossmith) brilliantine solid	1·50	0·81	0.09	1
210GF 225 & 252	0.13		0·25 — D	anti-perspirant spray spray Cologne 2oz	0·43 0·52	0·235 0·285	0·95 1·15		eau de Cologne 255cc	(3dz) 1 · 12dz	0.60dz	0.19	
	_			shish cologing 707	0.32	J. 203	1.12		eau de lavande 255cc	I·I2dz	0.60dz	0.19	

		Trade	Tax	Retail	
Lemken (1335 Wi	gglesworth	£∙p	£∙p	£·p	
hot lemon drink sachets Lichensa (1336 WJ	(6)	I·33dz	0 · 48dz	0 · 20	D
Lifeguard (893 Nic	holas) small	0·86dz I·445dz	_	0·09½ 0·16	
	large giant Igal	1.985dz 0.725	=	0·22 0·96	
Linituss (78 A5 & Linus (1529 CL)	Co) 100mi	1 · 30dz	0 · 48dz	0.201	I
vitamin C powde Living Hair (1412 Ja	ickel) exist	0·45 ing entry	_	0.60	D
Living Hair (1412 protein condition shampoo		0·21 0·18 0·30	0·115 0·065 0·11	0·44 0·33 0·55	,
Lixia (893 Nicholas	s 5	1 · 625 dz		0.22	D
Loxon (295 CM & F Loxon (295 CM & liquid (vet.)		2.815	_	3 · 7.5	I
paste cartridges	l gal 6 7lb	9·30	=	17·00 12·40 8·75	
pellets L. P. Aerosol (112 pressurised aeros	3 5LL)	6·56 0·65	_	-	
Lumigerine (1336 V Luna (331 C of C) bubble bath		I ∙78dz	0·625dz	0.27	D
Lusty's (781 Lusty) celery tea	) 4½oz	4 · 50dz	_	0.50	1
digestive tablets garlic perles	150 30 96	2·50dz 1·15dz 3·30dz	0.915d: 0.421d: 1.21dz	z 0·18	
	192 1000	6·10dz 2·20	2·235d2 0·805		
tablets herbal hair tonic	150 11 <b>0</b> cc	2 · 50dz I · 35dz	0.915da 0.745da	z 0·38 z 0·23	
skin cream tablets special kelp powder blue	tube 150 4oz	1 · 30dz 2 · 50dz 1 · 40dz	0.715dz		
malted tablets capsules	250 24	3 · 00dz 1 · 40dz	Ξ	0·38 0·18	
lecithin capsules	84 6 <b>0</b>	3 · 85 dz I · 4 <b>0</b> dz	_	0·48 0·18	
lemon hand creat	300 n tube	5 · 00dz 1 · 30dz 0 · 60dz	0·715d	0·63 z 0·22 0·08	
menthol cones nerve tablets pilewort supposit	150 tories	2·50dz 2·25dz	0.915dz 0.82dz	z 0·38	
raspberry tea seaweed bath		I ∙ 20dz I ∙ 90dz	0 · 442dz 0 · 995dz	z 0·18 z 0·28	
seaweed tablets seaweed and tablets	celery 150	2·50dz 2·50dz	0.915d		
seaweed and sars		2·50dz	0.915dz		
sleep inducing	tablets I 50	2.50dz	0·915da		
slippery elm table Lysanthine (1336 ' granules		0·60dz	0.13	0·08 0·67	
Macleans (105 BTI toothpaste freshr		0.30	0.13	0.67	
fluoride si	tandard large	0 · 98dz I · 395dz		0.19	
	giant	1 · 96dz 2 · 495dz	0·67dz 0·85dz	0·27½ 0·35	_
regular and spea Mademoiselle Ric toilet water		JR)	_	1.97	I
atomiser	E6 E107	=		3·18 2·75	
refill cream perfume	E175 CE3 5E1	Ξ	_	2·36 1·66 1·33	
soap talcum Mafu (506 Gerhard	TE3 lt)	_	_	1.17	
insecticide strip	10 40	0·29 0·61	_	0·40 0·85	,
Ma Griffe (1469 Po Cologne 4oz 26oz	8029 8032	=	=	2·87 14·20	I
perfume cream miparfum loz	4804	=	=	1·52 3·26	
mousse douce perfume	4829 8042	=	=	1 · 28 2 · 53	
atomiser soap	8079 4851B 4856	Ξ	Ξ	4·00 0·56 0·82	
toilet perfume	872 <i>8</i> 873 <b>0</b>			2·49 6·31	
velvet foam bath Mammiject (1169 injection (vet.)	4848 BG5)	— I · 02	_	2 · 29	1
Mannitol (1123 5L	500ml	0.63	_	_	
B.P. 10% 20% 25%	500ml 500ml	0·61 0·61	_	=	_
Marathon (98 Beale Marathon (98 Beal one-way nappies	les)	entry			D
bag) standard	,	2 · 28dz	_	0.38	
large Marcain (179 BDH ampoules plain	)	2.58dz	_	0.43	
0.5% I 0.25% I	0ml×5 0ml×5	0·83dz 0·69dz	=	=	
, 0					

	Trade		Retail	
Marga of Mayfair (700 Margalia	£·p	€·b	£∙p	D
Margo of Mayfair (798 Margolis Margo of Mayfair (545 Gross		0.40	0.09	1
baby powder 85g×2dz 170g×2dz	1 · 65	0.59	0.13	
luxury 280g×2dz bath cubes (6) 4dz	2·63 2·26	0·94 1·21	0.22	
bath salts 340g × 2dz bubble bath sachets 3dz	1 · 42 0 · 96	0·76 0·34	0.13	
deodorant "24 hour call" 84cc×2dz	2.50	1.36	0.21	
hair lacquer sachet refill 50cc×3dz	0.94	0.51	0.06	
crystal clear 50cc × 3dz aerosol standard	0.94	0.51	0.06	
84cc×2dz grant French	1 · 85	0.99	0.16	
280cc× l dz spray dispenser	1.85	0.99	0.32	
56cc × I dz hand cream "avante garde"	0.70	0.38	0.12	
150cc×2dz "rose drops"	1 · 85	0.99	0.16	
48cc×Idz	0 · 40	0.21	0.07	
shampoos				
assorted sachets20cc × 2dz	0.35	0.12	0.03	
5t. Tropaz cream, egg & lemon,				
medicated 380cc × 2dz	2.13	0.76	0.15	
herb 380cc × 2dz talcum giant ovals	2.37	0.85	0.18	
$340g \times 2dz$	2.56	1.38	0.23	0
Marinure (1159 W5HL) existin Marinure (1159 W5HL)	ig entry			D
liquid seaweed concen- trate 175ml	1 · 12dz	_	0.14	
500ml Marion Moore's (545 Grossn	2·40dz nith)	_	0 · 30	1
witch hazel jelly 30g Marivax (208 BW) V5O	0∙54dz	0·29dz	0.10	1
vaccine 250 dose 5	59-93	_	<b>70</b> ·50	′
Martlet (1394 MWC) cider vinegar 13oz	_	_	0.17	
40oz I gal	_	=	0·47 1·28	
Honegar 13oz 4 <b>0</b> oz	=	=	0 · 30 0 · 86	
Marwol (675 Jones)†sl	_	_	2.90	
mole poison Marzine (208 BW) †s7	I∙60dz	_	0 · 20	
tablets 50mg 10	0.46	=	0.15	
Matey (893 Nicholas) bath liquid	I · 69dz	0·575dz		
powder Maybelline (1377 R & A)	I ∙69dz	0.575dz		
eye gloss pearly	I · 50dz 4 · 50dz	0·784dz 2·351dz	0.25	
eye lashes adhesive	I⋅50dz	0.784dz	0.25	
eyeliner cake eyeliner brush	0.90dz 1.50dz	0·47dz 0·784dz	0.25	
eye shadow single eye shadow brush	0·90dz 1·35dz	0·47dz 0·708dz		
applicator Mazola (200 B & P)	0.90dz	0·47dz	0.15	
corn oil 16oz 22oz	2·17dz 2·88dz	=	0·211 0·28	
32oz McKintol (1335 Wigglesworth	4·I4dz	_	0.41	
dandruff lotion 4oz	I ⋅25dz	0·69dz	0.21	_
Medicaire (295 CM & R) existi Medicaire (295 CM & R)	ng entry	_	0.34	D
Medijel (366 Dendron) tube	I·50dz	_	0.18	1
pastilles 10 Menopax (894 Nicholas) †s4B	I ∙265dz	_	0.15	
tablets forte 60	0.21	=	0.31	D
Metanium (115 Bengue) existin Metanium (115 Bengue)	ig entry			D
ointment 13g 500g	0·10 1·50	_	0·13½	
powder 25g I00g	0·10 0·25	=	0.13	
Mimospray (1413 P & 5) (distributors 649 ICI)	5 25			
aerosol unperfumed	I·6Idz	0·59dz	0 · 25	
Minadex (518 Glaxo) syrup 200ml	0.135	_	0.19	
400ml 500ml	0.255	=	0·35½ —	D
Mister Smiths (11575) Delete application to distributor.	existing	ent <b>r</b> y, pri	ices on	1
Mitchum (1520 IPM) esoterica cream †	_	_	_	,
Mixtamycin (378 Dista)				Ď
Moditen (1176 Squibb) tablets   mg 25	_	_	_	D
Molat (126 Biocos)	0.50	_	0.65	
340g 430g	0·80 1·10	=	1·10 1·50	
Morkit (96 BA)	I · 40	_	1 · 90	
bird repellent old packs	1 · 68dz	=	0.21	D
•				

		Trade £∙p	Tax £·p	la i
Mothaks (430 Eucryl aerosols	)	1·56dz	_	9:
wax polish Movol (867 Movol) ‡ iron mould remove		1 · 68dz 0 · 80dz		
Mucinum (1336 WJ tablets		0.28	0.10	
Mulsivin (1091 Rybai expectorant	r)†DDI I50ml	I ∙50dz	0.55dz	1
Mycolactine (1336 V tablets	50	0.14	0.05	
Myleto (875 MPL) (distributors 1282 \	250 √8)	0.51	0.19	,
Myocrisin (971 P5M8 ampoules 100mg &	8) 20 <b>0</b> mg			
Mysteclin (1176 Šqui capsules	іьь) Т5 20	0.66	_	
tablets	16 20 16	0.66	Ξ	
Nail Bite (333 Cupal lotion		— I ∙ 03 dz	 0·34dz	
Natex (851 MHP) tablets	160	4 · 50dz	I·65dz	-
tisanes 8 sachets Natirose Nativelle				1
Natisedine Nativel	50 lle (133 <mark>6</mark>	0·28 WJ & C)†	0·10	
tablets	100	1.85	0.68	6
Nativelle Digitaline ampoules 0.2mg ×		WJ & C)†s 0·26		
solution 1/1000 tablets 0·1mg	10ml 40	0·36 0·18	Ξ	000
	200 1000	0·51 2·45	Ξ	Con
0·25mg	40 2 <b>0</b> 0	0·24 0·94	=	0
Nativelle Digoxin ( tablets 0.25mg	5000	J & C)†sl   • 30   6 • 17	Ξ	19
Mature Girl (849 M flexible sandals	ML)	2.14pr	0.29pr	2
low wedge heel Natusol (695 TK) baby cream	50g	2·14pr 0·11	0·29pr 0·04	3
powder	125g 85g	0·23 0·11	0·085 0·04	00
Naxogin (227 Erba) tablets 250mg	100g 12	0·06 0·65	0.02	0.
Neo-Cantil (824 MC	20	_	=	-
elixir I tablets	100ml 50	! · 08   · 76	=	2.
Neostol (1336 WJ & tablets Neriol Nativelle (133	100	0.58	_	0.
Neurinase (1336 WJ tablets			_	0.
solution	250	1 · 40	=	0· 2·
Nevrosthenine (1336 Nirolex (147 Boots)† linctus		:) I • 40dz	0.51dz	0.:
Nivea (1164 55L) exis Nivea (1164 55L)			0.2107	
creme	1612 368	I ⋅ 28dz	0·454dz 0·674dz 0·55dz	0.7
tube medical pack	1613 37 <b>0</b> a	1·027dz 6·155dz	3 · 259dz	0.00
polystyrene jar dry skin lotion	1615 1616 17 <b>0</b> 5	2·292dz 3·521dz 1·175dz	1 · 856dz	0.5
deep cleansing milk	1706	2 - 11342	1 · 114dz 0 · 713dz	0.3
foundation highligh	ter	2·032dz	1.091dz	2 0.3
hand and body lotic lipstick dew-kiss	on	1·08dz 2·114dz 1·989dz		0.3
pearl shot silks		2·135dz 2·28dz	1 · 132dz	0.3
liquid cream founda matte satin		2·298dz 2·486dz	1 · 242 dz 1 · 338 dz	0.4
milk shaving cream tube	1707 1708 280	1·218dz 2·153dz 1·299dz	•   4   dz	0.3
soap cream	281 1 <i>8</i> <b>0</b> 5	1.888dz 0.506dz	0.665dz	
bath size Sunfilta cream	1806 348	0·802dz I·498dz	0·275dz 0·784dz	0.1
sun milk	397 398 394	2·461dz 2·868dz 2·341dz	1 · 526dz	0.4
sun tan gel oil sun oil family	394 392 396	2.554dz 3.746dz	1 · 36 l dz	0.4
talcum Norpramine (901 N	1630 orton) †	I·I32dz	0·596dz	0.1
(distributors 1545 V tablets	/estric) 1000	3 · 50	_	-
Norsebad (893 Nich bath additive sad	chet	2·15 (3dz)	0·73 (3dz)	0.1
	60cc 20cc	2.94dz 5.74dz	0.99dz 1.95dz	0.4



APRIL 3, 1971 CHEMIST & DRUGGIST

# **Macleans FRESHMINT**

# WHITE FLUORIDE





- \* TOTALLY NEW FORMULA
- **\* EXCITING NEW**FLAVOUR
- \* DYNAMIC NEW PACKAGING
- **SET FLUORIDES NOW PROVEN EFFECTIVE**
- FLUORIDES NOW RECOMMENDED BY THE B.D.A.
- **SINEW IMPROVED FLAVOUR**

## **Proven test market success**

Macleans freshmint **20**%

Macleans white fluoride 12%

- \* Macleans-Brand leader consistently for 6 months
- \* A big 32% share
- \*150% sales increase

Once-in-a-lifetime profit opportunity

More

Macleans means/profit

	Trade £·p	Tax £·p	Retail £·p	١
sed (901 Norton) † sls	4B	- •	- •	
lets 1545 Vestric	0·40 1·85	=	=	
thands (899 JND) wes for men	_	_	0.36	_'
ric (902 Norvic) existin vic (902 Norvic)	g entry			9
arnation quilt 60×30 60×48	_	_	8·47 11·00	
erndown 60×32 60×46	Ξ	Ξ	6·51 8·54	
leather Down 50×25 50×43	Ξ	=	4·99 7·46	
leather quilt 48×24 48×44	=	=	5·94 8·66	
ogyl (171 BLL) lets 250mg 12 120	0·67 6·25	0·25 2·29	1·25 11·66⅓	
on (1038 R & C) nd cream large	1 · 78dz	0.96dz		
Soft (903 NPU) chen rolls twin				
pack meat (535 Granose)	I · 43dz	0.20dz	0.17	
10oz 16oz awn 10oz	1 · 64dz 2 · 18dz 1 · 72dz	Ξ	0·17 0·22½ 0·18	
riline (509 Gibbs) tolene (535 Granose)		0.95dz	0·27½	
10oz 15oz	1 · 64dz 2 · 18dz	=	0·17 0·22	
331b nph (1163 5ouplex)	0·53	— 0·58dz	0·65½ 0·27	
zor lades (5) tan (1176 5quibb) T5	0 · 48dz	0·175dz		
al tablets 28	0.92	=	1.38	D
rosol dispenser	3 · 40dz	_	0·42½	'
p-Ro-No (256 CPL) Charme" aerosol ri Mist anti-perspirant	1 · 94dz	I∙065dz	0.30	
200g stredin (901 Norton) †		I∙95dz	0.55	
rup 500ml	0.53	_	_	
blets 100 500	2·10 0·30 1·15	=	=	
Cottage (545 Grossmith cubes (6) 90	ith) 1 · 87dz	I · 00dz	0.32	1
ith dusting powder 73E	3·75dz	2·01dz	0.63	
illiantine solid in 80 ar 77L	l · 43dz l · 48dz		0·25 0·26	
mpressed blossoms 71S	0.50dz		0.09	
ologne stick 91 erfume 20cc 73/1	1 · 54dz 1 · 98dz	1 · 06dz	0·26 0·33	
28cc 73/2 36cc 73/3 125cc 73/5	2 · 48dz 3 · 19dz 4 · 73dz	1·33dz 1·71dz 2·54dz	0·42 0·55 0·80	
nelling salts 79 ap toilet (3) 70/B	1 · 20dz 3 · 08dz	0.64dz	0.20	
bath (3) 70½B	5 · 22 dz 2 · 04 dz	I ⋅87dz	0.81	
Spice (1131 Shulton) rade prices shown are fo	or Idz.			
as (1335 Wigglesworth) iblets 66 timax (220 CC)	1 · 08dz	0 · 40dz	0.18	
rinking chocolate 500g	4·00 6·00	=	=	
blets 0·5g 100 500	4·00 17·50	=	=	
tone (690 Keldon) ye drops	30·00 I ·77dz	 0·63dz	— 0·25	
trex (690 Keldon)	2·27dz	0.81 dz	0.32	
ye lotion small large	1 · 63dz 2 · 41dz		0.34	
family with eye bath small masks 6	4·26dz I·77dz 2·19dz	1·52dz 0·63dz 0·78dz		
single ointment	0·51dz 1·36dz	0·18dz —	0·08 0·17	
baths ens cloth cular syrings	0·44dz 0·64dz	0 · 06dz	0.08	
cular syringe abase (1176 5quibb) aste 5g	9 · 20dz	_	1.15	_
aste 5g foids (916 OC) apsules (vet.) 100	1.17	0.43	2.00	<sup>D</sup> ,
iginal Brown Windson pap toilet	•   7 	0·43  sor)  0·40dz	2·00 0·18	
bath lane (1145 Sirex)	1 · 77dz	0.63dz	0.29	
el-matin nasque transparent	=	=	2·50 2·25	
osee demaquillante tube abaine Arnaud Nativ	elle (1336 W	J & Cite	1 · 80	
mpoules ½mg × lml 6 ablets 2.5mg 40	0·26 0·36		0·39 0·54	
200	1 · 40	_	2.10	

	Trade	Тах	Retail	
Ouataplasme Langlebert	£·p	£∙p C)	£∙p	D
Ovaltine (1303 Wander) 10 case rates minimum o		<b>-</b> ,		_
4oz 8oz	I·17dz		0·11 0·193	
l6oz instant non-fat milk 7oz	3.51dz	_	0·34 0·13½	
Palfium (824 MCP) †sIDD	2·13dz		0.20	
ampoules 5mg 10	0.56	_	0·84 7·50	
10mg 10	0.66	=	0·99 8·82	
tablets 5mg 25	0.44	=	0·66 2·22	
Palmolive (280 CP)	1150	_	7.77	_
Pan (1164 55L)	2 770 1	- 0.0041	- 0.41	D
shampoo 480 481	4·547d	z 0·984d: z I·625d:		
Panaleve (1336 Wigglesw tablets 25		_	0.17	
Panbiline (1336 WJ & C) pills 50	0.28	1.10	0.51	
Panda (1155 S & N) nursery wool				
rolls balls (150)	1 · 30dz 1 · 30dz	_	0·15 0·15	
pleated (8ft) Panets (690 Keldon)	0.65dz		0.07	
Pantene (261 Christy) 50	2·70dz	-	0.30	
oily or non-oily Papier Poudre (935 Papier)	2·63dz existing en	1 · 445d:	z 0·45	D
Papier Poudre (935 Papie books	r) 0.70dz		z 0·13	1
pomanders No. 3 No. 4	3 · 90dz 4 · 50dz	2 · 145d	z 0·68	
sachets lavender J	0.90dz	0·495d	z 0·16	
Т	0.95dz	0 · 525d	z 0·18	
pot pourri 5	0.90dz	0 · 495d:	z 0·16	
14; 15; 24 4; 7; 8	I · 00dz I · 70dz			
Parador (430 Eucryl) air-freshener block	0 · 48dz	_	0.06	
floral disinfectant Paralgin (901 Norton) †D	I·l6dz	-	0.14	
(distributors 1545 Vestri	c)			
500	2.10	=	=	
Partner for Men (1551 ) after shave lotion 6703	- K)			
6/03			1.00	
eau de Cologne	_	_	1.08	
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs)	_	_	3.44	
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap		z 0·235 dz	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08	
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath	0·635d 0·59dz 0·94dz	z 0·235dz 0·215dz	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½	
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve	0·635d 0·59dz 0·94dz rth) 0·90dz	z 0·235dz 0·215dz 0·345dz	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12	1
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo	0·635d 0·59dz 0·94dz rth) 0·90dz	z 0·235dz 0·215dz 0·345dz	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12	
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy)	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz rth) 0.90dz ly)	z 0·235dz 0·215dz 0·345dz 0·33dz	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12	1
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron)	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz rth) 0.90dz ly)	z 0·235dz 0·215dz 0·345dz 0·33dz	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12 0·15	1
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz 1y) 0.90dz 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz	z 0·235dz 0·215dz 0·345dz 0·33dz — I·35dz	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12 0·15	I D
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-5harp (558 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5)	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz 1y) 0.90dz 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz	z 0·235dz 0·215dz 0·345dz 0·33dz — I·35dz	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12 0·15	1
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wigglesworfoot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-5harp (958 P5) exist	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz rth) 0.90dz ly) I.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12 0·15 0·20 0·42 0·69	D D
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-Sharp (958 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5) Perutz (1136 5ilber)	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz rth) 0.90dz ly) I.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12 0·15 0·20 0·42 0·69	D D
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-Sharp (588 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5)  Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz rth) 0.90dz ly) I.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·15 0·15 0·20 0·42 0·69 0·17½ s)	D D
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswor foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5) Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz rth) 0.90dz ly) I.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12 0·15 0·20 0·42 0·69 0·17½ s)	D D
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-5harp (588 P5) razor blades dispenser (5) Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz rth) 0.90dz ly)  1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts)	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12 0·15  0·20 0·42 0·69  0·17½ s)	D D
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wigglesworf foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-Sharp (958 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5)  Perutz (1136 Silber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz rth) ly) I.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry I.00 (20 pkts	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12 0·15  0·20 0·42 0·69 0·17½ s)	D D
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-Sharp (958 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5) Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels  Pevidine (117 BPL) surgical scrub	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz rth) 0.90dz 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts) — — order direct 1.63	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 1·35 dz 2·22 dz 0·37 ) (20 pkt:	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12 0·15  0·20 0·42 0·69  0·17½ s)	D D
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-Sharp (958 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5) Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels Pevidine (117 BPL)	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts) 1.63 (2 dz) 1.08 5.00	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 1·35 dz 2·22 dz 0·37 ) (20 pkt:	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12 0·15  0·20 0·42 0·69  0·17½ s)	D D
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set  Perma-Sharp (588 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (588 P5) razor blades dispenser (5)  Perutz (1136 Silber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp 145 20exp 155 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels  Pevidine (117 BPL) surgical scrub 500ml 51 elbow tap outfit	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz rth) 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts) order direct 1.63 (2 dz) 1.08	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 1·35 dz 2·22 dz 0·37 ) (20 pkt:	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12 0·15  0·20 0·42 0·69  0·17½ s)	D D
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wigglesworf foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-Sharp (958 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5) Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels Pevidine (117 BPL) surgical scrub 500ml 51 elbow tap outfit dispensing pump Phazyme (1178 5tafford)	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz 0.90dz 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·15  0·20 0·42 0·69  0·17½ ss)	D D
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wigglesworfoot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set  Perma-Sharp (958 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5)  Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels  Pevidine (117 BPL) surgical scrub 500ml 51 elbow tap outfit dispensing pump Phazyme (1178 5tafford) tablets 100 Philipa (1149 5kuse)	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz 0.90dz 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·12 0·15  0·20 0·42 0·69  0·17½ s)	D D
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set  Perma-Sharp (958 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5)  Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels  Pevidine (117 BPL) surgical scrub 500ml 51 elbow tap outfit dispensing pump Phazyme (1178 5tafford) tablets 100	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz 0.90dz 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts)	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07½ z 0·15  0·20 0·42 0·69  0·17½ ss)	D D I
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set  Perma-Sharp (958 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5)  Perutz (1136 Silber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels  Pevidine (117 BPL) surgical scrub 500ml 51 elbow tap outfit dispensing pump Phazyme (1178 Stafford) tablets 100 Philipa (1149 Skuse) Philipa (545 Grossmith)	0.635d 0.59dz 0.99dz 0.90dz ly) I.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts) 	2 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 0·33 dz 1·35 dz 2·22 dz 0·37 ) (20 pkt: ————————————————————————————————————	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07 z 0·15  0·20 0·42 0·69  0·17 2 ss)  0·51 0·61 0·56  0·10	D D I
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wigglesworfoot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5)  Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels  Pevidine (117 BPL) surgical scrub 500ml elbow tap outfit dispensing pump Phazyme (178 5tafford) tablets 100 Philipa (1149 5kuse) Philipa (545 Grossmith) hair lacquer sachet 50cc refills 28cc	0.635d 0.59dz 0.99dz 0.90dz 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts)	2 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07 z 0·15  0·20 0·42 0·69  0·17 z 0·56 0·10	D D I
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5) Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 20exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels Pevidine (117 BPL) surgical scrub 500ml 51 elbow tap outfit dispensing pump Phazyme (1178 5tafford) tablets 100 Philipa (1149 5kuse) Philipa (545 Grossmith) hair lacquer sachet 50cc refills 28cc	0.635d 0.59dz 0.99dz 0.90dz ly) I.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts) 	2 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 0·33 dz 1·35 dz 2·22 dz 0·37 ) (20 pkt: ————————————————————————————————————	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07 z 0·15  0·20 0·42 0·69  0·17 z 0·56 0·10	D D I
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswo foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set  Perma-Sharp (958 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5)  Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels  Pevidine (117 BPL) surgical scrub Surgical scrub Sooml Si elbow tap outfit dispensing pump Phazyme (1178 Stafford) tablets 100 Philipa (1149 Skuse) Philipa (545 Grossmith) hair lacquer sachet 50cc refills 28cc lacquer remover shampoo 52cc Philips (977 PE) Philishave shavers	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz 0.90dz 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts	2 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·07 z 0·15  0·20 0·42 0·69 0·17 z s) 0·51 0·66 0·10	D D I
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wigglesworfoot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5)  Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels  Pevidine (117 BPL) surgical scrub 500ml 51 elbow tap outfit dispensing pump Phazyme (1178 5tafford) tablets 100 Philipa (1149 5kuse) Philipa (545 Grossmith) hair lacquer sachet 50cc refils 28cc lacquer remover shampoo 52cc Philips (977 PE) Philishave shavers 3 de luxe HP1122 special HP1129	0.635d 0.59dz 0.99dz 0.90dz 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts) 1.63 (2 dz) 1.08 5.00 2.20 0.41 9.90dz 0.94 (3 dz) 0.64 (3 dz) 1.27 (3 dz) 7.07 6.21	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·334 dz 0·336 dz 1·35 dz 2·22 dz 0·37 (20 pkt: ————————————————————————————————————	3.44 z 0.16 z 0.08 z 0.07 z 0.15  0.20 0.42 0.69 0.17 z 0.17 s) 0.51 0.56 0.10  1.40 0.06 0.04 0.07	D D I
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wiggleswork foot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set  Perma-Sharp (958 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5)  Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels  Pevidine (117 BPL) surgical scrub 500ml 51 elbow tap outfit dispensing pump Phazyme (1178 Stafford) tablets 100 Philipa (1149 Skuse) Philipa (545 Grossmith) hair lacquer sachet 50cc refills 28cc lacquer remover shampoo 52cc  Philips (977 PE) Philishave shavers 3 de luxe HP1122	0.635d 0.59dz 0.94dz 0.90dz 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts) 	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz  l·35 dz 2·22 dz  0·37 ) (20 pkt:	3·44 z 0·16 z 0·08 z 0·16 z 0·07 z 0·16 0·20 0·15 0·20 0·42 0·69 0·17½ 0·17½ 0·10	D D I
atomiser 6693 Pears (509 Gibbs) baby powder soap transparent soap toilet bath Pedrian (1335 Wigglesworfoot salve Penicillin-V-Lilly (413 Lil Pulvules 125mg 1000 Per-de-Co (261 Christy) large Perform (366 Dendron) eight-day hair set  Perma-Sharp (958 P5) exist Perma-Sharp (585 H5) razor blades dispenser (5)  Perutz (1136 5ilber) colour negative film 126 12exp 20exp 135 20exp Petal (153 B5C) 25 case rates minimum of kitchen towels  Pevidine (117 BPL) surgical scrub 500ml Si elbow tap outfit dispensing pump Phazyme (1178 5tafford) tablets 100 Philipa (545 Grossmith) hair lacquer sachet 50cc refills 28cc lacquer remover shampoo 52cc Philips (977 PE) Philishave shavers 3 de luxe HP1122 special HP1123	0.635d 0.59dz 0.99dz 0.90dz 1.60dz 2.59dz 4.25dz ing entry 1.00 (20 pkts) 1.63 (2 dz) 1.08 5.00 2.20 0.41 9.90dz 0.94 (3 dz) 0.64 (3 dz) 1.27 (3 dz) 7.07 6.21 5.03 4.37 11.80	z 0·235 dz 0·215 dz 0·345 dz 0·345 dz 0·33 dz 1·35 dz 2·22 dz 0·37 (20 pkt: ————————————————————————————————————	3.44 z 0.16 z 0.08 z 0.07 z 0.12 c 0.15  0.20 0.42 0.69 0.17 z) 0.51 0.56 0.10  1.40 0.06 0.04 0.07	D D I

PL W. (676 DVD)	Trade £·p	Tax £·p	Retail £·p
Phillips (978 PYP) fish foods aquatabs iron tonic tablets 100 tonic yeast tablets 600	1 · 05dz 1 · 70dz 5 · 04dz	0·23dz	0·15 0·19 0·56
Phul Nana (545 Grossmith) perfume 5cc	1 · 59dz	0·85dz	0.27
Phyldrox (228 Carlton)†sls4A tablets enteric coated 40 dp250	0·17 0·77	=	=
plain 50 dp250	0·17 0·77	=	=
dp500 Phytogran (126 Biocos)	1 · 37	_	_
capsules 50 100 Pinaud (984 Pinaud)	0·70 1·30	=	1·10 2·00
Trade prices shown are for I Pin-up (412 Elida) home perm end-curl		: I·3Idz	0.40
full-head Piptal (824 MCP)	3 · 665 dz	2.015dz	0.62
tablets 5 mg 50 500	0·58 5·14	=	0·87 7·71
Piptalin (824 MCP) elixir 100ml Pirisol (333 Cupal)	0.54	_	0.81
junior soluble aspirin Plantoids (430 Eucryl)		0·26dz	0.12
large Polaroid (989 Polaroid)	I·52dz	_	0.19
cameras Land Colorpack 80 Colorpack II	=	=	19·95 21·95
Colorpack III carrying case 380	=		24·9 <b>5</b> 2·2 <b>5</b>
film type 87	_	=	1·90 1·05
88 Pollitabs (243 Cernelle)	-	_	1.75
tablets 30 500 1000	Ξ	Ξ	0·30 3·30 5·85
Polymur (126 Biocos) tin 650g Polysilane (1336 WJ & C)	1.50	_	2.00
Pommade Midy (1336 WJ &	C) 0·35	0.13	0.66
Ponderax (1123 5LL) Delete retail prices Proteiset (1412 Jackel) styling lotion	0.19	0.105	0.39
Prothiaden (324 Crookes) †54 capsules 25mg 100	IB 1⋅57	_	_
Proveinase Midy (1336 WJ & C Prunagar (1336 WJ & C)†	•	0.06	0.29
tablets 50 Pulvex (295 CM & R) 20z	0·15 0·64dz	U·06	0.08
Pyrex (1508 Jobling) baby set feeding bottle 4oz	0·7I 0·10	0.06	1 · 12½ 0 · 15
8oz wide mouth 8oz	0·12 0·17	Ξ	0·18 0·25
measuring jug lpt	0·235 0·31	0·03 0·04	0·38 0·50
tablets 100 Quick Action (1297 WD)	0.915dz	0·335dz	0.16
Quick Action (1169 BG5)	0.10	0.04	0.19
Quinicardine Naitvelle (133 tablets 20	6 WJ & 0	C) 0·25	1 - 27
Racumin (96 BA) mouse bait	1 · 20dz	_	0.15
rat bait box carrypack	2·40dz 3·60dz 0·52	Ξ	0·30 0·45 0·80
Radox (893 Nicholas) bath salts Bouquet,	<b>V</b> 32		
Pine, Cologne	1 · 235dz I · 89dz	0·63dz 0·96dz	0·19 0·29
Rainette (331 C of C) hair lacquer refill sachet 30cc	0·21 dz	0·113dz	0.03
talcum 120g Rautrax (1176 5quibb) tablets 25	1·37dz	0.725dz	
Ravina (1369 RW) existing entr	ту	_	_
Ravina (1369 RVV) Beedi Bands elasticated, wooden beads			
med. 3 row 274	1 · 13dz I · 60dz	0·41 dz 0·59 dz	0·17½ 0·25
small 3 row 276 large 3 row 277 small 5 row 278	I · 45 dz I · 60dz	0·53dz 0·59dz	0·22\frac{1}{25}
Alice band, wooden beads 5 row 424 crochet band	4.00dz	0·55dz	0.55
Chennille 400 Lurex 401	3 · 00dz 4 · 40dz	=	0·371 0·55
hair plaits 320 pony tail holder 256 string tie head bands 312	2·20dz 0·80dz 1·85dz	0·30dz 0·29dz 0·25dz	0·30 0·12½ 0·25
velvet fashion bow on curl clip, small 521 on comb, med. 533	1 · 45 dz 2 · 20 dz	0·20dz 0·30dz	0·20 0·30
large 537 velvet fluff fashion bow	2.95dz	0.40dz	0.40
on comb, large 540	3 · 30dz	0·45dz	0.45

	Trade £·p	Tax £·p	Retail £·p
Wellcome (208 BW)	~ [	~ P	~ P
diphtheria antitoxin			
2000	0.24		0.36
10,000	0.64	_	0.96
20,000	I · 24	_	1.86
40,000	2.36	_	3.54
60,000	3.34	_	5.01
gas-gangrene antitoxin mixed ampoule	2.80	_	4.20
White Fire (545 Grossmith)			
bath cubes (6) 605	1.93dz	I ⋅ 03dz	0.33
bath dusting powder 606	4.07dz	2 · 18dz	0.70
beauty soap (3) 604	2.97dz	I ⋅06dz	0.46
buttle bath oil 610	2.75dz	0.98dz	0.43
Cologne stick 615	2 · 09dz	I · I 2zd	0.36
cream perfume 616	3 · 52dz	I⋅89dz	0.60
deodorant roll-on 619	2·04dz	I · 09dz	0.35
eau de toilette 603	3.08dz	I · 65dz	0.52
hand lotion 612	2·09dz	I·I2dz	0.36
perfume 3cc 600 6cc 601	2 · 48dz 4 · 74dz	1 · 33dz 2 · 54dz	0·42 0·80
12cc 602	9·00dz	4.82dz	1.50
talcum 608	2.25dz	i·21dz	0.39
	2 2302	1 2102	0 3/
Wiberg (994 P & M)			
pine essence 8801	1.98dz	I · 09dz	0.33
8802	3 · 30dz	1.815dz	
8803	5 · 40dz	2.97dz	0.90
8804 8805	10.80dz 20.40dz	5.94dz	1 · 80 3 · 40
8806	34·80dz	19.14dz	5.80
	34.00dZ	17.140Z	3.00
Wild Fern (1355 Yardley) talcum	0.167	0.09	0.341

	Trade £·p	Tax £∙p	Retail £•p	
Windsor (1070 Windsor) ex	isting entry			D
Windsor (1070 Windsor) Pink Piccolo talc 1088 soap lemons 4 N41	0·95dz 2·51dz	0·51dz 0·90dz	0·17 0·40	1
Woodhue (446 FI) Cologne spray 1785	0.48	0.265	1.05	
Xytox (96 BA) spot weeder	2·00dz	_	0.25	I
XZ (957 Perl) hair nutrient	9·50dz	-5 · 225dz	1.60	-1
Yardley (1355 Yardley) eye make-up Soul 5et shadows palettes	0·158 0·308	0· <b>0</b> 9 0·165	0·33 0·64	
Yaxa (366 Dendron) super dry aerosol unperfumed	4·23dz	I · 47dz	0.62	f
Yeast Pac (944 P & M) existi Yeast Pac (994 P & M) acne treatment sachet beauty mask sachet ready mixed sachet tube medicated tube Zal (1480 Izal) pine fresh dustbin powder	0·62dz 0·64dz 0·71dz 2·36dz 1·65dz	0·225dz 0·35dz 0·39dz 1·30dz 0·61dz	0·08½ 0·10 0·11 0·37 0·25	D
I ½ lb	l · 48 (l ½ dz)	-	0.11	

### THIS WEEK'S CHANGES

Abasin (1599 Winthro	(Q)	_	_		
Acidol-pepsin (1599)	Winthro	p)			Α
tablets	50	0 · 20		0.30	
Acriflex (34 A & H)	35g	0.11	_	0.163	Α
Adalin (1599 Winthrop Ad-Pilo (61 APC)	p)	_	_	_	D
ophthalmic solution	1%				
	I0ml	0.30	_	_	Α
Alevaire (1599 Winth		0.00			Α
	60ml	0.30		0 · 45	
	00ml	0.79	_	_	
Ambre Solaire (525 oil aer	rosol	4.72dz	2.60dz	0.79	_
Anafranil (501 Geigy)	1 +54R	4.7202	2.0002	0.73	7
ampoules 25mg/2ml	10	1 · 25		1.88	,
amposites 25mg/2mm	50	6.00	=	9.00	
capsules 25mg	100	2 · 125	-	3.19	
	500	10.25		15.38	
syrup 25mg/5ml   15	50ml	1.925	_	2.89	
Ananase (324 Crooke	es)				
forte 25 and	1 250	_	_	_	D
Anaphylline (1178 5t	afford)				
tablets	500	_	_	_	D
Andre Philippe (48 AP	) existing	gentry			D
Andre Philippe (48 A	AP)	0.00.	1 045 1		I
after shave lotion	103	2.30dz	1 · 265dz	0.40	
bubble bath bubbles bubble bath	: 19	2.55dz	0.93dz	0.39	
bubble bottle	25	I ⋅87dz	0·687dz	0.20	
candlestick	7	2.55dz	0.93dz	0.391	
cocktail	3Ó	5.00dz	1 · 83dz	0.79	
daddy Christmas	32	2 · 55dz	0.93dz	0.39	
decanter	8	2·55dz 4·75dz	1.74dz	0.74	
dimple	2	0.80dz	0.295dz	0.12	
gift set trio	33	4.00dz	1 · 465 dz	0.62분	
slim diamond	14	3 · 40 dz	1 · 245dz	0.52₺	
swan dimple	3	I⋅87dz	0.687dz	0 · 29	
baby	.!	0.80dz	0·295dz	0.12	
piggy bank twist bottle	21	2.00dz	0.73dz	0.31	
	6	1 · 20 dz 7 · 20 dz	0.44dz	0.19	
continental	35 16	7.50dz	2·64dz 2·75dz	1.12	
unicorn Cologne bubble bot		3 · 30 dZ	2.7302	1.12	
Cologlie Dubble Dot	38	I·67dz	0.92dz	0.29	
dimple bottle	37	0.72dz	0.395dz	0.123	
slim diamond	24	3 · 00 dz	I·65dz	0.52%	
unicorn	18	6.75dz	3.715dz	1·15 1·12½	
Cologne/lavender	34	6 · 60dz	3·63dz	1.123	
Cologne swan dimpl	le 23	I ⋅ 67dz	0.92dz	0 · 29	
baby size eau de Cologne	36	0.72dz	0.395dz	0.125	
eau de Cologne	0.7		0 (05)	0.10	
twist bottle	27	I⋅I0dz	0.605dz	0.19	
hairdressing for mer					
hairdressing for mer	104	2.30dz	1 · 265dz	0.40	
hair lacquer	101	2 3002	1 20302	0 40	
aerosol 8 oz	- 11	I⋅67dz	0.92dz	0.29	
refill bottle	iż	0.72dz	0.395dz		
hair spray aerosol 8				_	
• •	17	I⋅67dz	0.92dz	0.29	
toilet water decante	r 26	4 · 30dz	2·365dz	0.74	
Andrews (976 PL)					Α
liver salt	4oz	1.21dz	0 · 405 dz		
the board	8oz	2 · 19dz	0.735dz	0.29	
diabetic	8oz	2·25dz	0.75dz	0.30	
Applefords (57 Apple blackcurrant juice	l2oz	2.24dz	0 · 49 dz	0.25	Δ
natural lemon juice	120z	1.70dz	0.375dz		^
Ash (1556 Farillon)		. , 002	2 3,332	,	
	yd	0.80dz	0 · 29 dz	0.13	Ī
Babyblend (810 Maw)	) ·				Α
wool ` 34	6.00	0 · 64dz	_	0.08	

5 CHA	NG	ES			
Baby Safe (705 Kir	by) 18	I·65dz		0.21	•
Bactrim (1074 Roc suspension		1.13	_	1.70	
tablets	100 500	4·40 20·00	=	6·60 30·00	Ĭ
Balto (727 Lane) athletes foot lotio		I · 55dz	0·57dz	0.25	1
corn salve foot balm	7g 40g	0.60dz 1.25dz	0.22dz 0.46dz	0.10	
Belladena! (1098 5a	100g andoz) †515 100	1 · 90dz 54A 0 · 43	0·70dz	0.30	Α
retard Bellergal (1098 5an	100	0.50	=	0.75	Λ
tablets	100 250	0·83 1·95	=	1·25 2·93	Α
retard	1000	7·50 1·45	Ξ	11 · 25 2 · 18	
Beltona (800 TM)	250	3.50	=	5·25 —	D,
Beltona (312 AC) Beautisheen (101 E	Beautisales 141 g	0 · 42	0.23	0.86	1
Benoxyl (1191 Stiel cream plain, regul	fel)	0 42	0 23	0.00	
strong Benylin (938 PD)	30g	0 · 29	-	0.44	•
expectorant Bidex (631 Hudnut	2·25I )	1.40	_	2.10	С
dry spray liquid	bottle	2 · 315dz	1 · 34dz 1 · 275dz	0.40	Α
sachet talcum aerosol Big D (1572 DF)	6	3 · 225dz	0·505dz 1·775dz	0.13	
spot remover Brocadopa (192 Br	ocades) †5	2·04dz 4B	-	0.25	•
tablets 500mg B'Xtra (175 BCP)	100	4.10	-	6.15	• A
tablets Cadum (280 CP)		I · 08dz	_	0.12	Α
soap	toilet bath	2·31 (6 dz) 2·31	0·85 (6 dz) 0·85	0.05	
Cafergot (1098 5an		(4 dz)	(4 dz)	0.071	
suppositories	6 30	0·43 1·90	=	0·65 2·85	Α
tablets Cafergot Q (1098 5	100 Sandoz) †S		-	2.85	Α
tablets	100	0·45 2·10	=	0·68 3·15	
Camcolit (221 Cam tablets 250mg	100 1000	0·33 2·10	-	0·44 2·80	•
old packs Cedilanid (1098 5ar		_	=		D
tablets	40 250	0·23 1·19	=	0·35 1·79	Α
Ceeyes (727 Lane)	500	2 · 30	-	3.45	1
tablets Celabs (727 Lane)	95	I ∙85dz	0.68dz	0.29	1
tablets	95 180	1 · 85dz 2 · 85dz	0 · 68dz 1 · 04dz	0.45	
Charabs (727 Lane)	480 95	6 · 75dz I · 85dz	2·475dz 0·68dz	0 · 29	1
Cablets	180 480	2·85dz 6·75dz	1.04dz 2.475dz	0.45	
Chilvax (175 BCP) tablets	24	I·I3dz	0.41dz	0.16	Α

	Trade £∙p	PT £∙p	Reta
48 100	1.91dz 3.66dz	0.70dz 1.34dz	0.
Chloromycetin (938 PD) T5 veterinary		1 3102	
Kapseals 0·25g 100 1000 packs of 12 and 500	3·71 35·75	Ξ	53·è
ophthalmic ointment succinate vial   Ig	0·08 0·37	Ξ	0.1
tincture 10% 60ml	0.82	=	1-2
topical 100ml vetrettes 5 50	2·17 0·41 3·79	Ξ	3·2 0·€ 5·6
Circulin (727 Lane) forte 100	3 · 85 dz	I·4Idz	0.6
garlic perles 180 Circulinol (727 Lane)	3·55dz 6·75dz	1 · 30dz 2 · 475dz	0.5
Colchi 5al (800 TM) Colchi Sal (195 B & 5L)	0 /302	2.4/30	2 1 0
Collo-Cal-D (324 Crookes) bottle 100ml Corega (1178 5tafford)			
denture powder 18g 48g	I · 18dz I · 93dz	=	0.14
Cortoderm (324 Crookes)	3·19dz	_	0.38
0·25% 0·5% Cortoderm N (324 Crookes	)		
0·25% Crinx (1155 5 & N)			
conforming bandage 4yd×2in 3in	0·625dz 0·81dz	=	_
4in 6in	0.97dz 1.345dz	Ξ	=
Crookes (324 Crookes) iodine oil with methyl sal scalp lotion			
Deseril (1098 5andoz) †s4B tablets 100	3.50	_	5.25
Dietade (374 DFL) existing ent Dietade (840 EMF) canned fruits	try		
sliced peaches, pineapple 7oz	0·90dz	_	0.10
apricots, cherries, pears 7oz	I ⋅ 08dz	_	0.12
fruit salad 7oz low salt beans 7oz	1 · 17dz 0 · 81dz	=	0·13 0·09 0·09
peas 7oz salad cream 7oz tomato ketchup	0.81dz 1.44dz	=	0.16
Dihydroergotamine (1098 5: tablets 50		в—	0·18
Dorothy Gray (385 DG)	1 · 13 5 · 35	=	8.03
moisture tint skin colour corrector	0·34 0·34	0·185 0·185	0·73 0·73
Efferdent (721 LC) tablets 36 Elase (938 PD)	I ∙86dz	0.68dz	0.26
dry powder 30ml ointment 30g	0·66 1·02	0·24 0·37	I · 23 I · 90
Elastoplast (1155 5 & N) airstrip finger dressings 7924	1 · 355 dz	_	0.16
airstrip detectable dressings 100—3×½ 7960	8 · 62 dz	_	1-02
100—1½×1½ 7961 50—2×3 7962 dressing strip 6 in 4165	7·78dz 8·655dz 0·295	=	0.92 1.025 0.03
first aid kits agricultural BI	9.30dz	_	1-10
factories B2 F1 F2	14·34dz 20·16dz 44·10dz	=	1 · 70 2 · 40 5 · 25
F3 motorists 8155	67·20dz 8·52dz		8.00
offices and shops OSRI OSR2 OSR3	9·30dz 18·54dz 43·32dz	=	1·10 2·20 5·15
O5R4 food hygiene O5R1FH	63·90dz 10·08dz	=	7·60 1·20
O5R2FH Elityran (1599 Winthrop)	19·50dz	_	2.30
Elizabeth Arden (60 Arden) eyelashes full	_		2 · 25
semi lower	=	=	2.00
spikelet nail enamel cream	_	_	2·50 0·75
translucent pearlised			0·75 0·85
base coat clear base	Ξ	=	0·70 0·70 0·70
top coat old packs Emprote (840 EMF)	=	=	-
ilp Ilp	1 · 7 I dz 3 · 06 dz	=	0·19 0·34
rolls (36) cheese crispbread 3oz	3·054dz 0·99dz	=	0.31
savoury crispbread 3oz		-	-

A D I D I A

D D A

	Tra	de	Tax	Retail	1			Trade	PT	Retail	ı		,	rade	PT	Retail
405 FL C	£.		£.b	£.b				£.b	£.b	s d		351	1	٤٠p	£∙p	s d
Lauder (425 ELC) & cheek tints	, -	_	_	2·10 1·45	•	previewer Vista Hedex (976 PL)		=	=	3.98	А	lotion nappy liners		I · 76dz I · 28dz I · 15dz	0·97dz 0·47dz	0·28 0·20
der lip tints e (443 Eylure)	_	_	_	1 '45		tablets Heemex (727 Lane)	16	1 · 535dz	_	0.16	^		50	2·00dz 3·85dz	=	0·14 0·25
fertiti Nos. 1 & 2	6.	44d <b>z</b>	3 · 37dz	1.09	D	pile ointment	28g	l·20dz	0 · 44dz	0.20	J	one-way oil 347	2	2 · 40dz 1 · 28dz		0.46
e (800 TM) ers (800 TM)					D	Her (727 Lane)	loz 4oz	1.70dz	0·63dz	0.20	7	pants 327 · 89/78/59/88		0 · 60dz	0.70202	0.22
ners (195 B & 5L) on (1599 Winthrop)	)				D	shampoo Herbelix (727 Lane		2·85dz			1	Tufty pants Tufty Tail pads		1 · 60dz	=	0.072
ets 1000 s (463 Fisons)					A	decongestant Herlem (727 Lane) hand cream		1.00dz			1	newborn standard		2 · 24dz I · 28dz	_	0·23 0·13
ts lected garden sma hand	-	11 15	=	0·16½ 0·22½	- 1	Herwell (727 Lane)		1 · 35dz			1	Standard	20	2·32dz 3·28dz	Ξ	0·24 0·34
larg se & shrub hand	ge 0.	34 17	Ξ	0·51 0·25½	ı	Honeyfruit (175 BC	8oz		1 · 155dz		А	babysoft soap 353 feeders 302	·01	0·57dz 1·87dz	0.21dz	0·08 0·23
ex. largecial lawn 50sq.	gé 0·	55 <b>60</b>	Ξ	0.83° 0.90		health food	7oz 16oz	2·43dz 4·50dz	=	0·27 0·50		302 302	· 11	1 · 60dz 1 · 61dz	=	0·20 0·20
1 (649 ICI)			0·41dz			Honeyjel (175 BCF		2·43dz	_	0 27	Α	303 360	·22	1 · 55dz 1 · 45dz		0.19
ım 565 Hanimex)	-		-	_	DA	Horseguard (176 B	16oz	4.50dz	-	0.50	•	360 gripe mixture 497	·02	I ∙28dz	 0 · 43dz	0·16 0·18
icolor film N100 6—12 exp	_	_	_	0.53		antiseptic healing		5·635dz	2·065d	2 0.80		junior shampoo 348 K.L.N. suspension	.00	I ∙ 64dz	0.60dz 0.38dz	0·25 0·16
6—20 exp 5—20 exp	-	=	=	0·64 0·59		hoof oil		5·305dz 1·705				5impla feeder and t 304	eat	2 · 42dz	_	0.30
5—36 exp	=	_	=	0·79 0·46		hoof oir		4.94dz	1.81dz	0.70		spare bottle 304 4oz poly. 304		2 · 02dz I · 60dz	_	0·25 0·20
ichrome film 100 135—20	_	_	_	1 · 19		nutritional supple	ment lpt	4.05dz		0.45		8oz poly. 304 spare cap and disc	·22	I∙69dz		0.21
135—36 126—20	-	_	=	1 · 69 1 · 19		Hudnut (631 Hudni	lg <mark>al</mark> ut)	1.80	_	2 · 40		306 jug 306			 0·49dz	0·05 0·50
15 F50	-	_	=	1·86 1·86		Cactus cleanser Cream of Cactus	,	3 · 14dz 1 · 96dz	1 · 725d:		Α	mixer 306 set 327		0·71dz 1·01	0·10dz 0·06	0·09 1·50
e film single—8 ack & white R50	_	_		1.62		Light and Bright		4·21dz 1·94dz	2·315d: 1·065d:			sterilising solution 338	·10	2 · 10dz	_	0 · 25
R200 (565 Hanimex) exis	sting entr	<u>-</u> 'y	_	1.62	D	Roll Quick		1 · 09 dz 2 · 06 dz	0.60dz 1.135d	0.18		teats assorted hole 300		0 · 50dz	_	0.06
a (565 Hanimex) nera 35mm compact	: -	_	_	39.98	'	Humatin (938 PD)	Т5					universal Nursery 5undries	(	0·67dz	_	0.08
ne single-8 2100	-	_	_	29.98		syrup	60ml 500ml	0·66 5·33	=	0·99 7·99		anti-splash potty 396·20		4 · 00dz		0.50
300	-	=	=	33·98 63·98		Huxley (800 TM) Huxley (195 B & 51	_)				D	baby bath mat 369 food and bath thern	no-		0.515dz	
jicascope M25	-	_		59.00		llford (645 llford) films black and wh					С	meter 397 sponges 397			0 · 47dz 0 · 19dz	
MG90 s (800 TM)	-	_	- '	119.98	D <sub>.</sub>	FP4	12 <b>7</b> 120	0·15 0·15	0·085 0·085	0·31 0·31		brush and comb set 396·10	/11 :	2 · 3 l dz	0·845dz	0.36
rs (195 B & 5L) sil (1310 WW)					<u>'</u>	HP4	620 127	0·15 0·15	0·085 0·085	0·31 0·31		hand decorated	·15	3 · 69dz	I·35dz	0·58
5			0·355d: 0·70dz			chemicals	120	0 · 15	0 · 085	0.31		child's training seat		5 · 52dz		0.69
	30 1.		_	1.35	R	1D-11 developer PQ universal dev		0.135	_	0 · 20½		feeder beaker 396·30 feeder set 396·30	/31 :	2 · 95dz	0 · 20dz 0 · 405dz	0.39
naine Monteil (148		00	-	4.00		Intramycetin (938		0.22	-	0.33		396·05 keep warm plate 396·			0.435dz	
per Moist sck cream 30	0g -	_	_	2·50 4·50	•	(vet.) vial	10ml 30ml	0·33 0·92	=	0·49½ 1·38	- 1	neat'n tidy baby bag 397		7·64dz	0.70dz	1.30
(101 Beautisales)	0g -	_ 09	0.03	0.17		Ipsolon (800 TM) Ipsolon (195 B & SL	.)				P	plastic bib 397	·60 (	0.71dz		0.09
ne (727 Lane)			0.51dz		,	Janet's (800 TM) Janet's (195 B & 5L	)				P	397 · potty 8in 396 · 25	·61	l • I 2dz 2 • 88dz	=	0·14 0·36
112	2g 2·		0 · 895 d:		, D	Jantzen (810 Maw) swin caps		2·09dz	0.2854-	0.20	1	pram nets 397 terry bibs 397	00 2	2·64dz 2·88dz	Ξ	0.33
ix (840 EMF) pe juice 23		- 50dz		0.49	1	Bubble crepe Callas Chequer		0.96 4.66dz	0.13	1.60		terry feeders 397- terry squares standa	55 2	2 · 45dz	_	0.32
nlins (175 BCP)			0.31dz		Α	Cindy Cluster		1·35 3·22dz	0.19	2.25		super	12	l · 80 2 · 24	=	2·40 2·99
llets mex (565 Hanimex) imex (565 Hanimex	existing e		0.31dz	0.12	D <sub>i</sub>	Cressy Diving Girl		0·60 2·09dz	0.08	1.00		Proprietaries				- ,,
neras super 8 oadmatic M50	-			14.70	<i>'</i>	Ministar Rosebud	Ì	2.81dz 4.66dz	0.385dz	0.39		tube 488- jar 488-			0·425dz 1·035dz	
M100 M200	=	=	Ξ	19·98 29·50		5hamrock Zoe		2·30dz 0·75		0.32		pre-natal oil 347 Metatone (938 PD)†		I∙8Idz	0·995dz	0.31
MP200 MPF310		_	=	35·00 69·98		Jochem's (101 Beau dog lotion	itisales) 180cc	0.44	0.24	0.90	,	tonic 250 500			0·055 0·095	0·28 0·481
sh equipment optatron 300		_	_	22.50		Juno Junipah (312 major effervescent	AC)				D	Midicel (938 PD) tablets 0.5g (vet.)	12			
400 500	-	_	=	25·00 39·98		Kemazoids (175 BC tablets		1 · 32dz	0·05dz	0.15	Α	Milontin (938 PD) Kapseals 0.5g		0.66		0.99
shgun cube flash htmeters	-	-	-	1 · 75			490 • 00	2 · 6 l dz	0 · 955dz	0.40	Α	Milton (1055 RM)			_	
R45 R55	-	-	=	4·70 5·50		Lipoflavonoid (757 capsules	100	12·80dz			c	Minilyn (917 Organon)	†s4B	3 · 60dz	_	0.40
R60-Cd5 R80-Cd5		=	_	6·50 8·50		Lipotriad (757 Lew	is)	59·20dz			с	Minus (175 BCP)		0.233	_	0.35
R85-Cd5 ekonic Brockway	-	_	-	16.98		capsules		10 · 60dz 98 · 80zd 3	36·20dz	15.36		sweetening tablets 2 Miocarpine (61 APC) †		l ∙35dz	-	0.15
L28C slides		=	=	23·50 4·95		liquid	200ml	7·50dz 35·20dz						0.36	_	_
marine LI	64 -	_	_	56.98		Luminal (1599 Win sodium ampoules	, ,				D	1% 10 2% 10	ml (	0·30 0·34	Ξ	=
loadmatic 720 880		=	=	34·98 39·98		Lyndiol (917 Organ tablets	22	0.233	_	<b>0·3</b> 5	Α	4% 10		0·36 I·20	=	_
904 dual 10 dual ojectors slide		_	=	55·98 53·00		Maalox (324 Crook tablets No. 2 Madecassol (1077 F	30				D	Morning Price (800 TM) Morning Pride (312 A)				
lanimette 100 lanorama 300		_	_	9·98 15·75		ampoules Marmola (800 TM)	l ml				D D	Mother Seigels (800 TM)	) ်			
a Ronde 2000 RF 2000 EF				64·95 77·95		Marmola (800 171) Marmola (312 AC) Maws (810 Maw)					1	Mother Seigels (195 B Nappiclene (810 Maw)	·			
2000 TEF londette 4005		_	Ξ	82·50 23·50		Nursery Products baby bath care		1 · 92 dz	0 · 72dz	0.28	A		Soz 2	2·35dz	-	0.28
12005 1200A		=	Ξ	33·90 46·25		baby bottle warn baby powder sta		1.50	0.55	2.60	.,	100	0ml 250			
1200RF ewers Hanimette		_	Ξ	53.95			351.01	0·85dz	0 · 3 l dz	0.13	16	Nervoids (175 BCP) tablets	21	l·53dz		0 · 17
Hanorama	-	-	_	1.98		,411	351 -04	1·43dz	0 · 53dz	0.22				1.95dz	-	0·55

	Trade	PT	Retail	1	Trade	PT	Retail	1	Trade	PT	Ret
Mayone (100 Biraryita)	£.b	£·p	s d	Picab (E/E Hartman)	£·p	£∙p	s d	No. 7	£·p	£∙p	S
Novara (128 Biometica) cleanser 39g	1 · 32dz	0·70dz 0·74dz		Ricoh (565 Hanimex) camera 35mm TL5 401			135.00	No. 7 No. 8	0·55 0·58	=	0.
oil of youth 28g 83g	3 · 5 l dz	1.88dz 2.75dz	0.59	case	=	_	6·50 59·98	Walk Strates pr Zinco-pads		0·283dz 0·242dz	
Nylax (175 BCP)		0.39dz	A	projector dual Rite Diet (1440 WFL) exis Rite Diet (1440 WFL)	sting entry	_	39.96 D	Seboderm (1007 PL) (distributors 276 C & C)			
Nystaform (1460 Dome) T5		0.3302	A	diabasia fauis calca Îda	z 0·34	_	0.45	SMP (61 APC) †sl			
ointment 30g Nystaform-HC (1460 Dome)		_	1·29	flour 6×2		=	=	ophthalmic solution atropine 1% 10ml	0.34	_	-
cream 15g 30g	0·58 I·04 I·09	=	0·87 1·56 1·63	savoury biscuits 4½00 protein free products	2 0.11	_	_	homatropine 2% 10ml Soothene (727 Lane)	0.34	-	-
lotion 30ml ointment 15g 30g	0·59 1·06	Ξ	0·88 1·59	flour 6×21 gluten free/protein		-	_	antiseptic cream 28g Spectraban (1191 5tiefel)	1.10dz	0·40dz	0.1
Oil of Ulay (496 Garsalle)		2·805d	A	Jai Antisepticus (000 111)		-	- <sub>D</sub>	Syntometrine (1098 5andoz)		0.17	0.8
6oz	7.00dz	3.82dz		Sal Antisepticus (195 B Sancos (1098 5andoz) †DI	OI		1 20 1	ampoules Iml 6	0·25 3·25	=	0·3 4·8
Omniped (656 IFA) foot cushions pr.	7 · 37dz I · 49dz	_	0·89 • 0·18	syrup 100m	1 0.15	=	4·20 A 0·23	Syntropressin (1098 5andoz) spray 5ml	†s4B 0·71	_	1.0
renewal bandage Optabs (175 BCP)†	1 7742		O-10	Sandocal (1098 5andoz) tablets		_	3·38 A 0·53	Tacitin (262 CIBA) tablets 10mg 100	1.32	_	1.9
eye lotion tablets handy pack refill	0 · 72dz I · 80dz	=	0·08 0·20	Scholl's (1108 5MC)		=	2.63	Taka-Diastase (938 PD) tablets pepsin			
kit pack economy pack	1.95dz 3.57dz	•04dz 0∙04dz	0·22 0·40	adhesive foam 6×3in adhesive moleskin	0·80dz 0·60dz	=	0·10 A 0·07½	compound 100 Tancolin (810 Maw) existing e	0·34 ntry	0.13	0.64
Orgaluton (917 Organon)†s4E tablets 20		_	0·37½	animal wool anti-pressure pad	0·60dz 0·80dz	=	0·07½ 0·10	Tancolin (810 Maw) †DDI children's linctus 100cc	l·50dz	_	0.18
Orthoforms (922 Ortho) pessaries 10	0.20	_	0·30 A	antiseptic foot balm ankle & arch support	1 · 49 dz 2 · 56 dz	=	0·18 • 0·32 A	Tarsolve (204 Bunar)	1 · 60	-	-
Ortho-Novin (922 Ortho) tablets 0.5mg Pushpaks			D	arch cushions athletes foot powder	0·43dz I·60dz	=	0·65 0·20 ●	tar remover Torecan (1098 5andoz) †s4B	0.47	_	0.70
2mg Dialpak 2I Ortho-Novin SQ (922 Ortho)			D D	Ball-o-Foot supersoft pi		_	0.19 A	tablets 25 250	0·20 1·63	=	0·30 2·45
Outdoor Girl (867 MP) Tanfastic Xtra	2 · 30dz	I · 265dz	0.35	soft-step pr	I ∙ 20dz	 0·534d	0·10 0·15	Tubelette (800 TM) Ulay (496 Garsalle)			1
Ovanon (917 Organon) †s4B tablets 22	0.283	-	0·42½ A	bath cubes pine (6) bath salts		0.33dz 0.605d	0.11	vitamin night cream 80g	5 · 10dz	2 · 805 dz	0.87
Paragon (1155 5 & N) zinc oxide plaster ½in × lyd	0·375dz	_	^	large Bromidrocil bunion lotion	I ⋅ 00dz	0.367d 0.425d	z 0·17	Veganin (1310 WW) †DDI tablets 20	1 · 28dz	0·47dz	0.19
lin × lyd ½in × 3½yd	0.51dz 0.855dz	-	Ξ	shield (foam ease) (slim foam)	1 · 94dz 1 · 20dz		0·24 0·15	Veripaque (1599 Winthrop)	2·46dz	0.90	0.36
lin × 3½yd 3in × 5yd	1 · 195dz 1 · 125dz	_	Ξ	chilblain ointment	I ∙35dz 0 •88dz	0·495d	lz 0·22 0·11	powder 3g 6 Vibra (721 LC)	0.68	-	-
lin × 5yd 2in × 5yd	1 · 64dz 2 · 76dz	=	=	corn & callous file corn callous salve	I • 52dz I • I 6dz	0·836d 0·425d	z 0·19	tonic bath Vick (1055 RM) existing entry		0.61 dz	0.18
3in × 5yd ≩in × 10yd	3 · 775 dz I · 64 dz	Ξ	=	corn shields latex foam felt corn & bunion	0.88dz	_	0.11	Vick (1055 RM)		0.42	0.0-
lin × 10yd 2in × 10yd	2·59dz 4·06dz	=	=	pads self adhesive	0.80dz		0.10	cough drops 40pkts formula 44	1.185	0.43	0.05
3in × 10yd Parke-Davis (938 PD)	5 · 74dz	_	0.16	Fixo corn plasters foam cushion pads	0·66fz 0·88dz	0·242d	0·11 0·11	linctus †DDI 2oz 4oz discs	2·25dz 3·60dz I·62dz	_	0·25 0·40 0·18
vaccines catarrh Iml 25ml	0·12 1·05	=	0·16 / 1·40 0·99 R	foot deodorant anti-persperant	2.60dz	1 · 44dz 0 · 367d		inhaler lip wick	1.620dz 1.21dz	0·44dz 0·44dz	0·18 0·17 0·17
Pedigleem (101 Beautisales) spray tonic 141g	0.66	0.18	0·99 R 0·68	foot powder large foot spray	I·46dz	0.367d 0.535d 1.44dz	z 0·24	steam inhalation unit	0.375	0.212 0.515dz	0 . 49
Pileabs (727 Lane) herbal pile tablets 80		0.68dz	- 1	handbag size hard skin reducer	I ⋅ 38dz	0·76dz 0·358d	0.24	vit C cough syrup	2·475dz	0.905dz	0.35
Pitocin (938 PD) †s4B		I·04dz	0.45	heel grip (superluxe) pu	0.58dz	0.08dz 0.117d	0.08	small large		0·415dz 0·725dz	
buccal tablets 100 Pitressin (938 PD) †s4B	6.66	-	9.99 R	Heel Pillo (latex foam)		0·113d		Wernets, Dr. (1178 Stafford) denture powder 18g	1 · 18dz	_	0.14
ampoules Iml 10 tannate in oil Iml 10	0.66	=	0.99 R 0.99	Insoles Air-Pillo		0·146d		49g 100g	1 · 93dz 3 · 19dz	=	0·23 0·38
Pituitrin (938 PD) †s4B ampoules Iml 10	0 · 47	_	0.70}	floral Cosy-sole	I ⋅ 78dz	0·146d 0·245d	z 0·24	Wintogeno (800 TM) Wintogeno (312 AC)			
Poli-grip (1178 5tafford) denture cream 21g	1 · 34dz	_	0·16	Kurotex pads Onixol Protesta sushions		0·385d		Wufs (175 BCP) dog tablets 12	0 · 72dz		0.08
49g Proctosedyl (1087 Roussel) T5 ointment 30g	2·10dz		0·25 1·50 ●	Protecto cushions suspender belt	0·80dz 0·80 0·15	0·11 0·021	0·10 1·25 0·24	30	1 · 35dz	-	0.15
Rational Diet (1536 RDP) Berich tablets 300	1.80dz	_	0·20 A	suspender type A set type B (NH5) pr		0.021	0.24	Zephringe (175 BCP) sachets (6)	0.92dz	0 · 34dz	0.13
500 1200	2·70dz 5·20dz	=	0·32 0·65 1	type C pr		0·041 0·014	0·46 0·17				
85 Eerich capsules 50	1 · 80dz	=	0·23 A	Tarso-pads toe-cap	0·80dz 0·72dz	=	0·10 0·09	AMENDMENTS TO K			
Rich-o-Vite complex capsules 100	3 · 75 dz	_	0 · 47	sleeve prop	0·72dz 1·86dz	=	0·09 0·23	195 B & SL = Brome & S Market, London, 5.E.I. 01-4	07 0825.		
Rich-o-Vite dry E	7 · 40dz	_	0.90	separators Tubegauz	0·60dz	_	0.07½	204 Bunar = Bunar Solvent Worcs. Redditch 64433.			
tablets 50	4·00dz	=	0·50 I	finger size with applicator	1 · 37dz	_	0.171	445 FCL = Facktative Co. L Didsbury, Manchester 20. 06	1-445 8878	3.	
Fort-E-Vite capsules 100 300	8·40dz 2·00	=	1.05 A 3.00	refill No. 01	0·97dz 2·54dz	=	0·12½ 0·32 R	1479 SCL = Schering Che 5ussex. 0444-6 6011.			
Rich-o-Cal 100 300 90	1 · 80dz 4 · 80dz	=	0·23 I 0·60 A	No. 12 No. 34 No. 56	3 · 28dz 3 · 54dz 4 · 90dz	=	0·40½ 0·44	1507 Paton = F. C. Paton ( 5, 43a Old Park Lane, 5ou	thport, La	ncs. 070	4 877
Rosamin tablets 50	I ⋅ 60dz 2 ⋅ 80dz	Ξ	0·20 I 0·35 A	No. 56 No. 78 No. TI	5·86dz 8·31dz	Ξ	0·61½ 0·73½ 1·04				
300 45	6 · 80dz	Ξ	0.85 D	No. T2 applicator metal	10.81dz	=	1.35	Stop press			
5ea Green tablets 100	2·50dz 6·60dz	Ξ	0·28 A 0·75	No. 00 No. 0	0·10 0·10	=	0·15 A 0·15	Rennie (893 Nicholas)			
vegetarian vit BI2 tablets 100	2·00dz	_	0.25 1	No. 1 No. 2	0·39 0·41	=	0·58½ 0·61½	tablets 12	(3 dz)	0·51 (3 dz)	0.07
Resonium A (1599 Winthrop)	2.00	_	- D	No. 3 No. 4	0·44 0·47	=	0·66 0·70½	25	(2 dz)	(2 dz)	0.11
powder IIb Ricoh (565 Hanimex) existing e	2·00 ntry	-	3·00 D	No. 5 No. 6	0·50 0·53	=	0·75 0·79½	50 100	2.28dz	0·485dz 0·775dz	0.32

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With the new square format film,\* you get a big square picture  $(3\frac{1}{4}" \times 3\frac{3}{8}")$  instead of a big long one. Of course, a new film size obviously requires a

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This new camera is only £19.95 and comes with a number of nice things:

Electric eye and electronic shutter for automatic exposures. Built in flash for 4-shot flashcube. Sharp 3-element lens. And easy drop-in pack-film loading.

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**Polaroid Instant Picture Cameras.** 



# Which vaginal deodorant should you recommend?

Bidex. Because it's the one with the patented all-day formula.

A formula developed and tested by Swiss gynaecologists to ensure total all-day effectiveness safely and naturally.

Your customers know Bidex from the heaviest-ever advertising campaign for any vaginal deodorant.

A campaign which has already made Bidex the fastest-growing brand in this market.

New users will want to try it and will be asking your advice on it.

Display and recommend Bidex. A brand you and your customers know you can trust.



# COMMENTGOMMENTGOMMENTGOMMENT

# A fight for principles

All the signs from Press reports suggest that the "leak" of the Government's cost-related prescription charges scheme came from a pharmaceutical source. Certainly Mr Geoffrey Rhodes MP is quoted as saying that the details were passed to him following discussions between the Government and pharmacists.

If this is so, can the leak have the presumably desired effect of changing the Government's mind? We doubt it. In fact, the difficulties faced by the profession's leaders may be the greater as a result of the disclosure, because the Government would now have to go back publicly on its "consultative" document.

Disclosure of certain administrative details of the scheme has served no useful purpose—the Government already knew that the Opposition were against them, that the Pharmaceutical Society opposed all charges on principle, and that chemist contractors had refused point-blank to have anything to do with the scheme. But they were more likely to be persuaded by reasoned argument than by being forced into a corner.

The timing of the "leak" was also inept, since the public will have confused the proposals with the introduction of the 20p charge on April 1.

# United voice needed

The position now is that opposition to the scheme—any scheme—must continue, preferably with a united voice from the whole health team, as Mr W. M. Darling, president of the Society, said in Sheffield at the weekend. Regrettably, the principles upon which opposition is based, and which in themselves have so much merit, are now clouded by the "50p upper limit" and the feasibility of operating the scheme. Rightly the Contractors Committee has refused to be drawn into discussing the details in its unambiguous reply to the Department of Health. Instead, it points out that the details of the scheme do nothing to allay the contractors' worst fears, and serve only to emphasise the correctness of the Pharmaceutical Committee's decision.

For those who wish to give support to the Society and the Contractors Committee, we list again the basic reasons for opposition the latter gave to Pharmaceutical Committee representatives in February:

- The most important medicines are likely to be the most expensive.
- The persons most in need of medicines will have most to pay.
- General practitioners will tend to prescribe to suit the patient's pocket and some will be tempted to prescribe medicines of the placebo type because they are cheaper.
- Charges would influence patients and delay essential treatment.
- A considerable administrative machine would be required to price prescriptions and there could be little or no saving in cost.

A corollary is that the pharmacist will sometimes be placed in the iniquitous position of coming between doctor

and patient — of being asked to choose the more important items on a prescription up to the limit the patient is able or prepared to pay.

There must also be added the important point made by the Pharmaceutical Society—namely that dispensing prescriptions is in itself an operation requiring a maximum degree of attention by the pharmacist. At this point in time, when even more professional scrutiny is necessary because of drug interactions etc, the move should be towards reducing the pharmacist's "tax collecting" burden, rather than increasing it. And nothing we have heard suggests that the proposed scheme would do anything but divert his concentration from the work in hand.

# Essential insulin

The therapeutic use of insulin has been a life-saver for about 30 million people throughout the world since the hormone was first extracted in 1921. The *C&D* commemorates this event with a feature on insulin therapy and diabetes (see page 391).

This year's World Health Day, on April 7, has the theme, "a full life despite diabetes," and the British Diabetic Association have launched an appeal for funds and are to be engaged in a particularly active campaign over the next few months.

Those events emphasise the continuing importance of the work of two men at the University of Toronto half a century ago. The men, Frederick Banting, a surgeon, and Charles Best, then a student of physiology and biochemistry, worked through the hot Canadian summer in a borrowed laboratory to make an active preparation of a pancreas extract, which they postulated would have an effect on blood-sugar levels in diabetics.

In that classic example of a scientific discovery, they established for the first time the existence of an internal secretion in the pancreas. A crude extract was obtained and in January 1922 a 14-year-old boy became the first patient to be treated with insulin.

Despite problems, caused by enzyme breakdown, of maintaining the insulin content of the pancreas before extraction and the complex initial manufacturing problems, industry was rapidly mobilised to produce insulin on a commercial scale.

The British pharmaceutical industry has contributed in a large degree to the knowledge of insulin manufacturing techniques, and the record of cooperation between companies to ensure the diabetic patients' needs were safeguarded is something that is unique in the whole history of pharmacy.

Today there are 500,000 known diabetics and modern eating patterns and working conditions are said to be adding to their numbers.

The diabetic is a regular customer in the pharmacy, and he is often well informed about his condition and the treatment it requires. Our feature provides up-to-date information on the current state of medical and technical knowledge to assist the pharmacist in giving the best possible advice.

# the Wellcome range of insulins

Soluble, Nuso, Lente, Protamine Zinc, Globin, Isophane

All are products of constant strength and the highest possible standards of purity – standards essential for the control of diabetes.

When you order, specify

# Wellcome insulins

\*trade mark



Burroughs Wellcome & Co. (The Wellcome Foundation Ltd.)
Dartford, Kent.

# 50 years of insulin therapy

Insulin is one of the few exceptions to the general rule that today's wonder drug will be tomorrow's curiosity. It has retained its position as the basic treatment for diabetes since its first isolation 50 years ago.

There can be few products that have been more closely studied, but the fact remains that no substitute has yet been discovered — the oral hypoglycaemic agents allow a more efficient utilisation of the diabetic's own insulin. Its structure is known and it has been synthesised in the laboratory, though at a cost which precludes manufacture. Thus the source of insulin remains animal pancreas gland.

Despite this, the insulin used today is a far superior product to that first issued from the sub-basement in the University of Toronto in 1922. In those days the diabetic had to inject large volumes of a crude extract many times a day. The extract was standardised by a biological assay, relatively imprecise compared with current biological standardisation procedures. Crystalline insulin was not isolated until 1926, and it took a further eight years before the discovery was made that zinc ions were required to make such crystallisation reproducible.

A precise form of insulin injection, not subject to the variations associated with biological assay, thus came into being, but it did nothing to remove the necessity for many injections a day. It was a major advance, paving the way for the introduction in 1936 of the first effective depot insulin, consisting of a complex of insulin and protamine evolved by Hagedorn of Denmark and called delay insulin.

Almost immediately this was displaced by the now familiar protamine zinc insulin (PZI) of the Toronto workers Scott and Fisher. In 1939, another long-acting insulin, globin zinc insulin, was described by Wellcome research workers. Ten years later, the name of Hagedorn reappeared when neutral protamine Hagedorn insulin (NPH or, to give its official title, isophane insulin) was described. Other Danes, Hallas Møller, Petersen and Schlichtkrull were responsible in 1951 for the discovery of the insulin zinc suspensions, the lente type insulins which form the major group of insulin in use today. Apart from Hagedorn's delay insulin all the other types are still available, and have been added to by three neutral insulins (Actrapid [porcine insulin] Nuso [bovine insulin] and biphasic insulin [Rapitard]).

With ten insulins to choose from, the doctor should be able to tailor insulin to the patient's needs. For many diabetics a single dose of lente insulin will suffice. This preparation consists of a mixture of insulin zinc suspension (amorphous) — semilente — a rapidly acting insulin of comparatively short duration, with insulin zinc suspension (crystalline) — ultralente

Discoverers of insulin, Frederick Banting (right) and Charles Best, in 1921, with a depancreatised dog on insulin

# Not just a matter of injection

By W. A. Littlejohns, MPS, medical information executive, Burroughs Wellcome & Co, Dartford, Kent

— an insulin slow of onset but prolonged in effect. The proportions of the two ingredients may be altered by additional semilente or ultralente where necessary. Biphasic insulin injection, which consists of beef insulin crystals suspended in a neutral solution of pork insulin, has a rapid onset of effect and a duration of effect of 18 hours or more.

Protamine zinc insulin, which has most of the characteristics of ultralente, is still, when used in conjunction with insulin injection BP, the mainstay of many diabetics, particularly long-standing ones.

Its main disadvantage is that it contains a foreign protein, protamine, of fish origin. By contrast the lente insulins do not depend on such an additive, their effectiveness being due to the use of an acetate buffer. This buffer, unlike the citrate or phosphate buffer used in older depot insulins, does not interfere with the adherence of zinc to insulin.

PZI is not a precise balanced blend of insulin and protamine, but has an excess Continued on p 392



of protamine. The excess protamine obviously adds to the length of action, since isophane insulin in which the balance is exact has a shorter duration of effect. The free protamine in PZI can have one unwanted result, in that it can take up added unmodified or neutral insulin. Since it is common practice for a diabetic to mix a dose of unmodified insulin with PZI, to give enough insulin to take care of the carbohydrate in his first meal of the day, he should realise that the injection must be given immediately. Any delay may result in a reduction of the plain insulin and an increase of the bound hormone, and the effect of combination may be unpredictable.

Globin zinc insulin still has some adherents but is scldom prescribed for new patients. On the face of it, it has advantages over PZI and isophane; its protein is mammalian and thus should be less likely to induce an allergy, while its physical condition is that of a clear solution. When injected, this solution is precipitated at the pH of the body to form a depot injection. Despite these advantages, and despite the fact that its length of action is not prolonged into the night, to give rise to the nocturnal hypoglycaemia which sometimes occurs with PZI, it is not always satisfactory.

Isophane insulin, with an action similar to that of globin insulin, has its advocates, particularly for certain children. These young diabetics, often described as "brittle," are not easily controlled by a single injection of long-acting insulin, but they appear to do better on isophane than on other depot insulins.

Unmodified insulin (insulin injection) is the direct descendant of Banting and Best's original product. Rapid but evanescent in action, it is used for emergencies such as diabetic coma, but the new neutral insulin will undoubtedly supersede it. The latter's particular merit, as its name implies, is that its pH is neutral, whereas that of unmodified insulin is 3-3.5.

In some parts of the world a sulphated insulin is available, but this is not issued in the British Isles.

#### Dangers of mixing insulins

For practical purposes, insulins may be divided into three groups: (a) the older group of long-acting insulins containing phosphate buffer and comprising PZI, isophane and globin insulins, (b) those containing acetate buffer and consisting of the three lente insulins, (c) the three unmodified insulins, acid soluble insulin (insulin injection BP) and neutral insulin injection (Actrapid and Nuso).

Groups (a) and (b) are incompatible and should not be mixed. However, it is common practice to mix PZI with unmodified or neutral insulin immediately prior to injection. This makes sufficient insulin available to the body in the four hours or so before PZI begins to operate—in this case some loss of the fast-acting component due to reaction with excess protamine in the PZI has to be accepted.

As indicated above, the effect of such mixing may be unpredictable, but when the prescriber considers it absolutely neces-



Trimmed pancreas from an Ayrshire steer with portal vein removed

sary, it is better for a new diabetic not to mix insulin injection BP with PZI, but to use neutral insulin instead.

Both isophane and globin insulin begin to act after one to two hours, so there is seldom any need for admixture with a rapidly-acting insulin. It is worth noting that whereas PZI and isophane insulins have a pH approximating to neutrality, globin insulin is acidic.

Neutral insulin has the same degree of neutrality as the first two, while insulin injection with its pH of 3-3.5 has the acidity of globin insulin.

Any of the three lente insulins may be mixed before injection. Some interaction occurs when any of these are mixed with insulin injection or neutral insulin injection. The pH of the lente insulins is just above the neutral point.

Bíphasíc insulín injection is, as pointed out in the Extra Pharmacopoeia, incompatible with soluble insulín. In any case its characterístics generally make such mixing unnecessary, but Actrapíd neutral insulín may be mixed with the biphasic Rapitard if desired.

A point of importance is that the mixing of insulins may alter the characteristics of the ingredients, and therefore any such admixture should be done in the syringe immediately prior to injection.

# Resistance and species content

The two main sources of commercial insulin arc ox and pig pancreas. In the insulin zinc suspensions they differ in certain physical characteristics which affects their duration of activity. The manufacturer who uses beef insulin can prepare any type of insulin injection with it, but in contrast, the manufacturer who relies on porcine insulin has to use beef insulin for the IZS crystalline component. Within

the past few years it has been established that some users of beef insulin may in time develop a minor degree of resistance to it, due to the production of anti-bodies to the beef insulin.

In itself, this resistance is of little account, since the dose can be adjusted until a maintenance dosage is established. However, if the patient changes from beef to pork insulin, care should be taken in adjusting the dose, since a smaller dose of porcine insulin might be required because of possible lack of antibodies to the porcine insulin. To such a patient one unit of porcine insulin will be more potent than one unit of beef insulin, and therefore he may suffer a hypoglycaemic episode when he gives himself his usual injection. Because of this the British Diabetic Association warns its members against changing from one brand of insulin to another.

It will be realised that, in those insulins which contain the crystalline hormone, beef insulin must be used. In other insulins where amorphous insulin is present, the source may be ox or pig.

Species	content	of	insulin	preparations

Manufacturer	Species all bovine		
AB partnership			
Boots	all bovine		
Burroughs Wellcome	all bovine		
Weddel	all bovine		
Novo			
semilente	porcine		
ultralente	bovine		
lente	30 per cent porcíne		
	70 per cent bovine		
Actrapid	porcine		
Rapitard	approximately 20 per		
·	cent porcine and		
	80 per cent bovine		
sotuble insulin	30 per cent porcine		
protamine zinc insulin	70 per cent bovine		
·	30 per cent porcine		
	70 per cent bovine		

# 50 years of insulin therapy

# The continuing problem of diabetes

By Dr H. Keen, reader in medicine, Guy's Hospital

Diabetes mellitus is a singularly universal disease. It afflicts all manner of men and even reaches well into the animal kingdom. Description of the condition appears, unmistakeably, in man's earliest written records. It has been a preoccupation of physicians and scientists through the ages; some of the greatest names in medicine and biology are to be found in its distinguished bibliography.

The manifestations of the disease in man cover a wide spectrum. At one extreme of expression a dramatic and lethal condition it shades into a much commoner form, sometimes virtually devoid of signs or symptoms. Despite this clinical heterogeneity, over the whole range of manifestation hangs the threat of the long-term sequels, the so-called "complications" of diabetes; small vessel disease of the kidney and retina, cataract, neuropathic damage to the limbs and, most life-threatening of all, accelerated atherosclerosis restricting the circulation in the heart, leg and brain.

The purpose of this brief and selective review is to paint a general picture of the state of opinion about diabetes in 1971.

# Prevalence

Careful studies of diabetes prevalence in large population groups are a comparatively recent innovation. In most westernised societies with an expectation of life approximating seventy years, the prevalence of known diabetes is between 1 and 2 per cent, the frequency rising steeply with age, and with women represented about twice as often as men.

The overall figure conceals a conspicuous difference in the manifestation of diabetes in the young and the old. Diabetes starting in the first three or four decades of life is a comparatively uncommon, dramatic illness. Its onset is marked by increased thirst, voluminous micturition, body wasting and, if unchecked, by profound lethargy, coma and death. For people so afflicted, insulin is life-saving and oral preparations of no avail.

In older people diabetes is attended by lesser symptoms—and sometimes none at all. Irritation of the genitalia provoked by the urinary sugar, or the microorganisms which prosper in it, moderate thirst, vague malaise or even the effects of the long-term sequels themselves, may be the first intimation of the presence of the disease. Sometimes it is found incidentally, when the urine is tested in a routine check for insurance or employment purposes, or in the course of medical examination.

In recent years, diagnostic surveys among ostensibly healthy people have brought to light a surprising number of people with raised blood sugar. Adopting even quite rigorous criteria for the

diagnosis, the overall frequency in a completely surveyed population is unlikely to be under 5 per cent, and some would put it twice as high.

### Mechanisms

All forms of diabetes have in common, and depend for their diagnosis on, an abnormal elevation of blood glucose. In

the more severe varieties this is only part of a constellation of metabolic abnormalities, which includes excessive fatty acid and protein breakdown and severe acid/base, electrolyte and water disturbances. It is a syndrome which can be mimicked by pancreatectomy in the experimental animal. Disordered lipid metabolism of a milder order can also be demonstrated in the lesser expressions of the diabetes.

These abnormalities can be ascribed to a deficiency, complete or partial, of the actions of the hormone insulin. There is good reason to suppose that the immediate cause of this insulin deficiency lies in inadequate production or release by the beta cells of the islets of Langerhans. What remains obscure is the reason for the final breakdown in the manufacture or delivery of insulin.

Continued on p 394



Photo courtesy of British Diabetic Association

# Vapona-stops then

# 1971 will be the worst year ever for flie And your best year ever for PROFIT!

# More money in it for you

Vapona leads the world in fly-killers. Backed by the Shell name, Vapona is trusted by millions.

It is already the one with the greatest turnover. That means high profitability -£2.70 (£2.14.0d.) **profit** per dozen.

What's more, exciting new developments will ensure even higher sales.

# Get the new size they're asking for

Research shows that housewives want a more convenient size. So we've packed all the power of Vapona into a New Super Compact flykiller.

It's in a new design pack. It's in a new display carton.

It takes up less shelf space.
It's easier to pick up. Sales are going to be tremendous.

Powerful new advertising for New Super Compact Vapona flykiller

Dynamic TV campaign

- more TV support than ever before.

Hard Hitting magazine campaign

exciting full page, full-colour ads in major women's magazines.



# dead in their tracks







#### Always in demand - now right up to date with

- better design (modern, informative pack).
- revised formula (incorporating paracetamol).
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- chemists.

From all wholesale chemists. Full details from

Sister Lauras Infant & Invalid Food Co. Ltd.,

Bishopbriggs, Glasgow. Distributing agents for the Republic of Ireland. May Foberts (Ireland) Ltd.



# Catering for the diabetic

# 50 years of insulin therapy

A positive approach to diabetic food products can be definitely rewarding—both for the pharmacist and his diabetic customer.

Many chemists still maintain a small diabetic "stock" hidden away in a drawer or an odd corner. But the diabetic wants to be treated as everyone else, and should be able to find a fair range of his requirements well displayed. A diabetic section should be sited so as to allow the sustomer to seek advice readily.

One manufacturer has estimated that Boots Ltd have 75 per cent of the total narket. Almost certainly this is because the company long ago saw the advantages of stocking and displaying a good range of liabetic products—but the private retailer is becoming alive to the possibilities.

For manufacturers, the problem of cost can create difficulties. Higher prices are due to expensive raw materials, short production runs, and extra quality control and processes to ensure purity. Manufacturers often break into normal production and go through the time-consuming process of carefully cleaning machinery, to supply a batch of the diabetic food.

The review of products that follows excludes dietetic goods and deals with the common products available in Britain.

## Sweetening agents

The obvious challenge in dealing with diabetes is to regulate blood-sugar levels. A meal heavy with carbohydrates floods the blood-stream with glucose, so the carbohydrate intake has to be controlled. Where he patient has weight problems as well, a caloric controlled diet is also essential. Thus the calorific properties of the sweetening agents must be taken into account when considering the individual's diet.

Sorbitol and saccharin are often used to replace normal sugars, so that the sweetness element of taste is not lost.

The sodium salt of saccharin is palatable and comparatively free from unpleasant after-taste. It is cheaper than sorbitol and has no food value.

The amount of saccharin used is important. It is said to have about 550 times the sweetening power of sucrose. This is dependent on the strength of solution used, the relative power being greatest in dilute solution. So it is fruitless to go on adding saccharin beyond a certain point.

Some foods are sweetened better than others by saccharin (dependent on pH). It must be added after cooking and should not be boiled.

Sorbitol exists naturally in a wide variety of fruits, but not in sufficient

Top: The new Skels Cooldrop. Centre: Wander chocolates. Bottom: Selection of the Cooper range.

quantities for commercial use. It is obtained instead by the catalytic hydrogenation of glucose. Sorbitol's calorific value is the same as glucose, so it is not recommended for use in reducing foods, or for overweight diabetics.

It has about 60 per cent the sweetening value of sucrose and can be boiled during cooking and food manufacture. It has a laxative action, particularly on the new user, the laxative threshold is about 2 oz per day. It is about eight times the price of sugar.

Sorbitol's real value is that, unlike carbohydrates, it does not give rise to a sudden increase of glucose; about 60 per cent that is absorbed is converted slowly into glucose. The diabetic's system can deal with this adequately.

Saxin, Sweetex, Hermesetas, and Sorbitol from Howards of Ilford are all items worth stocking in this class.

## Preserves and Fruit

Frank Cooper say they have the most comprehensive range of marmalade, fruit and preserves on the market. Together with their jellies they produce sixteen different products.

An analysis shows that their fine cut





and Oxford marmalades, 7 oz strawberry and blackcurrant preserves and 8 oz fruit salad and peaches are the most popular lines

Frank Cooper, who maintain a chemistonly policy, say there is a very good case for establishing a diabetic section.

The diabetic should have the opportunity to shop and select goods without self-consciousness and embarrassment.

Energen low-sugar jams and marmalades contain about 40 per cent less sucrose than ordinary products.

#### Canned fruit

Two methods of reducing the sugar content of canned fruits are encountered. Frank Cooper's fruit is pre-processed in water to reduce natural sugar levels, then it is canned in a sorbitol solution. Dietade fruits are canned in water. Eustace Miles, the manufacturers, claim their fruit has a shelf-life of twelve months and may be kept in a refrigerator for a few days after opening. There are six canned fruits in the Dietade range. Rosella fruits come from F. D. Bavastock.

To make sugar-free chocolate attractive and palatable is a challenge to manufacturers, but a pleasing result can be obtained by using sorbitol.

Wander have a large range of six different bars (including coffee, orange and mint) and a milk chocolate assortment. Cadburys produce a plain chocolate and Smith Kendon offer three types in their Skels range, which has widened recently. Wafers, instant jellies and pastilles also go under the Skels name.

Smith Kendon say the latest addition, Skels Cooldrop (announced in January), is doing very well. Several technical difficulties had to be overcome to produce a hard boiled sweet not containing sugar.

White Laboratories market the DiaFrute range of sugar-free pastilles in various flavours. Simpkins assorted pastilles contain a sorbitol-saccharin mixture the sorbitol limited to keep calorific value low.

#### Beverages

A proportion of the many low calorie drinks available suit the diabetic. Schweppes supply an extra range of carbonated soft drinks and squashes in the traditional flavours. Under the Rose's label they have lemon and orange squash. Their Slim-line range includes tonic water, bitter lemon and American dry ginger ale. Then there are Mellojuce fruit juices, and Trim low calorie drinks from Strathmore Springs.

For a more substantial drink during the day or at bedtime Wander produce a chocolate drink sweetened with sorbitol.

Other products of interest include: Diabiscs, diabetic biscuits, from R. M. Scott; Dietade's low calorie salad dressing and dessert moulds (six flavours); and Andrew's diabetic liver salts (new price £0.30).

The range of diabetic products has been improved and widened in the past few years. There may be further development of carbohydrate equivalents, which do not require insulin for metabolism, and the use of general or special additives to normal foodstuffs which will help sufferers from metabolic ailments.

# PROFESSIONAL NEWS

Sherwood Regional Conference

# 'Weapons' to fight the cost-related charges

United opposition from the health professions might persuade the Government to drop its cost-related prescription charges scheme, Mr W. M. Darling, president of the Pharmaceutical Society, suggested on Sunday.

Speaking in a discussion group at a newstyle conference of the Society's Sherwood region, he said there was opposition coming from the doctors and dentists, and pharmacy was speaking with a 99.9 per cent unanimous voice against the charges.

Mr J. C. Bloomfield, chairman of the Practice Committee, outlined two "weapons" that could be used in the fight. The first, before imposition, was to ensure that Members of Parliament were fully aware of what was involved — if pressure was put on the Parliamentary System, the Government might reconsider its policy.

The second stage, if the first failed, could be to "take a leaf out of the doctors' book" by withdrawing from all voluntary activities in respect of the NHS pharmaceutical services — such as membership of Executive Councils or service committees

Mr Bloomfield pointed out that the Ministers had a strong hand against a refusal by pharmacists to collect the charges, since the money could be deducted from remuneration.

Earlier, speaking to the whole conference, Mr Bloomfield expressed Council's concern at the manner in which the Government's confidential proposals had been "leaked" to the Press. "Now we want to keep the slate of pharmacy clean."

#### Consistent opposition

But the Society had consistently opposed prescription charges, both flat rate and cost-related, as a matter of principle. As long ago as November 1970, when the new charges were first mooted, and again in January, the Society had brought this view to the attention of Sir Keith Joseph.

The president was asked whether support would be forthcoming from the company chemists, and replied that the absence of opposition to his own speeches on the subject, and to the Pharmaceutical Committees' resolution not to have any part in the scheme, suggested that it would.

The conference itself unanimously adopted a resolution opposing the charges.

The main innovation of the conference was that in the morning, the chairmen of five Council Committees explained their committees' functions while the afternoon session comprised discussion groups, each reporting back to the full meeting later.

The group led by the president and Mr Bloomfield spent some time on the Industrial Relations Bill, and Mr Darling said that during the past month the Society had consulted Parliamentary counsel about its possible role. The best advice available so far suggested that the Society would be able to register, though there

were still doubts about the precise meaning of "negotiate" in the Bill.

It was important that every step should be taken to enable Council to protect the interests of pharmacists and negotiate as in the past on behalf of the profession. It could well be that if the Society did not register it would be prevented from commenting on topics such as the cost-related charges and from giving evidence to the Noel Hall Committee or to the Prices and Incomes Board. A balance sheet would be drawn up to see whether it was in the Society's interest to register.

Questioned on the role of the National Pharmaceutical Union if the Society took over some negotiating functions, the president and Mr Bloomfield were agreed that the marketing and service operations must be continued.

#### Jenkin overridden?

Several members looked for changes in the Society's charter — or the testing of the Jenkin judgment in relation to the Society's negotiating role. The point was clarified by Mr C. C. B. Stevens, chairman of the Law Committee who said that new legislation would be difficult and costly and the Society must first devote its efforts to a new Pharmacy Act to put right the many anomalies in the practice of pharmacy that could only be remedied by legislation. This matter was already before the New Legislation committee. However, the desired changes might come about through the Industrial Relations Bill, which could override court judgments and allow the Society to act in spheres in which it had been unable to act in the past, on a basis of amicable arrangements with the other bodies concerned - principally the NPU. "I see a brighter future."

The first part of Mr D. H. Maddock's article in last week's C&D — see also p 376 this week — led a questioner to ask about the effect of health centres. Mr Darling said that there would be a minimum of 300 centres in the next three years, and the Society estimated that 1,500 pharmacies would be affected, many being forced to close.

The committee on the Planned Distribution of Pharmacies had put forward a scheme, still largely confidential, whereby a majority of the affected pharmacies might survive in the domiciliary areas. It was recommended that within, or adjacent to, a health centre there should be a consortium pharmacy, with the profits helping to support the pharmacies which lost prescriptions. However, legislation would be required to prevent "leapfrogging."

It was envisaged that the multiples would co-operate in such a venture, as they had been willing to do in the projected centre at Horsham. The health centre pharmacy would sell only medicines.

The president devoted his opening address to the Misuse of Drugs Bill, now in its final Parliamentary stages.

It included, he said, provisions to make regulations concerning safe custody of controlled drugs in pharmacy. During discussions with the Home Office, it had been suggested that a requirement of the future might be that controlled drugs, unless exempted under Section 7 of the Bill, would have to be kept in a pharmacy within a steel cabinet with walls at least  $\frac{3}{16}$  in thick. However, Mr Sharples, Minister of State, recently moved an amendment to the effect that no metal box would be required for storage if the security of the premises had been approved by the Chief Officer of Police.

"Whilst welcoming this amendment, my major concern is the different interpretation which can be placed upon the words 'adequate security' by different police forces. However, whatever security regulations are finally decided, I believe that it is incumbent that the Government make adequate arrangements, and I stress the word *adequate*, for the additional capital expenditure that would be imposed upon pharmacy."

Mr Darling also referred to efforts to get adequate pharmaceutical representation on the new Advisory Council — a minimum of two places were necessary.

But he was critical of an "in-built escape clause" concerning unlawful possession. "The defence of a person accused of being in unlawful possession of a controlled drug will be successful if it can be proved that, knowing it to be a controlled drug, he took possession of it to prevent another person from committing an offence. Obviously, the draftsman had in mind the problem of the youth leaders, the voluntary treatment organisations, or social workers, who may wish to help addicts."

# Consultative list

In the general question and answer session, Mr Bloomfield reported that the Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences had examined all substances in Martindale and the British Pharmaceutical Codex since 1934, and had eliminated all those with side effects. After further appraisal, a list had been drawn up which the Society had told the Department of Health it was prepared to discuss for inclusion in the general sale list.

Professor A. H. Beckett, chairman of the Education Committee, told the meeting that the number on the register and the present intake were about right. Although he would not be unhappy to see a decline in numbers, there was a danger of pressure from other disciplines for one- or two-year "orientation" courses on top of their first degrees. Such pressures were already coming from pharmacology and chemistry.

Other leading speakers at the Conference were Mr A. Aldington, chairman of Organisation, and Mr W. A. Beanland, chairman of the Ethical Committee.

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# ADDENDUM 1971 to the B.P. 1968

Official from October 1, 1971

This second Addendum to the British Pharmacopœia 1968 adds a further 58 new monographs and makes many important alterations to the specifications in the main volume. Among the substances that are the subjects of new monographs are:

Alprenolol Hydrochloride Aminocaproic Acid Carbamazepine Cephalothin Sodium Dydrogesterone Gentamicin Sulphate Human Antihæmophilic Fraction Indomethacin Lincomycin Hydrochloride Melphalan

Methacyline Hydrochloride Metyrapone Nitrazepam Pentagastrin Desferrioxamine Mesylate Phenformin Hydrochloride Doxycycline Hydrochloride Protriptyline Hydrochloride Salbutamol Sodium Cromoglycate Sulphamethoxazole Trimethoprim Trimipramine Maleate Vinblastine Sulphate

Other new monographs provide standards for tablets, capsules and injections of the above substances, and for Rubella Vaccine (Live Attenuated), Sorbitol Injection, Chlormerodrin (197Hg) Injection and Iodinated (1251) Human Serum Albumin Injec-

Amendments made by the Addendum 1971 to 64 monographs of the main volume have the effect of substituting for the standards of the British Pharmacopæia those given for the corresponding substances in Volume I of the European Pharmacopœia.

Appendices of the Addendum 1971 contain a completely revised account of the determination of the ABO and Rh groups of blood donors, and descriptions of atomic absorption spectrophotometry and amino acid analysis.

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# ost-related harges

y I say a few words concerning the posed cost-related prescription charges? ould we not be trying urgently to put ward constructive suggestions as to how ese charges should be paid? It appears t we are agreed that it would be remely difficult to impose the charge the point of sale as it were, since this ould inevitably lead to endless arguent, and, except for the hardest-skinned us, to not a little pulling at the heart

Also we should have to open "prescripon accounts" which might lead to a large ss, especially since we lack a sufficiently icial image for our decisions to be cepted as law, and the best way to ow resentment is not pay the bill.

#### se a government department

cept for cost, therefore, there is every ason why the collection should be card out elsewhere. The doctors will not it, and there is no reason why they ould. Therefore, it would have to be ne by a Government department. Now e already have perfectly good arrange-ents for the payment of gas and eleccity bills, and although these apply ly to householders, it is probable that e number of persons for whom a houseolder can be made responsible (or if not householder, an employer) is probably ite small.

It is logical that prescription forms ould be subjected to sorting, and a onthly bill sent to the recipients of presiptions. Exempted classes would not ceive a bill, and this would eliminate e need for exemption certificates, except r the record of exempted persons.

This would seem at first sight to be ery expensive, and it might seem that it ould be difficult to collect small sums om defaulters. However, if the sorting rocess were to be combined with the ricing operation, and if it were made uite clear that the benefits of the lealth Service would be withdrawn from efaulters in the same way as our gas nd electricity is cut off if we do not pay ur bills, then perhaps neither of these actors would prove a serious objection. Such a system would undoubtedly contitute some expense to the Health Service, ut this is not a good reason for asking ne chemist to do it free of charge, espeially at a time when he must expect his rofits to take a hard knock because of ne decline in prescription numbers. It ould, however, remove from the patient ne necessity of having to produce the ee at a moment's notice, and would grant few weeks grace for the sum to be bsorbed into the household budget.

It does no good to concern ourselves vith the moral aspect of the increase

(hypocritically or otherwise). This is a Government decision, and even if some of us disagree with it (and not all do) it is no concern of ours until next election day. We must accept such decisions unless we wish anarchy to prevail. To argue along these lines will be to arouse an antagonism which will help us not at all, and distract us from the main point at issue, namely: Who collects the fees?

So, Mr President, can we swallow our pride, go cap in hand to Boots the Chemists, and say: "Will you please help us in this?" — and then when Sir Keith Joseph says "The sum will be collected by the chemist" say: "No it will not. Why don't you do it this way?"

John A. Parry, Tenterden, Kent

# Not tax collectors

Now that the outlines of the Government's cost-related prescription scheme are beginning to emerge through the haze, individual pharmacists must consider their positions. We must remember that by concerted action we nearly brought down the last Tory Government—over resale price maintenance.

Our leaders need our support. They can and will fight at Government and civil service level—the rank and file must carry the fight to the rank and file MPs and the newspapers.

I urge all pharmacists to write to their local Member-be he Labour, Liberal or Conservative. What we have done once we can do again—and better!

Local and national newspapers can also be helpful. We must write ourselvesand encourage others to write. Our staff can play a part—they have votes too! They do not want the extra work—the chasing to and fro, the discussions—that this scheme will entail.

We can and must defeat this scheme. Can I suggest as slogan: "We qualified as pharmacists—not as tax collectors.'

M. E. James Canvey Island

# Right to comment

Having read your article "resolutions and consequences" under "Comment" in your March 20 issue, we in the West Kent Branch would like to dispute your right to comment on the fate of the resolutions to be set before the Branch Representatives' meeting on May 20.

We feel that your remarks are prejudging the outcomes of these resolutions before the appointed representatives have had a chance to listen to the arguments, both for and against the motions, are presented to the meeting.

We would also like to point out that in our particular case you have completely misunderstood our motion.

May we suggest that the anonymous author of "Comment" re-reads the motion and takes particular note of one word-NEW.

Ann Walton, Chairman, Margaret S. Brown, Secretary, West Kent Branch

[In our Comment we supported the call for some explanation of intent to accom-

pany each motion on the agenda. We believe it important that the motions are discussed prior to the Branch Representatives' meeting — particularly in the branches, but not to the exclusion of the professional Press. We have in no case pre-judged the representatives' decision, but seek to raise those points of principle necding consideration, and in the case of the West Kent motion suggested that the likelihood of acceptance outside the profession was remote. Our correspondence columns are open to all who wish to add their own views.—Editor.]

# Effort appreciated

I congratulate you most heartily on your success in delivering the C&D to subscribers during the postal strike. This effort on your part certainly distinguished you from some other weekly journals which sank without trace for the duration.

J. E. Jeffery, Carshalton, Surrey

# **COMING EVENTS**

Monday April 5

Northampton Branch, Pharmaccutical Society, Cripps Medical Centre, Northampton General Hospital, at 8 pm. Annual meeting.

Southampton Branch, Pharmaccutical Society, Postgraduate Centre, Southampton General Hospital, at 7.30 pm Annual meeting.

Stockport Branch, Pharmaccutical Society, IC1 Pharmaceuticals Division, Alderley Park, Macclesfield, at 8 pm. Dr F. Hartley, on "The Medicines Act and the Medicines Com-

Tuesday April 6
Bradford Branch, National Pharmaceutical Union, Midland hotel, Bradford, at 7.30 pm. Annual meeting, followed by talk on "Function of a pricing bureau."

East Metropolitan Branch, Pharmaccutical Society, Wanstead Library, Spratt Hall Road, London, E 11, at 8 pm. Annual meeting.

Nottingham Branch, Pharmaceutical Society, Robin Hood hotel, Newark, at 8 pm. Mr K. E. Thomas on "The management of otitis media."

Wednesday April 7

Tces-side Branch, Pharmaccutical Society. Visit to Winthrop Laboratories, Fawndon, Newcastle upon Tyne, at 3.15 pm.

Thursday April 8

Ayrshire Branch, Pharmaceutical Society, Savoy Park Hotel, Ayr, at 7.45 p.m. Annual meeting.

Leeds Branch, Pharmaceutical Society, Great Northern Hotel, Leeds, at 8 pm. Speaker: Mr J. P. Kerr (a member of Council).

Advance information

Agricultural and Veterinary Pharmacy Group, Pharmaceutical Society, 17 Bloomsbury Square, London WC 1. May 9, at 3 pm.

Annual meeting.

Pharmaccutical Society of Great Britain, Chelsea College, University of London, Man-resa Road, London SW 3, April 20-21. Exhibition of scientific instruments. Admission free. Exhibitors include Perhin Elmer, Coulter Electronics, V.A. Howe, Laboratory Facilities (Electronics), Field Instruments, Camlab, Medical and Biological Instrumentation and Whatman Biochemicals.

# MARKETNEWS

# Price adjustments in many chemicals

London, March 31: The second quarter of the year is beginning with a spate of price changes. Citric acid is increased by £15 metric ton effective April 1. This will mean that citrates will all go up in the near future.

There has been a big readjustment of many vitamin prices; most, though not all, are dearer. In some instances the 1-kg rate is reduced while the bigger quantities are dearer than previously. Ascorbic acid and riboflavine, although dearer, are still well below the free market value. Dextromethorphan is easier in price.

New crop buchu was on offer at £1'40 lb cif. There was a considerable interest in Seychelles cinnamon bark and the forward rate shot up to a nominal £300 ton from the previous firm price of £210. On the other hand lycopodium, aloes (Cape), celery seed and Brazilian menthol were all lower.

There were no shipments of Tinnevelly senna in January; those for February are given below:

Europe Tons Senna Tons 17 leaves pods

The shortage of hand-picked Alexandria senna pods continues through the action of the Sudanese government in prohibiting exports at the price level already agreed to by merchants and shippers.

In essential oils, citronella is slightly dearer at £0.93 kg and £0.86, cif and Chinese spearmint at £3.37½ and £3.30, cif Brazilian peppermint is lower at £2.18 kg and £2.15, cif.

## Pharmaceutical chemicals

Ascorbic acid: 50-kg lots £1.65 kg; sodium ascorbate f1.88

Calcium pantothenate: £5.23 kg; 25-kg: £5.18

Citric acid: BP granular hydrous per metric ton 50-kg lots, £321; 250-kg £310; 1,000-kg £299. Anhydrous £345, £333, £321 respectively. Premium for powder £10.

Dextromethorphan: Hydrobromide £98.53 kg. Nicotinamide: (Per kg) 1-kg £2·12; 25-kg £2·07

Kaolin: BP £62 per 1000-kg.

Magnesium carbonate: (metric ton) heavy £185; light £715 nominal.

Magnesium hydroxide. BPC, £541 · 66½ metric ton, nominal.

Magnesium oxide: BP (per metric ton): light

Magnesium trisilicate: £441 metric ton.

Nicotinic acid: (Per kg) 1 kg £1.93; 50-kg £1.83.

Pyridoxine: £6.15 kg; 25-kg £6.05 kg.

Riboflavine: £12.76 kg; 25-kg £12.66.

Thiamine: Hydrochloride and mononitrate £10·42 kg; 25-kg £10·37.

Vitamin A: Oily 1 m iu per g £6 · 68 kg; 5 kg £6 · 58 Vitamin A: Only Imili per g £6.68 kg; 5 kg £6.58 kg; dried acetate 325,000 iu per g £3.48 kg; 500,000 iu, £4.90.

Vitamin  $D_2$ : Powder for tableting 850,000 iu per g, £17.81 kg; 5-kg £17.75 kg.

Vitamin E: (per kg) £9.25; 5 kg lots £9.15; 25 per cent dry powder £4.29 and £4.69 respectively.

#### Crude Drugs

Aloes: (metric ton) Cape primes £255; £240, cif. Curacao spot, £780; £750, cif.

Benzoin: Spot high testing £0.30 lb.

Buchu: rounds £1·55 lb spot; shipment £1·40, cif. Camphor: BP powder £1·60 kg spot; £1·35, cif. Ceylon £1·60, cif. Prime seeds £1·60, cif.

Cassia: Lignea broken £417 50 long ton, cif; whole

Chillies: Mombasa spot £500, long ton nominal;

Zanzibar £380, cif.
Cinnamon: Seychelles bark £300, cif, nominal,

Ceylon quills four O's £784 long ton. Cochineal: Tenerife black-brilliant £6.05 kg spot. Peruvian silver grey £5.06.

Ginger: (long ton) Cochin £345, cif. Jamaican No. 3 f880, cif. Nigerian peeled £350 spot; £290, cif; split £190; £180, cif.

Honey: (Per cwt ex store). Australian light amber £9·25, medium amber nominal, Canadian £11, Mexican not quoted; Chinese £9·50.

Kola nuts: African halves £85 metric ton spot. Lycopodium: Indian £2.40 lb spot; £2.10, cif.

Mace: Grenada unassorted £0·35 lb, cif.
Menthol: (kg) Chinese spot £6·89; shipment £6·78, cif. Brazilian spot £5·35; £5·25, cif.

Podophyllum: Nominal. Senna: (lb) Tinnevelly No. 3 faq leaves £0.08; pods, hand-picked £0.11 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; manufacturing £0.08 $\frac{1}{2}$ ; Alexandria h/p 12s to arrive; manufacturing £0·17½ £0·19.

Seeds: (long ton) Anise: China star £175, cif. Spanish green £247.50 spot. Caraway: Dutch ex wharf £300. Celery: Indian £360 spot £265. cif. Coriander: Rumanian split £72.50 metric ton, cif; Moroccan £87 long ton, £82, cif. Cumin: Syrian £270 spot; £280, cif. Dill: £128, cif. Fennel: Chinese for shipment £100, cif. (metric ton). Fenugreek: Moroccan £59, cif. Mustard: £3-£6 spot as to quality.
Valerian: (metric ton) Continental £270; £260, cif.

Indian £220 spot; £210, cif.

Waxes: (long ton) Bees' £740, cif. Candelilla: £570 spot; £550, cif. Carnauba: fatty-grey £420; £380, cif; prime yellow, £590; £545, cif.

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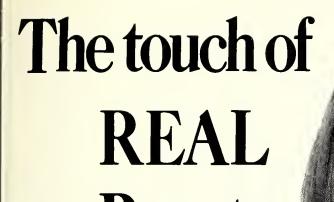
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Beauty

VELOUTU POWDER CREAM

In shades of Ivory, Natural, Ochre, Peach. Sungold, Apricot, Rachel.

Recommended Retail Prices:

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A fragrant protector of woollens. Linens. Silks. Household

For the moths? A sweet and swift way to go.

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A complete modern beauty treatment.

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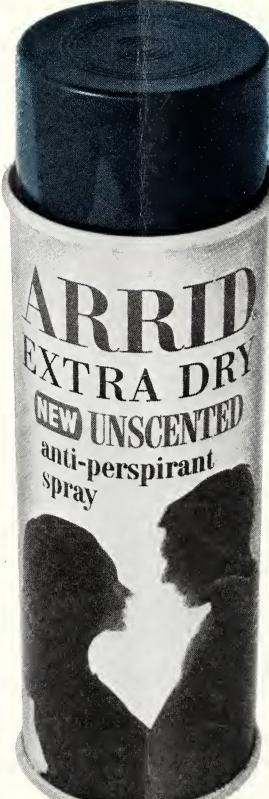
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you'll like it,
your customers
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and the moths
won't have time
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Petal Dust moth preventer.
For you as a retailer this line can yield 50% return on cost. (25% for wholesalers).
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Neat small display boxes make it simple to handle.
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Send for a free sample packet to:
Marshall's Proprietaries Ltd.,
Marshall's Proprietaries Ltd.,

# Introducing new unscented Arrid Extra Dry



# It smells like a winner tous

Let's not get confused. The famous orange and red can of Arrid Extra Dry is not changing. It will stay the same brand-leading antiperspirant aerosol it ever was. But now we're giving it a blue partner. And to help sort ourselves out, we're calling the original Arrid Extra Dry Standard and the new one Unscented.

We're confidently predicting that it will be a runaway success. After all, we're the first major brand to launch an unscented anti-perspirant aerosol in Britain.

And we've talked to lots of girls who were really enthusiastic about the idea of an unscented anti-perspirant which wouldn't conflict with their usual perfume. So it would seem to be a much-in-demand product.

And to make sure everyone knows about it, heavy advertising will be on nationwide TV as from April. So all in all, there are plenty of good reasons why you should expect a dramatic increase in your profits.

Which is one excellent reason for you to show your customers that you're offering them a great choice. Display Arrid Extra Dry and give additional shelf space to its new Unscented companion. It'll pay off.

NEW UNSCENTED AVAILABLE in 130 gms and 190 gms.

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# Babycare

Supplement to the Chemist and Druggist April 3 1971



protection for baby's skin

Metanium ointment

for the prevention and treatment of Nappy Rash

Bengue & Co Ltd

Mount Pleasant, Alperton, Wembley, Middlesex.

Tel: 01-902 1638

Manufacturers of Pulmo Bailly & Bengue's Balsam



Don't let those beautiful eye-catching packs fool you; this new ICI range of Baby Cream, Baby Lotion, Baby Talc and Baby Shampoo is much more than a pretty face. It is the answer to many a mother's plea for support in giving her baby hospital standards of hygiene and comfort.

Based on the ICI antiseptics 'Cetavlon' and 'Hibitane', each product is formulated to deal with a specific problem. Used together, they ensure that a baby's skin, scalp and hair are clean, healthy and comfortable.

National advertising and clinic endorsement will ensure that most new mothers know about Savlon Babycare products. And they will know that they are obtainable only through the retail pharmacy.

The success of the Savlon Babycare range will be built on confidence; confidence in recommending a product of ICI research, and a mother's confidence in accepting your recommendation.

# SAVLON & BABYCARE

The medical name for mother-love M

Imperial Chemical Industries Limited, Pharmaceuticals Division 'Cetavlon' and 'Hibitane' are trade marks

# Babycare

# Be yourself: Mothers want the advice that only you can give

by John M. Hanrahan, MPS (ICI Pharmaceuticals Division)

There are about 2.8 million babies up to the age of three years in the United Kingdom — and that means that the "average" retail pharmacy (if there is such an establishment) should have a potential baby population of 200, with a sales potential in baby products of £1,000 per annum at retail prices, excluding baby foods.

at retail prices, excluding baby foods.

The fact that this "average" pharmacy has a baby products turnover of only £600 per annum is indicative of the serious attempts being made by other traders to capture what has until recently been one of the more traditional facets of the chemist's business. And yet despite this sixty:forty split of business, most people, if they were asked, would still consider the chemist to hold all but a small proportion of this market.

What is happening to cause this slow—but quickening—shift in loyalties by the mother when buying products for her baby? Is she losing her confidence in the retail pharmacist? Is she being persuaded by incredible cut-price offers on baby powder in the local supermarket? Does she no longer need reassurance on the safety of products, which was implied by their being sold by a pharmacist? Are standards of mothercraft now so high that she no longer needs to ask the chemist for advice on day-to-day baby problems?

These were some of the crucial questions which had to be answered before the recently developed Savlon Babycare range could be launched by ICI. The answers we found were revealing, in that, not only did they support our chemist-only promotional policy for Savlon Babycare, but they showed that the chemist has the unique potential to recapture and expand almost all the babycare business which at present is held by grocers and the supermarket chains.

Here are the questions we asked and the answers we found:

# Are housewives losing confidence in the retail pharmacist as an adviscr on baby products?

The simple answer to this question is no. Even *The Grocer* in its article on baby business, had to admit that a new mother usually goes first to the chemist to choose a new brand of baby product. This was backed up by research carried out before the Savlon Babycare launch which showed that the "family chemist" (to use the mothers' own terminology) appears to be an authoritative source of reference in terms of product type and brand.

He is seen to carry an aura of professionalism while being friendly and approachable. Respondents to our survey would all be inclined to approach the chemist for advice on minor baby ailments such as napkin rash and cradle-cap.

# Are supermarkets cutting prices drastically on baby toiletries?

If the supermarket opposite your pharmacy is "deep-cutting" prices on baby products it is an exception. In general, although baby toiletries with an average gross margin to the retailer of 30 per cent represent an outstanding profit ratio to non-chemist outlets used to working on considerably lower margins, the supermarkets seem to prefer to cream off the profit and appear reluctant to cut prices for extended periods by more than, say, one half- to one new penny. Nor are the supermarkets offering much choice to the housewife in her baby purchases made there, concentrating on one, or at most two brands of baby toiletry.

# Do mothers no longer need professional advice from the pharmacist or his staff?

Again the answer is no. Rising standards of health and mothercraft education have served to wipe out much of the "black magic" associated previously with child-bearing and motherhood. Women are now

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more aware of the real problems and causes of minor baby disorders, and this knowledge is being reinforced by the local clinic staff all the time.

The modern mother is therefore more capable of understanding that napkin rash is caused by bacteria breaking down urine on the skin, and not necessarily caused by "unhealthy" blood or other fable. This increase in educational standards has, however, made the mother positively more aware of her baby's problems and it is for this reason that she increasingly is turning to the pharmacist for guidance in choosing products suitable for her baby.

In summary, therefore, the pharmacist remains a key figure in the purchase of baby products by the mother and available information indicates that this relationship will continue. The market is being drawn away from the pharmacy however, mainly by the supermarket with its "one stop" shopping facilities and its penny off" pricing policies, and it is particularly noted that although almost universally first purchases of baby products are made in the pharmacy, the mother may make subsequent purchases of the pharmacist's recommended brand in the supermarket when she sees it merchandised there with a marginal price reduction.

What therefore are the lessons to be learned and applied in bringing back much of this business to our pharmacies?

# Concentrate on your unique resources as a pharmacist

In addition to all the usual benefits of a non-supermarket outlet, such as personal service, friendly staff, etc, let your mothers see that not only are you and your staff professional in a pharmaceutical sense but also let them see that you are professional experts in babycare. Always take time to give good advice.

Keep a copy of Dr Spock in the dispensary or behind the baby counter for quick and easy reference on simple questions commonly asked by mothers. Recommend products in which you have professional confidence — presumably the ones which you would wish to use in your own home.

# Make sure that mothers know you are a babycare expert.

Window displays are a traditional method of telling passing customers about your own particular speciality and expertise, and with baby business this is vitally important. Many of the most successful baby

Continued on page 4

#### Continued from page 3

outlets keep a permanent window space for baby products together with a specially reserved section inside the shop. The prosence of baby weighing scales makes sure the mother knows she and her baby are welcome in your shop.

Keep a good selection of baby products, but concentrate on the brands backed by national advertising.

One of the principal failings of supermarkets is that they maintain stocks only of the brand leader, which in terms of profitability to space ratio is sound business sense to them. In the pharmacy, however, although the principle of stock rationalisation still applies, it is not usually

too inconvenient to keep at least one pack of a wider range of preparations, thus offering a choice of products which the major non-chemist outlets cannot do.

Having done that, however, it is important to concentrate on the mainstream profit areas in babycare by devoting most promotional and merchandising effort to product ranges which are supported by a commitment of a major manufacturer. The effect of your recommendation on the sales of a product or brand can be significant, but the combined effect of your endorsement plus the strength of national advertising and promotional programmes by the manufacturer is the most likely prescription for steadily increasing turnover and profits.

# Be flexible in your ideas about babycare merchandising

Much of the growth in sales of baby toiletries has been due to the increasing tendency for mothers to use the products themselves. The connotations of soft, pure, safe and economical, inherent in baby products, are equally applicable to the mother's choice of talcum powder, skin lotion, shampoo, etc, which she needs for her own use. To cater for this trend, experiment by displaying one or two packs of relevant baby products alongside your adult toiletries in other parts of the shop.

Most representatives can offer suggestions on display and merchandising designed to increase your turnover. Provided



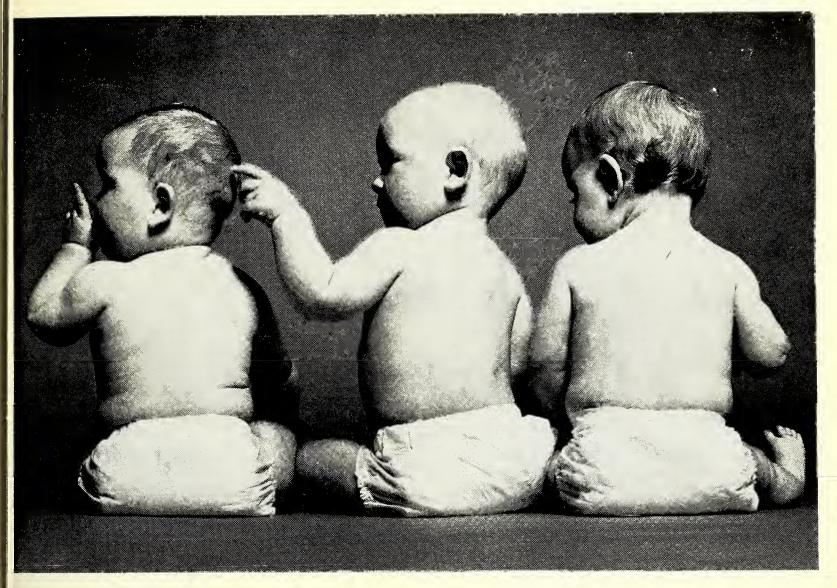
Above: Courtesy of E. C. De Witt & Co Left: Courtesy of Gerber

that they suit your type of shop, be prepared to have a go, but in doing so don't let it affect the overall appearance of the trading area, which should always reflect your own attitude towards your business. Remember that it is not always the most gaudy display that gives the best results in terms of sales.

In essence, therefore, the simplest slogan to define a pharmacist's most effective method of regaining sales from the supermarket is "be yourself" — be a professional pharmacist first and foremost; be interested in the customer's problems and be professional in the solutions to the problems in terms of the advice you give, the products you recommend and the brands you stock and promote.

By establishing a closer relationship with the mothers in your shop in this way, not only will you attract more customers to your counters, but you will ensure that they return to your shop for more of that unique ingredient which no other retailer can provide as you can-professional service.





# Make big profits from little ones!

Now more than ever before—with Paddi as the established brand leader.

Play your part by putting Paddi on display and watch your sales and profits grow. We'll help with massive advertising.

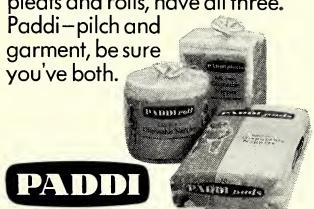
Last year Paddi was the only disposable advertised in the leading Women's magazines.

This year it's advertised again—directly reaching mothers nation-wide.

By now they know all about the big Paddi advantages—it's the

name they think of first in Disposables—and the one they'll ask **you** for first.

So be ready. Paddi-pads, pleats and rolls, have all three.



Robinsons of CHESTERFIELD



policy in this field.

But a few years ago, the chemist started to lose steadily on wean-

ing foods to the super-

market and grocery

channels: a process

that continued for a

considerable period.

Now the trend is re-

versing, and in the

last couple of years the chemist

Of 10 retailers interviewed for this survey, six thought their sales of weaner foods had increased by "at least 10 per cent" in the last year; two by "about 5 per cent" and two said "gone down, if anything." It was interesting that all eight noting increases had easy-access self-service stands which were well-stocked.

One of the two who thought his sales were level or had even diminished had only a few tins displayed on the counter and the other had all his stock behind the counter where only he or his staff could reach them.

Coupled with this encouraging trend of "back to the chemist" is a steadily grow-

Picture \_\_\_\_cresy of Robinson's Baby Foods

ng tendency for more and more mothers o feed their babies on eommereially proluced foods from birth to around their irst birthday. They are convenient, elininate waste and are produced to stanlards of hygiene which are almost imposible to achieve in the home. Further, hese foods are universally recommended by the clinics.

While there has been a small return to breast feeding among the middle classes, the number of mothers who rely exclusively on artificial milk foods from the time the baby is born, or soon after, is growing rapidly. Weaning onto "solid" oods is also tending to be earlier.

And don't forget that not far short of million babies are born every year, even f the birth rate is lower than it was a few years ago.

Between them, babies, according to Buchnan Marketing Services, consumed in 970 £1 million of instant foods; £4.5 milion cereals and rusks; £7.4 million strained foods and £7·1 million junior foods. Adding about £9 million for milk foods, this gives a very large market (eompared with other lines which chemists stock) of £28.1 million.

Other surveys indicate the total market as between £25 and £30 million.

# **Growth prospects**

It is difficult to predict the growth of this market during the next two or three years and it will certainly differ according to the type of product.

On the one hand there seems no doubt that most baby foods, and particularly strained and junior foods, are still growing steadily in acceptance. More and more mothers are using them and in the course of a baby's lifetime of consumption he or she will get through anything up to 450

Against this there is the falling birthrate of 4-5 per cent per annum over the last few years. Following the post-war boom of 20.4 births per 1,000 population in 1947 it reached a new peak of 18.7 per 1,000 in 1964 and then dropped steadily to 16.6 per 1,000 in 1969. The Registrar-General has professed himself optimistic for 1970/1 and certainly the marriage rate has increased steadily over the last few years. But the somewhat uncertain economic situation, improved methods of eontraception and easy abortion, all eloud the statistical projections.

Over the five years, in spite of the birthrate, the market overall has expanded at about 8-9 per cent a year and there seems to be every reason to suppose it will eon-

tinue to do so.

The rusk market has tended to decline. however—about 5 per cent per annum in volume over the last three years, although price increases have kept the value stable. Cereals have probably gone down rather more—partly because of the declining birthrate but also as a result of competition from alternative foods.

#### **Brand leaders**

For canned and bottled baby foods Heinz is the clear market leader. In 1968 the IPC Branded Foods Survey gave Heinz 91 per eent with Gerber 6 per cent and the remainder 3 per cent. Recent estimates indicate that in the last couple of years Gerber have increased their share to 7 per eent. Trufood are currently taking about 4½ per cent and Heinz has fallen to about 87 per cent. In cereals, Robinson's—the longest-established manufacturer in the baby food market (as long ago as 1742) have about 41 per cent of the market, with Farley products very close to this figure— Farlene being by far the most popular. Farex (Glaxo) is in third place with about 14.1 per cent and the rest tag a long way behind.

The branded milk market is dominated by Glaxo Group Ltd with Ostermilk, and by Cow & Gate. Another important brand is Trufood and these three probably account for not far short of 80 per cent of the total market-exeluding National Dried Milk.

Instant foods are largely in the hands of Robinson's with, according to Stats (Market Research) Ltd 80.4 per cent of the market. Farley have about 13.6 per cent and Gerber 6 per cent.

# Best selling varieties

If success of the baby food market depends largely on skilful presentation of self-selection units it is also much more profitable for the ehemist if he can ehoose best selling varieties carefully and thus stock a smaller selection to give him a quicker turnover.

Heinz, for example, have well over 100 different baby foods and it would be difficult as well as uneconomic to stock them all. Although preferences vary from area to area, on a national basis the strained food favourites are Bone and Vegetable Broth and Egg Custard with Rice. Of the junior foods, Egg and Baeon Breakfast, Vegetables and Beef, and Chicken and Rice are the most popular.

Gerber's best sellers in strained foods are Vegetables and Beef; Vegetables and Chieken; Vegetables and Lamb. Custard with Rice is the most popular sweet in this company's range.

Gerber Junior Foods follow a similar pattern with Vegetable and Beef, Vegetable and Turkey and Vegetable and Chieken. Fruit Dessert with Tapioca and Egg Custard with Rice are found to be the favourite sweets.

Trufood find an increasing acceptance of savoury varieties and have recently added Grilled Bacon Breakfast and Orange Cereal Breakfast to their range of Spoonfoods. One of their new junior foods is Orange and Coconut Fun.

## Press advertising

Press and television advertising is probably less important in selling baby foods than the various below-the-line activities undertaken by the manufacturers. Nevertheless, considerable sums are spent, mainly in television, but also in the women's and parents' magazines.

Heinz are still by far the largest advertiser, although they have reduced their advertising considerably over the last year. Gerber, Farley and Robinson's are other big advertisers whose appropriations often run into six figures every year-with most of the weight towards television.

Parcels to new mothers, distributed through chemists, clinics and hospitals, are thought to be most important in establishing brand names and represent a form of promotion supported by most leading manufacturers.

Some, like Gerber and Heinz, run clubs with free membership to pregnant women and mothers with babies. Gerber issue a quarterly newspaper to over 300,000 mothers a year and also send out vouchers worth about £0.35 each. Household and nursery items ean also be bought at cut rates.

The Heinz Club adviscs more than 1,000 mothers each week, and in addition. distributes several thousand sample cans

Robinson's started Nursery News last year for free circulation through clinies and they also run numerous special offers to mothers.

Competitions, paek offers and special bargains are included in most of the bigger firms' advertising and promotional programmes.

Bonusing is a frequent merchandising incentive. Heinz offer regular bonuscs across the complete range of baby foods, enabling chemists to offer customer savings. The multiple purchase system is also a method of competition which the supermarket cannot easily emulate.

Gerber frequently offer vouchers to encourage sampling and last year organised a special chemists' promotion of "take five -pay for four."

I have already stressed the importance of self-selection units and a number of these are available from manufacturers. Heinz provide a nine-tier stand at cost price, free shelf dividers and free display material.

Trufood also have free self-selection units for chemists who will maintain a full stock of their varieties. Both those companies will give planning advice to retail pharmacists.

#### Customer profile

Beyond the fact that mothers are obviously the prime customers for baby foods. a survey published by the Economist Intelligence Unit shows that Scotland and the Midlands buy the most of all types of baby food, with Scotland leading for bottled and canned foods and the Midlands for cereals. The North West also has a high consumption of canned and bottled foods but is slightly below the average in sales of cereals.

As one might expect, the largest age group of women purchasers is 25-34 and most rusks and bottled or canned foods are bought by the C2 socio-economic group. Cereals are bought equally by the AB and C2 groups.

In 1956 the chemist had 44 per cent of the total baby food market. By 1969 it had dwindled to a shameful 20 per cent. Now there are indications that the decline has halted and a small advance has been

Aecessibility of stock, self-selection units and the intelligent use of the many facilities offered by manufacturers could help to bring even more sales into the chemists' hands.

CUSTARD H RICE

# Jout 10 of every 10 cans& jars of baby food bought are out Heinz.

we're not too sure about the tenth



## Baby foods

# Imphasising safety and nutrition

afety and nutrition are the themes behind powerful new national press and teleision advertising campaign launched in upport of Gerber Baby Foods. Three eparate commercials and three different press advertisements draw mothers' attenion to the protein, calcium and iron conent of specific varieties of Gerber foods and make the points that Gerber is "Rich n nourishment . . . Safe in glass.

Last year, sales of baby foods in glass ncreased by 20 per cent. Gerber attribute his to their own promotional campaign backed by the heaviest marketing expenditure in their history.

A major feature of Gerber's promotional activity is its massive direct mail campaign—possibly, they say, the largest continuous operation of its kind in the world, reaching more than 400,000 mothers at a time.

The company has several merchandising pointers to offer retailers. If there is a high proportion of young mothers in a trading area, the setting up of a wellstocked baby section is one of the best ways in which a chemist can increase his profits, they maintain. Mr Trevor Benson, Product Manager for Gerber Baby Foods says: "There are 900,000 live births every year. These babies constitute a £37 m market for specialised products-almost double the total market for toothpaste."

Three simple rules should be followed, say Gerber: Firstly, all baby products should be located together. That is to say non-food items such as nappies, powders, creams and soaps should be displayed adjacent to baby foods. This will encourage the maximum number of impulse purchases when mothers are thinking of their babies' needs.

Secondly, the section should be sited, wherever possible, opposite a wide aisle. A mother regards her new-born baby as the most important thing in the world and likes to take plenty of time in selecting things for him.

Finally, it will help the chemist to avoid out-of-stock situations if he displays a case and a half of each item. Staff can



then top up the shelves conveniently and easily in case lots.

The chemist who has not previously stocked baby foods may find the apparently wide range of different varieties offered by the major manufacturers somewhat daunting. The ranges are not as wide as they seem, however, because each is broken down into segments such as broths, dinners, savouries and desserts and each segment contains a number of different varieties to give the baby a choice of flavour and to meet his dietary needs.

Gerber say research shows that sales generally break down into the following pattern, varying only slightly according to the range carried:

Strained: broths, 8 per cent; dinners, 12 per cent; savouries, 6 per cent; fruits, 4 per cent; puddings, 20 per cent; total, 50 per cent.

Junior: dinners, 25 per cent; savouries, 10 per cent; fruits, 5 per cent; puddings, 10 per cent, total, 50 per cent.

The diagram at the foot of the page shows Gerber's recommended shelf layout based on these figures. (Brown & Polson Ltd, Claygate House, Esher, Surrey.)

## Vigorous support

Full cream and half cream milk foods are the backbone of the Cow & Gate range, and the company support the two products with vigorous advertising to the consumer and the frequent issue of new display material for retail pharmacists.

The newest display is an outsize replica

PUDDINGS

DINNERS

SAVOURIES

PUDDINGS

of their milk food carton. Measuring 20½ in tall by 9½ in wide, this jumbo pack can be suspended on thin wire in a window to form a giant mobile, or can be used as a base or stand around which to build a display. The pack shows on one side the full-cream (red pack) and on the reverse half cream (blue pack) milk food.

To help chemists take advantage of this eye-catching display, Cow & Gate will either dress the window and mount the display, or they will send a do-it-yourself selection of display material suitable for a window or in-store promotion. This combines the jumbo pack with advertising "bricks" and a display card.

In addition to the standard full and half cream cartons there is also a wide range of specially modified milk foods designed to meet the needs of babies suffering from many of the ailments and abnormalities of infancy.

Cow & Gate are continually working with hospitals and medical practitioners to produce these special milks, and attach great importance to providing the right food for all babies whatever their particular needs.

The company's Dairy Junior Foods, packed in small cans, are said to be perfect as an introduction to solids, for breast or bottle-fed infants. They are priced to retail at £0.04 for a 6 oz tin. In 12 different flavours, they combine the nutritive and body-building properties of milk, finely ground cereals and speciallyselected fruits.

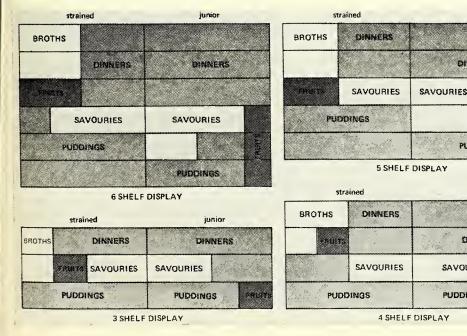
A new dairy Junior Food counter display card is now being distributed to chemists. It measures only  $8\frac{1}{2}$  in wide by  $10\frac{1}{2}$  in high and can be used as the centrepiece, even in a very restricted area, to form an effective display. The base is in bright red with a cut-out baby figure standing out from the blue background to give depth to the display. Instructions for erecting the display are printed on the base. Each display card holds a can of Dairy Junior Foods—and as many cans as desired of the 12 varieties may be used to form the display. (Cow & Gate Ltd, Stoke Road, Guildford, Surrey.)

## Continued on page 10

An indication of how the Cow & Gate 'jumbo'' replica can be used as the basis for a window display



Gerber's suggested shelf plans for baby foods



#### Baby foods

#### Promotion successes

Television advertising and the Trufood "refund promotion" are cited by the company as reasons for a "significant increase" in the sales of their baby milk. At the same time sales of their Spoonfoods range are continuing to increase steadily.

The advent of "chemist only" Toddler Meals has temporarily cut into the sales of Junior Foods, say Trufood, but they add that to the chemist who stocks the full range, this should not be a worry.

The market is continuing to expand, and mothers, instead of keeping their 1-3 year olds on Junior Foods, are progressing naturally to Toddler Meals which are, incidentally, more profitable for the chemist. The pattern which developed after the introduction of Junior Foods looks like being repeated and, with the increase in the market for strained foods, Junior Foods should find a logical place in the baby's progressive diet.

But to make the best use of this development Trufood stress that it is advisable for the chemist to display as wide a range as his space permits. Mothers will tend to buy where they see the widest ehoice. If that is to be found in their grocer or supermarket, then the chemist

will lose sales.

Because Trufood were aware of this, they produced, to help chemists, the extension for their display dispenser when they introduced the Toddler Meals range. The enlarged version is available to chemists who are prepared to stock and display the full range of baby meals. In this connection, the company points out that under the Trade Descriptions Act, these foods cease to be "new" at the end of April, so the temporary sleeve covering the headboard should be removed by that date.

To meet the constant demand for variety, two new titles - a breakfast and a dinner — have recently been added, and further varieties are being developed.

The company make a point of stressing that the chemist is the logical outlet for baby foods, and their advertising tells mothers: "Ask your chemist for Trufood —he knows about these things.'

(Trufood Creameries, Wrenbury, Nantwich, Cheshire).

#### A Trufood selection





# Backing the retailer

The overwhelming brand leaders in canned infant and junior foods, H. J. Heinz Co Ltd, have long made a feature of point-of-sale support to the chemist.

Regular bonuses across their complete range enable retail pharmacists to offer their customers substantial savings. Their "multiple purchase" system provides a method of competition that a grocer or supermarket could not easily copy.

Heinz also offer a service of vetting of correct shelf layout and pricing, plus ensuring attractive displays to tie-in with special promotions and national advertis-

ing campaigns.

Advertising support of Heinz products is strong. Full-page advertisements, both in colour and black-and-white, appear in all leading women's magazines and in the principal medical/nursing journals. Television advertising has consistently and successfully been exploited.

The range of Toddler Foods introduced some 12 months ago has further strengthened the company's position in the market, and their product range in this field

now comprises 110 items.

These varieties are constantly reviewed. As new additions are made—some to become high-volume sellers—so the slowest sellers are phased out. In this way the selection is kept constant.

Toddler Foods have already reached the top 30 in variety popularity.

A new decimal pricing display card is now available to chemists and information can be given to individual retailers on multiple purchase schemes by the company's ehemist sales force.

Mr Ron Bushell, manager of the Heinz

Simplicity of preparation is just one of the virtues upon which Golden Ostermilk, from Glaxo, bases its appeal



London Chemist Branch specialised sales force, sums up the market like this: "Chemists have realised the need to adopt modern retailing techniques and are improving their share of the market.

'The vital factors are distribution, correct shelving, stock control, competitive pricing and promotional activity to back it up.'

# A thriving newcomer

Golden Ostermilk, the newest infant fullcream infant milk food from Glaxo Laboratories Ltd, Greenford, Middlesex, is thriving well alongside its "elders", Ostermilk One and Two, say the makers. Nationally launched under six months ago it is already making a significant contribution towards maintaining Ostermilk's leading position in the infant milk food market. The products, principally Golden Ostermilk, will continue to be strongly promoted in women's and specialist baby magazines and the company's own quarterly to the relevant professions.

The new product is said to appeal to mothers because it is very easy and safe to prepare. Using a sterilised, wide-necked bottle all she has to do is to add the specified amount of Golden Ostermilk powder and sugar to a measured quantity of lukewarm (previously boiled) water and shake

until the milk is mixed.

The feed is easily digested because of the instantising process and effective homogenisation prevents the fat-soluble vitamins floating to the end of the feed or being left on the sides of the bottle. The mix is so fine that there is also little likelihood of lumps forming to block the teat, say Glaxo.

For babies and toddlers who require vitamin supplements Glaxo provide Adexolin — viamins A and D liquid.

In support of Adexolin, the company are currently offering to chemists an attractive leaflet dispenser (HD 625) which has a stand-out figure of a toddler alongside a dummy 50 ml pack of Adexolin. The dispenser is supplied complete with a set of 30 illustrated leaflets which detail the importance of vitamins A and D and the convenience of administering them in the form of Adexolin liquid.

#### Profit from a puzzle

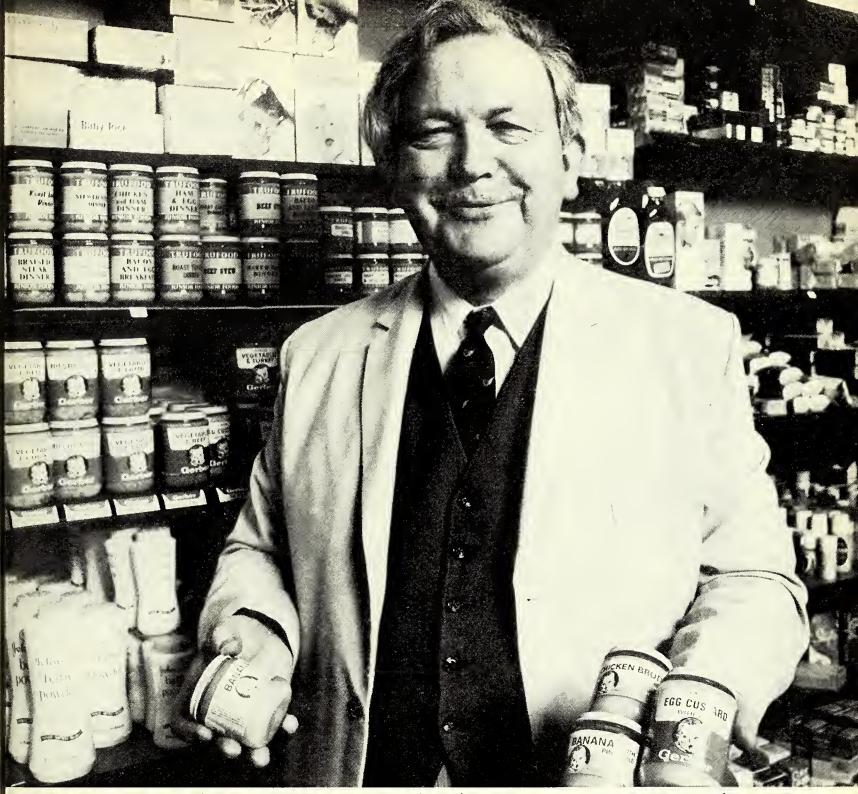
The 1971 promotion for Robinson's baby foods, to be launched in May, includes an entirely new approach for the company.

Basis of the promotion is that mothers can win a "prize" for their children simply by collecting the puzzle pieces from Instant baby food and cereal packets which go to make up the picture of the prize. There will be a choice of three prizes—a teddy bear, a toy posting box and a set of three pictures for the ehild's nursery. Full publicity will be given to the promotion.

There will be support from trade promotions throughout the year, including special bonus offers.

The company stress that there are a number of advantages to selling-and using—their Instant baby food. Profits to the retailer are high—for example, a  $32\frac{1}{2}$ 

Continued on page 13



# Four weeks ago, he didn't stock Gerber. our weeks ago, he sold 60% less babyfood.

A lot of chemists think that by st stocking one brand of babyod, they'll make as much as they n from the market.

It just isn't true. Here's a typical ample of how, when you start ocking Gerber, sales in the

byfood section start ening up.

This chemist's shop nabusy town in irrey. Four weeks ago, he started with Gerber. He passed on the introductory offer we gave him in a 'buy4, get one

free' promotion to his customers.

We also gave him the display stand you see here.

Even though it was such an attractive promotion, he was still making a healthy profit. Four

weeks later, he'd sold 18 cases, and was so pleased he extended his range to 32 varieties.

And his babyfood turnover had gone up 60%.

It could happen to you. Stock Gerber, and we'll give you all the help we can.

The longer you think about it, the longer you lose out.

Ring our nearest office and we'll start things moving.



Cannon Rubber Manufacturers Ltd., Ashley Road, Tottenham, London. N.17. Telephone: 01-808 6261

#### Continued from page 10

per cent profit margin on a recommended retail selling price of £0.7½ a packet. They contend that their instant foods give at east as high profits as wet foods. "It has been found that while Robinson's baby loods sell slower than wet foods in volume terms (there are, after all, more meal servings in a packet than in a tin) rofitability is as high per square foot based on sterling turnover."

Robinson's are constantly seeking to increase and improve their range—not just for variety's sake, but to ensure that the baby will get a sound balance of the essenial nutrients he or she requires, they state. At the moment, there are 25 varietes—13 savouries and 12 sweets.

Robinson's sales force make regular calls at all levels of the trade and their trained nerchandisers will advise on shelf position and layout and give practical help in ixture, remodelling and merchandising where required.

Part of the company's publicity has always been to make the direct approach to he health visitor. Last year, apart from naking regular calls to most of the counry's clinics, Robinson's also sponsored, hrough the Health Visitors' Association, a special competition which only the health visitors could enter. This was very successful. (Reckitt & Colman Food Division, Carrow, Norwich.)

# Care and comfort

# Breakthrough in disposables

There is great potential for chemists stocking disposable baby napkins and associated products, for there are indications that the long-awaited market breakthrough may be near, according to Robinson and Sons Ltd, Chesterfield.

They point out that recent statistics suggest that the downward trend in the birthrate may have halted—and, indeed, may have reversed itself.

In 1970, they report, the disposable nappy market remained fairly static at around £4 million at retail selling prices, development being largely cancelled out by the lower birth rate. But, within the market, there was growth in nappy liners, the "half-way" stage product between the traditional terry towelling square and the complete disposable nappy.

Mr Charles Widdowson, marketing manager for the Robinson Paddi products, is convinced that nappy liner development will be another major contributory factor in the breakthrough. He says: "While the Paddi-type of completely disposable pad, used with soft plastic pants or special carment, is the only real answer, going part of the way towards disposability with nappy liners will undoubtedly help to convince mothers of the advantages of fully disposable products."

If British mothers moved over to disposable nappies to the same extent as their American and Scandinavian counterparts the market would be 10 times bigger—and double the size of the baby food market.

Besides the well-known Paddi pad, the company also market Paddi rolls and Paddi pleats (continuous lengths from which mother can cut her own size of



pad); the pilches and garments to hold them; and, of course, nappy liners.

Robinsons say they are now the only disposable nappy manufacturers to advertise their products nationally on a regular basis in the women's magazines. During 1971, four leading women's magazines have been chosen to give coverage of over 90 per cent of women with infants under one year old—the main target market. There will also be promotional activities on a national scale.

# Fully-fashioned pants

Fully-fashioned baby-pants are a speciality of A. & H. Heyman, Aycliffe Industrial Estate, Co Durham.

With elastic or taped legs they are available in white, pink, blue or yellow, in three sizes.

# Designed for simplicity

It is estimated that on average during an 18-month period more than 2,000 napkin changes per baby are made. This figure multiplied by the average yearly birthrate gives some idea of the potential size of the napkin market.

The Golden Babe range of baby products have been designed by Lilia-White (Sales), Charford Mills, Birmingham, with the object of making life easier for the young mother. The range includes Nappy Savers, Disposable Nappies, Bouncer Baby Pants, Snuggi Pants and their own All Purpose Cotton Wool.

A new addition to the Golden Babe range is the disposable nappy liner designed to stop solids from staining the nappy. Made from a super-soft non-woven fabric, it is also said to protect baby's skin against the roughness of newlywashed nappies and helps prevent napkin rash. A special advantage claimed for the Golden Babe Nappy Savers is that the pack is designed to stand on the floor—making it easier for the mother to extract the liner from the pack while she changes baby on her lap.

The Golden Babe Disposable Nappy is the only "baby-shaped nappy on the market," say Lilia-White. A soft quilted cover holds the high absorbent filling in position giving maximum comfort with no bunching between the legs. The nappy is covered with a fine knitted net, to prevent

Continued on page 14



The Paddi family from Robinsons of Chesterfield



The comprehensive range of Lilia-White's Golden Babe products

# Continued from page 13

disintegration when wet and stops pieces of cellulose sticking to the baby's sensitive skin.

Golden Babe Snuggi Pants are designed to hold all regular and disposable nappies. The rounded ends of napkins tuck neatly into the two pockets inside the specially-designed, rose-scented Snuggi Pants, lanolised for softness with forward facing legs and side openings to allow air to circulate. Snuggi Pants are available in four gencrously-cut sizes, Small, Medium, Large and Extra Large.

Bouncer Baby Pants are available in three sizes: medium, large and extra large, for use over conventional terry nappies.

### Improved liner

Maximum protection, to reduce the danger of napkin rash, is claimed by Marathon for their shaped Dryliner. The re-styled liner provides a greater width of fabric at baby's back, including an overlap down each side.

This completely protects the skin from contact with any part of the outer terry napkin, say the makers. In standard and large sizes. (John Beales Ltd, Peveril Street, Nottingham.)

## Successful new look

By mid-summer, Maws will have completed the re-packaging project for all their nursery products. Already, with more than a dozen lines presented in the new corporate design, there are reports of the increased impact and eye-appeal of the range, say Maws.

The biggest growth product in the Maws Nursery range is Tufty Tails. The disposable napkin market in Britain is still small in comparison with other Western European countries, but the signs are that more and more mothers are taking to the idea of using disposable diapers from birth until potty training is complete. Maws believe that the special qualities of Tufty Tails, combined with positive marketing through chemist outlets, will enable them to increase their share of the growing market.

Another growth item is Simpla tablets. This way of sterilising baby's feeding equipment is becoming more widely-known. The easy method of dropping one Simpla Tablet into 4 pints of warm water has proved a boon, both at home, and while travelling, say Maws.

The company expect a further increase in sales of teats and feeders when their complete feeder range is re-packaged—scheduled for May/June. All Maws feeders are displaying both ounces and millilitres. The range includes Slimline and Simpla feeders in Pyrex, polythene and polycarbonate as well as Dinky feeders for small, vitamin-enriched drinks.

Among the lines already re-packaged and selling well is the Nappy Liner. These are available in packs of 25, 50 and 100. Another notable success has been Baby Bathcare, the first product to come from Maws Research and Development laboratory. Its use is said to eliminate the need for soaps or shampoos. (S. Maw Son & Son Ltd, New Barnet, Herts.)



# Going for size

Sales growth in the babycare market lies with the large size packs, say Johnson & Johnson Ltd, Slough, Bucks.

As further evidence of their support for this view they have recently introduced the 200 pack of nappy liners shown below.





# Using shop space

To help chemists come to terms with the perennial problem of display space, William Freeman & Co Ltd, Staincross, Barnsley, Yorks, draw attention to their Suba Seal baby feeding requisites stand.

This, they say, can be used to set up a compact baby care section, as it is designed to carry a representative product range in an area 4 ft high by 20 in square.

A product plan they suggest is based on teats on the top shelf of the display unit, with assorted 8 oz and 4 oz feeding bottles on the second shelf, soothers, teething trainers and mini-feeders on the third shelf and Suba Warma and Staywarm insulated feeding bottle containers on the bottom shelf.

Cot hot water bottles can be separately featured as a special promotion line between September and March.

Counter stands and carded lines will give the smaller shop an opportunity to develop this market if space is insufficient to take the floor stand.

Freeman's claim to offer the biggest range of baby feeding products available in Britain. This has been recently extended to include a feeding cup with spouted lid and drinking trainer with two lids, designed to assist baby in the period of changeover from bottle feeding to mixed feeding.

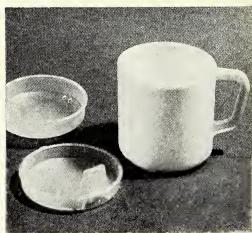
These new lines are made in primrose polypropylene, which can be sterilised by boiling or by any reliable method.

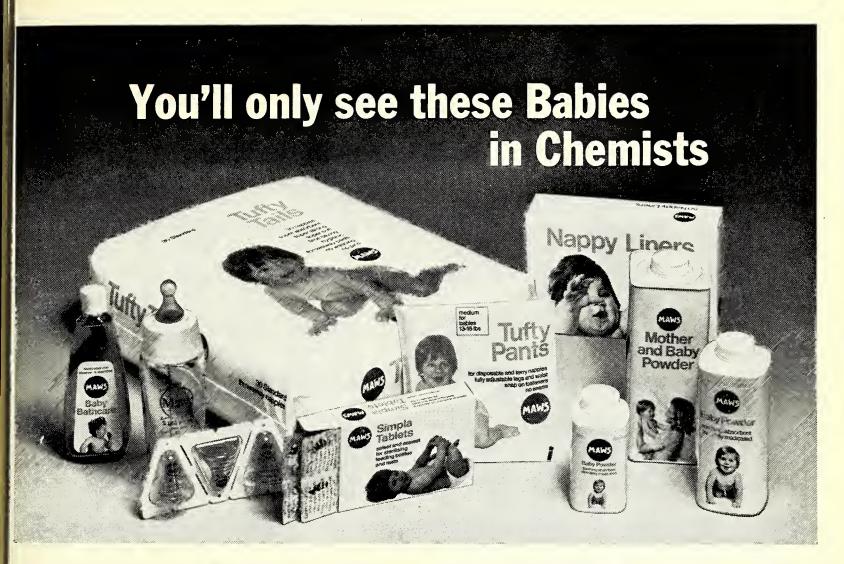
Another new addition to the range is the Suba Potty, a toilet trainer also in sterilisable polypropylene.

Continued on page 17



Above: the Suba Potty. Below: a new feeding cup—from William Freeman





# because they only appear on Maws packs

# 1. Maws Simpla Feeding Bottle and Teats

The original wide-necked bottle – the bottle that makes feeding baby easier. Food can be mixed *inside* the bottle; the cap converts for use as a funnel; the teat is easy to put on and take off; and for travel, just reverse the cap and store the teat inside!

#### 2. Maws Tufty Tails

Disposable nappies of Swedish design that combine maximum strength and absorbency with super-softness. No chafing, no fluff, no pins, and a new clever idea that makes them easiest of all to flush clean away.

# 3. Maws Tufty Pants

Designed for comfort, long life, and simplicity in use. Tufty Pants are made of super-soft extra pliable plastic, with long life plastic poppers which make the legs and waist fully adjustable, and no seams to retain moisture or chafe baby.

## 4. Maws Nappy Liners

Soft Fabric liners for towelling nappies. The gentle liner protects skin and nappy – and when it's used, just throw it away. Made specially for happier mothers and more comfortable babies.

# 5. Maws Simpla Tablets

The easy safe way to sterilise bottles and teats. No strong liquids to handle or measure, just a simple foil-wrapped tablet. Three weeks supply will fit in a handbag, so they're ideal for visiting and travel.

## 6. Maws Baby Powder

Made from the finest purest talc, it is soothing, super-soft, and extra absorbent. It is also mildly medicated and helps prevent chafing and irritation. Keeps baby cool and comfortable. Available in two sizes, and in the giant economy size — "Mother and Baby" — ideal for the whole family.

## 7. Maws Baby Bathcare

A medicated skin cleanser and shampoo specially formulated to be used in place of soap for baby's skin as well as a shampoo for baby's hair. It avoids eye-stinging and helps keep baby's skin soft and healthy. Specially packaged in an "easy-to-hold" non-breakable P.V.C. bottle.



# MAWS Safest and Best for Baby

S. Maw, Son & Sons Ltd., Aldersgate House, Cromer Road, New Barnet, Herts. Telephone: 01-449 5555



Just three fine items from the big range of 'Suba-Seal' baby care products.

When customers demand quality 'Suba-Seal' products are a natural choice.

Full colour, illustrated literature of the entire range is available on request from:
WILLIAM FREEMAN & COMPANY LIMITED SUBA-SEAL WORKS, STAINCROSS, BARNSLEY, YORKSHIRE, ENGLAND.

TEL: BARNSLEY 4081 PBX.



Calm and Contentment come quickly

with

# **FENNINGS**

COOLING POWDERS

Bring a smile to your youngest customer's face by keeping a stock of this safe analgesic for children. Specially formulated for the relief of fretfulness and mild feverish conditions during the teething period, they soothe baby discomforts quickly and naturally because they contain PARACETAMOL.

Available in 2 sizes containing 5 or 20 powders.

 Supplies of Fennings 'Every Mothers Book' for free distribution to your customers are available on request.

# Fennings PHARMACEUTICALS

HORSHAM · · · SUSSEX

Telephone: 0403 3427 \_



**ZOFLORA**—the Concentrated Floral Disinfectant in ten flower varieties...so concentrated that a 2 oz. bottle makes *four* pints of disinfectant, powerful enough to dispel the germs from baby's nappies.



BANSOR—the Oral Antiseptic that swiftly soothes and relieves baby's mouth of thrush, gum boils and ulcers. Gently smoothed on gums, is quickly effective even for adults.

VI-LAN—the Lanolin Cream that keeps mother's hands supple and smooth. Baby too can enjoy the soft caress of Vi-Lan's gentle care.

VI-LAN Lanolin Cream

THORNTON & ROSS LTD., LINTHWAITE, HUDDERSFIELD.

# Cuxson, Gerrard's trio

Cuxson, Gerrard & Co Ltd, Oldbury, Worcs, have been manufacturing specialised products for babies for many years under the brand name "Sanoid." These products are now being presented under the company's own name. The "CG" range includes:

Baby powder: This is made with sterilised talc, and includes hexachlorophene. The high anti-bacterial qualities of this help to combat the onset of one of the most common troubles with babies "napkin rash." Hexachlorophene also has deodorant properties, Cusson's point out.

The talc is of very fine and smooth texture, is highly absorbent and has a cooling and soothing effect. Additionally, the powder is daintily perfumed, and is supplied in modern re-styled containers with patent one-hand operated sprinkler caps. Recommended retail prices are: standard size 114 g (40z), £0·14, large size 270 g (9½0z) £0·25.

Baby cream: This also contains hexachlorophene. It is combined with a cream base which is easy to spread, prevents dryness and imparts a soft emolliency to the skin. The cream is also suitable for the treatment of another common problem with babies, "scurfy scalp."

This is said to be an excellent product for creating goodwill. Supplied in counter display outers containing 12 tubes. Recommended retail price, £0.20 a tube.



Baby pants: These are made from a super-soft plastic which is readily washable. The pants are very generously cut in four sizes: small, medium, large and extra large.

Each pair is packed in an attractive carton on which the size is clearly shown and the average weights of babies which the pants will fit. Recommended retail price is  $£0.12\frac{1}{2}$  a pair.

# Combating nappy rash

For combating napkin rash, Priory Laboratories Ltd, West Drayton, Middlesex, offer Morsep, a perfumed germicidal cream containing cetrimide and cod liver oil. A 40 g tube is priced to retail at £0·19.

Against cradle cap, they supply Cradocap, containing cetrimide and lanolin in a cream shampoo base. Tube of 18 g retails at £0:16.

# Support for Metanium

Point-of-sale backing for their chemistonly product Metanium is stressed by Bengué & Co Ltd, Alperton, Wembley, Middlesex. They are particularly proud of their showcards which feature the baby motif that appears on the Metanium range of ointment and powder.

The product is designed to combat nappy rash, and consists of a combination of titanium compounds in a siliconised base. Titanium has an amphoteric action by which it is capable of absorbing moisture from the skin and discharging it again when exposed to the atmosphere.

By this means the excessive moisture, inevitable when the skin is covered by a napkin, is controlled, and the contained silicone provides, in addition, an extra protection.

The Certificate of Purity and Quality issued by the Royal Institute of Public Health and Hygiene has been awarded to the product for many years.

The formula for Metanium ointment is: Titanium dioxide, 20 per cent; titanium peroxide, 5 per cent; titanium salicylate, 3 per cent; titanium tannate, 0·1 per cent; silicone-paraffin base to 100 per cent.

The formula for Metanium powder is: Titanium dioxide, 25 pcr cent; titanium peroxide, 5 per cent; titanium salicylate, 1 per cent; titanium tannate, 0.2 per cent; excipient to 100 pcr cent.

Continued on page 18



Display potential in the new Cuxson, Gerrard powder pack



Bengué are making a feature of their Metanium showcard

# TRADE (VERLOG) SURGICAL MARK SURGICAL ELASTIC HOSIERY

Registered Brands; VERLOSHEER, VERLOFABRIK, VERLONET
All qualities approved under N.H.S.
BELTS, TRUSSES, SUSPENSORY BANDAGES, ETC.
THOS. GLOVER & SON, LTD., CARLTON, NOTTINGHAM
Tel.: 248227/8 (2 lines) Grams: Verlog, Nottingham

# FULLY-FASHIONED BABY PANTS

Packed in eye-catching cellophane-pack or colourful display-box. Elastic or taped legs. White, pink, blue, yellow. Small, medium, large, extra-large. Samples and price-list. QUANTITY QUOTATIONS. (Mfr'd. by)

A. & H. HEYMAN - HORNDALE AVENUE

AYCLIFFE INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, Co. DURHAM

3307

Pickles "S.C.R." . . . . 14p a jar.
for CRADLECAP

Proven and effective.

SNUFFLEBABE . . . . 10p a jar. A vapour rub for the young at an economic price.

J. Pickles & Sons, Pickles House, Church Lane, Knaresborough, Yorks. Phone 4429

"If it's 'Pickles' it's got to be good."

#### Continued from page 17

The ointment is presented in 13 g tubes and 500 g jars; the powder in 25 g and 100 g sprinklers.

The company invite retailers to contact them direct, or ask their medical representatives for show material and details of promotions and bonus offers operating during the year.

#### Trio for the nursery

Three products made and marketed by Thornton & Ross Ltd, of Linthwaite Huddersfield, are concerned with the comfort and care of the baby. Two of them directly — Vi-Lan lanolin cream and Bansor oral antiseptic — while the third, Zoflora disinfectant, is said to be ideal for washing and rinsing nappies and has wide general application in matters of nursery and home hygiene.

Vi-lan lanolin cream has been specially formulated and blended to replace the natural fats in dry and chafed skin. Its high Lanolin content creates a barrier against chafing and irritation, and makes it particularly useful for use in cold, frosty weather. (£0·11 retail).

Bansor is designed to counteract minor infections and painful conditions of the mouth and throat. This gentle oral antiseptic can be smoothed on to baby's gums to ease the soreness of gum boils, mouth ulcers, thrush and a sore throat.

The product consists of a solution of of cetrimide, and is said to be non-irritant and non-toxic to raw surfaces in the dilution marketed.

It may be used as a general mouth antiseptic and can also be applied to soothers to keep free from infection (£0·11).

For hygiene, freshness and fragrance in the nursery Thornton & Ross supply Zoflora, the disinfectant in 10 flower fragrances. It can be used as a spray to reduce the danger of airborne infection; as a germicidal pre-wash soak; and as a fragrant final rinse (£0·14). Zoflora aerosol freshener retails at £0·19½.



#### Cannon addition

A new introduction to the Cannon range of baby products is the Babysafe polycarbonate feeding bottle complete with dormal cap.

The addition of the dormal cap, designed to keep the feeding teat dust-free before feeds, "enhances the clean sterile lines of the existing popular feeding bottle," say Cannon. (Cannon Rubber Manufacturers Ltd, Ashley Road, London, N 17.)

#### Placidex success

The 100 ml size of Placidex, introduced a year ago by E. C. De Witt & Co, Seymour Road, London, E 10, has proved an outstanding success, they report. The product, a paracetamol syrup, is recommended as a safe analgesic for children from three months upward. The 100 ml bottle retails at £0.25 and the 50 ml size at £0.25.

De Witt also produce Gum-eze, which they describe as "the modern answer to babies' teething troubles (£0·15), and Norash, a silicone-based preparation against napkin rash, which contains cetrimide and benzalkonium bromide (£0·20).

# Revised edition

Fennings Pharmaceuticals, Ashton-under-Lyne, Lancs, makers of Fennings Cooling Powders, have recently produced a completely revised edition of their well-known "Evcry Mother's Book."

Members of Freflo feeding bottle "family," which have enjoyed marked success in their recently re-styled presentation. They represent part of the range of Lewis Woolf Griptight Ltd, Selly Oak, Birmingham



## 50 years on the market

To celebrate their 50th birthday earlier this year, Sister Lauras Infant & Invalid Food Co Ltd. of Bishopbriggs, Scotland, made a presentation to every member of the staff.

Their original product—Sister Lauras Baby Food—was devised by the late Sister Laura M. Smith (who was closely associated with the company from 1920 and after her retirement from the Royal Hospital for Sick Children, Glasgow) and from then, as today, the baby food has been distributed only through chemists.

#### Steady sales

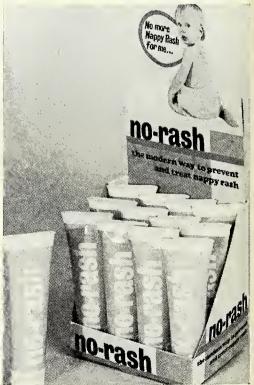
Continued success for their two specialised babycare products is reported by J. Pickles & Sons, Knaresborough, Yorks.

SCR, their cradlecap remedy, is priced to retail at £0.14 a jar, and Snufflebabe, a vapour rub for the very young, at £0.9 a jar.

The Cannon range of baby products: their new Babysafe bottle with dormal cap is in the middle row on the right



Counter dispenser for De Witt's No-rash



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